## चौथो वाषिक प्रतिवेदन



## जीवन विकास लंधुवित्त वितीय संर्था लि.

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 नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट "घ" वर्गको (राष्ट्रियस्तर) वित्तीय संस्थाको रूपमा इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त गरी २०७५ फागुन १६ गते देखि वित्तीय सेवा प्रदान गरिरहेको छ।
गरीबी रहित नेपाल निर्माणको मुल ध्येयका साथ यस वित्तीय संस्थाले विपन्न परिवारको जीवनस्तर उकास्नका लागि विभिन्न किसिमका सेवाहरू प्रदान गर्दे आइरहेको छ। आर्थिक असमानतालाई न्यूनिकरण गरी शहरी क्षेत्र तथा सम्पन्न परिवारको मात्र पहुँच रहेका अत्यावश्यक सेवा सुविधाहरूलाई ग्रामिण क्षेत्र तथा विपन्न परिवारलाई उपलब्ध गराउने अभिप्रायले यस वित्तीय संस्थाले वित्तीय, सामाजिक तथा डिजिटल सेवाहरू प्रदान गरिरहेको छ।
वित्तीय संस्थामा आवद्ध परिवारमा स्वरोजगारको सिर्जना गर्दे उद्यमशीलता विकासको माध्यमबाट देशमा रहेको बेरोजगारी समस्या न्युनिकरण गर्ने उद्देश्यका साथ स्वदेशमै रहेका तथा बैदेशिक रोजगारबाट फर्किएर आएका युवाहरूलाई लक्षित गरी उद्यमशीलता विकास गर्नमा वित्तीय संस्थाले जोड दिदैं आएको छ। ग्रामीण तथा विपन्न परिवारको वित्तीय साक्षरताको स्तर अभिबृद्धि दिर्दे उनीहरूको सर्वाड्ड़ण विकासको संवाहकका रूपमा वित्तीय संस्थाले आफ््ना क्रियाकलापहरू संचालन गरिरहेको छ।
नगद रहित बैंकिङ्ग सेवाको विकास एवं प्रवर्धनका लागि वित्तीय संस्थाले सदस्यहरूलाई नगद रहीत कारोवार गर्नका लागि उत्प्रेरित गर्दे ग्रामिण क्षेत्रमा सहज र सरल ढंगबाट डिजिटल सेवा प्रयोगको वातावरण सिर्जना गरिरहेको छ। सदस्य तथा समुदायको हितलाई मध्यनजर गरी समृद्ध समाज निर्माणमा टेवा पुग्ने किसिमका नविनतम सेवाहरूको पहिचान गरी समयसापेक्ष सेवा प्रदान गर्न वित्तीय संस्था प्रयासरत रहेको छ।
वित्तीय संस्थाले ग्राहक सदस्यको सीप तथा दक्षता विकासका लागि विभिन्न किसिमका उद्यमशीलता विकासका तालिम एवम् अध्ययन अवलोकन भ्रमणमा जोड दिदै आइरहेको छ। सदस्य तथा सदस्यको परिवारमा वित्तीय साक्षरता अभिवृद्धिका लागि जोड दिदै वित्तीय संस्थाले विभिन्न किसिमका अभियानहरू संचालन गरिरहेको छ। शैक्षिक रूपमा पीछडिएका समुदायमा नि:शुल्क बालबालिका अध्ययन केन्द्रको स्थापना गरी बालबालिकाको पठ्नपाठ्नमा जोड दिनुका साथै प्रत्येक शाखाले कम्तिमा ५ वटा विपन्न परिवारका बालबालिकाहरूलाई एक वर्षका लागि अध्ययन खर्च व्यहोर्ने व्यवस्था समेत गरेको छ।
विश्वमा बढ़्दै गईरहेको गरीवी, वेरोजगारी तथा जलवायु परिवर्तनका कारण मानव जीवनका संकटहरू बढीरहेका छन् । यसै सन्दर्भमा वित्तीय संस्थाले 3Zero (शुन्य गरीबी, शुन्य बेरोजगारी र शुन्य खुद कार्वन उत्सर्जन) को अवधारणालाई सार्थक रूप दिनका लागि विभिन्न अभियानहरू संचालन गरिरहेको छ। भावि पिढीका रूपमा रहेका वर्तमान युवाहरूलाई 3Zero Club को माध्यमबाट संगठित गरी 3Zero (शुन्य गरीबी, शुन्य वरोजगारी र शुन्य खुद कार्वन उत्सर्जन) तर्फ उन्मुख हुनका लागि अग्रसर बनाईरहेको छ।
अन्त्यमा यस वित्तिय संस्थामा आवद्ध भई अनुशासन, लगनशिलता र इमान्दारीपूर्वक निरन्तर रूपमा कारोवार गर्दे साथ र सहयोग प्रदान गर्ने सदस्य तथा परिवारजन प्रति हार्दिक कृतज्ञता ब्यक्त गर्न चाहन्छु । नियमनकारी निकाय, सरकारी/गेरसरकारी संस्था, सरोकारवाला निकाय, बैक तथा वित्तिय संस्थाका पदाधिकारी ज्यूहरू, शेयरधनी, संचालक समितिका पदाधिकारी, कर्मचारी तथा शुभ चिन्तक एवं आजसम्मको यात्रामा प्रत्यक्ष तथा अप्रत्यक्ष रूपमा साथ र सहयोग गर्नु हुने सम्पुर्ण महानुभावहरूमा हार्दिक आभार ब्यक्त गर्दे विगतमा भै यस संस्थालाई सफलताका साथ अगाडी वढाउन आगामी दिनमा पनि यहाँहरूको सल्लाह, सुभाव सहित साथ र सहयोगको अपेक्षा गर्दछु।

"Poverty free Nepal"


ध्येय
(Mission)

## Enhance quality life of poor

 people by increasing theiraccess to the
resources.


## INSTITUTIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

As on Ashadh 2079





# जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड चौथो वार्षिक साधारण सभा सम्बन्धी सूचना 

श्री संस्थापक शेयरधनी महानुभावहरू,
यस वित्तीय संस्थाको सञ्चालक समितिको मिति २०७९/१२/०९ गते बसेको ७४ औं बैठकको निर्णय अनुसार यस वित्तीय संस्थाको चौथो वार्षिक साधारण सभा निम्न लिखित मिति, समय र स्थानमा निम्न विषयहरू उपर छलफल तथा निर्णय गर्न बस्ने भएको हुँदा कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ को दफा ६७ बमोजिम सम्पुर्ण शेयरधनी महानुभावहरूको जानकारीका लागि यो सूचना प्रकाशित गरिएको छ।

सभा बस्ने किति, समय र स्थान :
मिति : २०७९/१२/३० गते बिहिबार (तदनुसार १३ अप्रिल, २०२३)
समय : बिहान 90.30 बजे ।
स्थान : वित्तीय संस्थाको केन्द्रिय कार्यालय, कटहरी - २, मोरङ़ ।

## छलफलका विषयहरू:

(क) सामान्य प्रस्ताव
(१) सञ्चालक समितिको तर्फबाट अध्यक्षज्यूले पेश गर्नुहुने आर्थिक बर्ष २०७८/०७९ को वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन उपर छलफल गरी पारित गर्ने ।
(२) लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन सहित आर्थिक वर्ष २०७८/o७९ को वासलात, नाफा नोक्सान हिसाब र नगद प्रवाह विवरण तथा सोसँग सम्बन्धित अनुसूचीहरू उपर छलफल गरी पारित गर्ने ।
(३) बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था सम्बन्धी ऐन, २०७३ को दफा ६३ तथा कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ को दफा १११ अनुसार आर्थिक वर्ष २०७९/०८० को लागि लेखापरीक्षक नियुक्त गर्ने र निजको पारिश्रमिक निर्धारण गर्ने । (वर्तमान लेखापरीक्षक पुनः नियुक्तिका लागि योग्य हुनुहुन्छ ।)
(४) सग्चालक समितिले सिफारिश गरे बमोजिम आर्थिक वर्ष २०७८/०७९ को वितरण योग्य मुनाफाबाट २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तमा कायम रहेको चुक्ता पूँजी रू. $9,0 ३, 8 २,<0,000 /-$ को 0.098 प्रतिशतले हुन आउने रू. ७३,८७,७१० (अक्षरेपी त्रिहत्तर लाख सतासी हजार सात सय दश रूपैया मात्र) नगद लाभांश (बोनस शेयरको कर प्रयोजनका लागि) वितरण गर्ने सम्बन्धी प्रस्ताव स्विकृत गर्ने ।

## (ख) विशेष प्रस्ताव

(१) सग्चालक समितिले सिफारिश गरे बमोजिम आर्थिक वर्ष २०७८/०७९ को वितरण योग्य मुनाफाबाट २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तमा कायम रहेको चुक्ता पूँजी रू. १,०३,४२,८०,०००/- को १४.२८५ प्रतिशतले हुन आउने रू. $१ ४, ७ ७, ५ ४, २ ० ०$ (अक्षरेपी चौध करोड सतहत्तर लाख चौवन्न हजार दुई सय रूपैया मात्र) बोनस शेयर वितरण गर्ने सम्बन्धी प्रस्ताव स्विकृत गर्ने ।
(२) बोनस शेयर जारी गरे पश्चात वित्तीय संस्थाको वित्तीय संस्थाको चुक्ता पूँजी वृद्धि हुने भएकाले सोही बमोजिम जारी तथा चुक्ता पूँजी गरी रू. १,१८,२०,३४,२००/- (अक्षेपी एक अर्ब अठारह करोड बीस लाख चौतीस हजार दुई सय रूपैया मात्र) पुन्याउने सम्बन्धी प्रस्ताव स्विकृत गर्ने ।
(३) बोनस शेयर जारी गरे पश्चात वित्तीय संस्थाको जारी तथा चुक्ता पूँजी वृद्धि हुने भएकाले सोही बमोजिम वित्तीय संस्थाको प्रवन्धपत्रको दफा ६(ख) र ६(ग) मा संशोधन गर्ने ।
(४) वित्तीय संस्थाको नियमावलीको नियम २९ (२) मा संशोधन गर्ने ।
(५) अध्यक्ष तथा सञ्चालकहरूको वैठक भत्ता तथा अन्य सुविधाहरू बृद्धि/थप गर्ने र सोही बमोजिम वित्तीय संस्थाको नियमावलीको सम्बन्धित दफा संशोधन गर्ने ।
(६) यस वित्तीय संस्थाले अन्य ईजाजतपत्रप्राप्त कुनै एक वा एक भन्दा बढी उपयुक्त लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरू एक आपसमा गाभ्ने गाभिने (Merger) वा प्राप्ति (Acquisition) गर्ने, समभदारी पत्र (Memorandum of Understanding) मा हस्ताक्षर गर्न, सम्पत्ति तथा दायित्वको मूल्याङ़न प्रतिवेदन (Due Diligence Audit

Report) तयार गर्न मूल्याङ़्नकर्ताको नियुक्ति तथा निजको पारिश्रमिक निर्धारण गर्ने तथा गाभ्ने/गाभिने एवम् प्राप्तिसंग सम्बन्धित प्रचलित कानून तथा निर्देशनहरू अनुरूप अपनाउनुपर्ने तथा गर्नुपर्ने सम्पूर्ण आवश्यक कार्यहरू गर्न गराउनका लागि सञ्चालक समितिलाई अख्तियारी प्रदान गर्ने ।
(७) वित्तीय संस्थाको प्रबन्धपत्र तथा नियमावलीमा गरिएको संशोधनका सम्बन्धमा नियमनकारी निकायबाट कुनै संशोधन वा फेरबदल वा परिमार्जन वा थपघट गर्न निर्देशन वा सुभाव भएमा सोही बमोजिम गर्न गराउन तथा अभिलेख गर्दा गराउँदा केही सामान्य हेरफेर गर्न संशोधन सम्बन्धी कागजात प्रमाणित गर्न, दाखिला गर्न र अभिलेख गराई लिन समेत वित्तीय संस्थाको सञ्चालक समिति वा समितिले तोकेको पदाधिकारीलाई अख्तियारी दिने ।
(ग) विविध

## सञ्चालक समितिको आज्ञाले कम्पनी सचिव

## साधारण सभा सम्बन्धमा अन्य थप जानकारी :

१. चौथो बार्षिक साधारण सभा प्रयोजनका लागि वित्तीय संस्थाको शेयर दाखिल खारेजीको कार्य मिति २०७९/१२/१७ गतेदेखि मिति २०७९/१२/३० गतेसम्म बन्द रहनेछ। नेपाल स्टक एक्सचेन्ज लिमिटेडमा मिति २०७९/१२/१६ गतेसम्म कारोबार भई प्रचलित कानून अनुसार तोकिएको समयावधि भित्रमा यस वित्तीय संस्थाको शेयर रजिष्ट्रार श्री एनएमबि क्यापिटल लिमिटेड, नागपोखरी, काठमाण्डौमा प्राप्त शेयर नामसारी लिखतको आधारमा शेयरधनी किताबमा कायम शेयरधनीहरूले सो सभामा भाग लिन तथा बोनस शेयर पाउन योग्य हुनेछन् ।
२. वार्षिक साधारण सभामा भाग लिन आउने शेयरधनी महानुभावहरूले आफ्नो हितग्राही परिचय नं. वा आफ्नो परिचय खुल्ने कुनै आधिकारिक परिचयपत्र साथमा लिएर आईदिनुहुन अनुरोध छ । संगठित संस्थाबाट प्रतिनिधित्व गर्ने भएमा संगठित संस्थाबाट प्रतिनिधि नियुक्त गरिएको आधिकारीक पत्र लिई आउनुपर्नेछ ।
३. चौथो वार्षिक साधारण सभाको प्रतिवेदन वित्तीय संस्थाको वेवसाईटमा राखिने छ र सो बाट प्राप्त गर्न तथा अध्ययन गर्न सकिनेछ । साथै वित्तीय संस्थाको शेयर रजिष्ट्रार श्री एनएमबि क्यापिटल लिमिटेड, नागपोखरी, काठमाण्डौबाट समेत प्राप्त गर्न सकिनेछ । कुनै कारणवस उपरोक्त प्रतिवेदन प्राप्त नगर्नुहुने शेयरधनी महानुभावहरूले सभा हुने दिन सभास्थलबाट समेत प्राप्त गर्न सक्नुहुनेछ ।
8. सभामा भाग लिने प्रत्येक शेयरधनी महानुभावहरूले सभा हुने स्थानमा रहेको उपस्थिति पुस्तिकामा दस्तखत गर्नुपर्नेछ । शेयरधनी उपस्थिति पुस्तिका सभा हुने दिन बिहान ९:०० बजेदेखि खुल्ला रहनेछ । साधारण सभामा भाग लिन आउने शेयरधनीहरूले साधारण सभा संग सम्बन्धित कागजात बाहेक कुनै भोला, पोका वा अन्य सामाग्री नलिई आउनु हुन अनुरोध गरिएको छ ।
५. नाबालक शेयरधनीहरूको तर्फबाट संरक्षक (शेयरधनीको दर्ता कितावमा उल्लेखित) ले सभामा भाग लिन, छलफल गर्न, प्रतिनिधि नियुक्ती गर्न र मत दिन समेत सक्नेछन ।
६. साधारण सभामा भाग लिनका लागि प्रतिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) नियुक्त गर्न चाहने शेयरधनीहरूले तोकिएको ढाँचामा यस वित्तीय संस्थाको शेयरधनीलाई मात्र प्रतिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) नियुक्त गर्न सक्नेछन् । यसरी प्रतिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) नियुक्त गरिएको निवेदन सभा शुरू हुने समय भन्दा कम्तिमा ४८ घण्टा अगावै वित्तीय संस्थाको केन्द्रिय कार्यालय कटहरी-२, मोरङ़मा दर्ता गराई सक्नुपर्नेछ ।
७. शेयरधनीहरूबाट उठेका प्रश्न, जिज्ञासा वा मन्तव्यहरूको सम्बन्धमा संचालक समितिको तर्फबाट अध्यक्ष वा निजबाट अनुमति प्राप्त व्यक्तिले दिन सक्नेछन् ।
८. कुनै शेयरधनी महानुभावहरूलाई वित्तीय संस्थाको सम्वन्धमा केही जिज्ञासा भए त्यस्तो व्यहोरा लिखित रूपमा सभा हुनुभन्दा कम्तिमा ७ (सात) दिन अगावै वित्तीय संस्थाको केन्द्रिय कार्यालयमा पठाउनुहुन अनुरोध गर्दछौं । तर यसलाई छलफल र पारित हुने प्रस्तावको रूपमा समावेश गरिनेछैन ।
९. चौथो वार्षिक साधारण सभा सम्बन्धमा अन्य थप जानकारी आवश्यक भएमा यस वित्तीय संस्थाको फोन नं. ९८०२७९६१९६ मा कार्यालय समय भित्र सम्पर्क गर्नुहुन अनुरोध छ ।

## प्रतिनिधि नियुक्त गर्ने निवेदन (प्रोक्सी) फारम

कम्पनि ऐन, २०६३ को दफा ৮१ को उपदफा (३) सँग सम्बन्धित
श्री सन्चालक समिति
जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड
कटहरी २, मोरंग।

## विषय : प्रतिनिधि नियुक्त गरेको बारे।

महोदय,
$\qquad$ जिल्ला. $\qquad$ न.पा. /गा.पा.वडा नं. $\qquad$ बस्ने म/हार्मी श्री $\qquad$
ले त्यस कम्पनीको शेयरधनीको हैसियतले संवत् २० $\qquad$ साल $\qquad$ महिना गते ...... ...वारका दिन हुने साधारण सभामा स्वयं उपस्थित भई छलफल तथा निर्णयमा सहभारी हुन नसक्ने भएकाले उत्त सभामा मेरो/हाम्रो तर्फबाट भाग लिन तथा मतदान गर्नका लागि $\qquad$ जिल्ला $\qquad$ न.पा./गा.पा. वडा नं .. .. बस्ने त्यस कम्पनीको शेयरधनी श्री $\qquad$ लाई मेरो प्रतिनिधि मनोनित गरी पठाएको छु/छौं।

प्रतिनिधि नियुक्तु भएको व्यक्तिको :-

## निवेदक

दस्तखतको नमूना :

नाम:
ठेगाना :
हितग्राही (BOID) नं.


मिति :

## दस्तखत

 नाम:ठेगाना :
हितग्राही (BOID) नं. :


मिति :
(नोट : यो निवेदन वार्षिक साधारण सभा हुनुभन्दा कम्तीमा ४Б घण्टा अगावे वित्तीय संस्थाको केन्द्रीय कार्यालय कटहरीमा पेश गरीसक्नु पर्नेछ। एकभन्दा बढ़ी (प्रोक्सी) को नाम उल्लेख गरेमा प्रतिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) फारम रद्द गरिनेछ।
-
जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड
चौथो वार्षिक साधारण सभामा उपस्थित हुन जारी गरिएको

## प्रवेश पत्र

शेयरधनीको नाम $\qquad$ हितग्राही (BOID) नं. $\square$ शेयरधनीको दस्तखत $\qquad$ कुल शेयर संख्या $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(द्रष्टव्य : शेयरधनी आफैले सम्पूर्ण खाली ठाँउहरु भर्नुहोला । सभा कक्षमा प्रवेश गर्न यो प्रवेश-पत्र अनिवार्य हुनेछ।)

# जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेडको <br> चौथो वार्षिक साधारण सभागा संचालक समितिको तर्फबाट अध्यक्षा उ्यूको प्रतिवेदन 

## आदरणीय शेयरधनी महानूभावहरू，

यस वित्तीय संस्थाले स्थापनाकालदेखि नै आफ्नो सेवा विस्तारका साथै वित्तीय प्रगतिका सूचकहरुमा अत्यन्तै राम्रो नतिजा प्रस्तुत गर्न सफल भएको छ। गुणस्तरीय वित्तीय सेवा प्रवाह तथा सामाजिक सेवाको क्षेत्रमा यस वित्तीय संस्थाले नेपालमा एक नमुना स्थापित गरेको छ। यी कार्यहरु निरन्तरता दिई राष्ट्रिय हीतलाई सर्वोपरी ठान्दै वित्तीय सेवाको गुणस्तरमा नियमित सुधार गरी सेवा विस्तार गर्न वित्तीय संस्था प्रतिवद्ध छ। गरिवी रहीत नेपाल निर्माणको परिकल्पनाका साथ स्थापित जीवन विकास समाज नामक गैरसरकारी संस्थाको नेतृत्व २०६९ श्रावन २६ गते स्थापित यस वित्तीय संस्थाले २०७४ फाल्गुन ३ गते नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको वित्तीय कारोवार गर्ने ईजाजतपत्र प्राप्त गरी २०७Ц फाल्गुन १६ गते देखि विधिवत रुपमा वित्तीय सेवा प्रदान गर्न शुभारम्भ गरेको हो। वित्तीय सस्थाले आ．व．२०७द／०७९ को अन्त्यसम्ममा २४ वटा जिल्लामा १५९ वटा शाखा कार्यालय मार्फत कुल ३，३९，४६२ विपन्न परिवारलाई सेवा प्रदान गरिरहेको छ। आ．व．२०७६／०७९ मा वित्तीय संस्थाले हासिल गरेका मुख्य उपलब्धीहरु देहाय बमोजिम प्रस्तुत गरिएको छ।

१）वित्तीय संस्थाको गत वर्षको कारोवारको सिंहावलोकन ：
विश्वव्यापी आर्थिक मन्दीका कारण अर्थ व्यवस्था नै जोखिममा रहेकाले आ．व．२०७६／७९ मा वित्तीय संस्थाको कार्य प्रणाली समेत चुनौतीपूर्ण रहयो । बैंकहरुमा देखिएको तरलताको समस्याका कारण वित्तीय संस्थाहरुले आवश्यकता अनुसार ॠण लगानी गर्न सकेन भने किस्ता असुलीमा समेत समस्या देखियो। बैंकहरुले बढाएको कर्जाको व्याजका कारण कोषको लागत बढ्न पुगेको छ। यस विषम परिस्थितिमा पनि संस्थाको संचालक समितिको निर्देशन र व्यवस्थापनको योजनाबद्ध कार्य सञ्चालन तथा सबै कर्मचारीहरुको अथक परिश्रमबाट चुनौतीहरुलाई अवसरका रुपमा परिणत गर्दै जोखिममा रहेका परिवारको तत्कालिन आवश्यकता पूर्ति गर्ने，स्थानीय सरकारहरुसँग सहकार्य गरैदै सामाजिक कार्यहरु अत्यन्त प्रभावकारी ढंगमा भएका छन् ।
आ．व．२०७६／७९ मा वित्तीय संस्थाले हासिल गरेका मुख्य उपलब्धीहरु निम्न बमोजिम रहेको छ।
रु．हजारमा

| विवरण | ०७६ असार | ०७७ असार | ०७६ असार | ०७९ असार | बृद्धि प्रतिशत |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| कार्यक्रम पुगेको जिल्ला |  |  | $9 ९$ | २૪ | २६．३२ |
| शाखा संख्या | ७ง | ७¢ | १३弓 | 9\％९ | १廿．२२ |
| कर्मचारी संख्या | у७० | цุง | ち३२ | ち९६ | ७．६९ |
| सदस्य संख्या | २१२，หуง | २१९，久૪९ | ३०૪६यด | ३३९૪६२ | 99．૪३ |
| कुल सम्पत्ति | १०，০१廿，४૪ぇ | ११，२ぬ३，9ちц | २१，弓૪२，४६९ | २૪，६१६，१४६ | १२．७० |
| कुल जेथा | ३६२，२१२ | ६९२，७७४ | ९९२，१०४ | १，३ॅц，ち२६ | ३९．६९ |
| चुक्ता पूँजी | १४०，००० | ३३७，ぬ०० | ६०亏४०० | १，०३૪，२弓० | ७．०० |
| कुल निक्षेप | ૪，弓१३，९૪९ | ц，६२३，१弓६ | दо९०४१९ | ९，४૪६，६९१ | 95.00 |
| कुल कर्जा तथा सापट | ९，२७०，६६७ | १०，३ॅ१，२૪० | १९९६२६६१ | २३，२२૪，७०९ | १६．३४ |
| ब्याज आम्दानी | ६१०，०१७ | १，७४০，०९२ | २，ห०२，९乡७ | ३，२ち२，७४७ | ३१．94 |
| ब्याज खर्च | २९९，૪そう | ム०૪，ちぃ७ | १，०९१，७૫६ | १，७○६，૦૪३ | ข६．२७ |
| खुद व्याज आम्दानी | ३१०，¢२९ | ९३४，२०ぬ | १，४११，२०१ | १，४७६，७०૪ | ११．७३ |
| कमिशन तथा अन्य सन्चालन आम्दानी | ४९，¢99 | १9९，$\boxed{99}$ | ૪२૪，२७૪ | ३१३，६९४ | （२६．०६） |


| कर्मचारी खर्च | १०९，૪२२ | ३३३，७ムぬ | と३७२૧७ | ц६९，२११ | \％．9६ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| अन्य संचालन खर्च | २१，६६७ | ६१，२弓७ | १०९，४२९ | १२७，७१७ | १६．७१ |
| सञ्चालन मुनाफा | २२弓，9\％9 | ૪ちら，o०૪ | ३९१६१६ | ৩০ぇ，৭७৩ | ちО．ちろ |
| खुद मुनाफा | २१૪，११७ | ३ぬ૪，२६२ | ६ちО，マขら | ७प१，99＞ | 9०．ぬ३ |
| प्रति सेयर आम्दानी（रु．） | १Цる | 90\％ | 990 | ७२．७ | （३३．९१） |
| निष्कृय कर्जा र कुल कर्जा अनपात | O．२2\％ | ०．३०\％ | ०．६१\％ | $0.95 \%$ | ६०．६६ |

## कुल सम्पत्ति

समीक्षा अवधिमा बैंकको कुल सम्पत्तिमा १२．७० प्रतिशतले बृद्धि भएको छ，यो रकमको आधारमा रु．२ अर्ब ७७ करोड ३७ लाखले बृद्धि हो। आर्थिक वर्ष २०७७／७६ को अन्त्यमा रु．२१ अर्ब ६४ करोड २४ लाख रहेको कुल सम्पत्ति，२०७९ असार मसान्तमा रु． २४ अर्ब ६१ करोड ६१ लाख पुगेको छ।



## पूँजी तथा जगेडा कोष

आ．व．२०७ム／०७९ मा खुद नाफा，नाफा नोक्सान हिसाब बाँडफाँड तथा नियमनकारी समायोजन पश्चात् बैंकको जगेडा
 गरी २०७९ असार मसान्तसम्ममा बैंकको चुक्ता पूँजी रु．६० करोड ऽ४ लाखबाट वृद्धि भई रु． 9 अर्ब ३ करोड ४२ लाख द० हजार पुगेको छ।

## निक्षेप संकलन

२०७९ असार मसान्तमा बित्तीय संस्थाको कूल निक्षेप रु．९ अर्ब पू૪ करोड ६७ लाख पुगेको छ। संस्थाले समीक्षा अवधिमा रु．१ अर्ब ४४ करोड ६३ लाखले निक्षेप बृद्धि गरेको छ，यो १६ प्रतिशतले बृद्धि हो ।



## कर्जा परिचालन

२०७९ असार मसान्तसम्ममा वित्तीय संस्थाको कर्जा तथा सापट रु．२३ अर्ब २२ करोड ४७ लाख पुगेको छ। वित्तीय संस्थाले समीक्षा अवधिमा रु．३ अर्ब २६ करोड २० लाख कर्जा बृद्धि गरेको छ। कर्जा बृद्धिको प्रतिशत १६．३४ हुन आउँदछ।

यसरी बृद्धि भएको कर्जाको अधिकाँश भाग व्यवसाय बृद्धि तथा नयाँ व्यवसाय शुरुवात गर्नका लागि तथा आवास र

तत्कालीन आवश्यकता परिपुर्ति गर्नका लागि रहेका छन्। २०७९ असार मसान्त सम्मको कर्जाको मिश्रण यस प्रकार रहेको छ।



## ब्याज आक्दानी

समीक्षा अवधिमा वित्तीय संस्थाको ब्याज आम्दानी ३१．१४ प्रतिशतले बृद्धि भई रु．३ अर्ब २弓 करोड २७ लाख पुगेको छ।

## ब्याज खर्च

आ．व．२०७弓／०७९ मा वित्तीय संस्थाको कुल ब्याज खर्च ц६．२७ प्रतिशतले वृद्धि भई रु．१ अर्ब ७० करोड ६० लाख पुगेको छ।



अन्य संचालन खर्च
वित्तीय संस्थाको अन्य संचालन खर्च（द्रास तथा अपलेखन खर्च सहित）१६．७१ प्रतिशतले बृद्धि भई रु．१२ करोड ७७ लाख पुगेको छ जुन अघिल्लो वर्ष रु．११ करोड १४ लाख रहेको थियो।

## खुद मुनाफा

२०७९ असार मसान्तसम्ममा वित्तीय संस्थाको खुद मुनाफा १०．乡३ प्रतिशतले बृद्धि भई रु．ज乡 करोड १९ लाख पुगेको छ। जुन २०७६ असार मसान्तमा रु．६७ करोड $y^{4}$ लाख रहेको थियो।


## निष्कृय कर्जा

वित्तीय संस्थाले कर्जा असुलीमा विशेष ध्यान दिएको छ। २०७९ असार मसान्तसम्ममा यस वित्तीय संस्थाको निष्कृय कर्जा $० . ९ ६$ प्रतिशत रहेको छ। अघिल्लो वर्ष यो ०．६१ प्रतिशत मात्र थियो। बजारमा देखिएको आर्थिक मन्दीको प्रभावका कारण यो बढ्न गएको हो।


2）आर्थिक वर्ष $20 ७ \tau / ७ \longleftarrow$ अवधिमा राखिएको लक्ष्य र त्यसमा अएको प्रगति ：
आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६／७९ को अन्त्य सम्ममा कुल ३६७૪У弓 जना सदस्य पुन्याउने लक्ष्य राखिएकोमा कुल ३३९४६२ जना सदस्य पुगेको छ। लगानीमा रहिरहेको ॠण रु．३० अर्ब १ करोड पुच्याउने लक्ष्य राखिएकोमा आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६／७९ मा रु．२३ अर्ब २२ करोड पुगेको छ। निक्षेप तर्फ कुल रु．१० अर्ब ६४ करोड पुन्याउने लक्ष्य राखिएकोमा कुल निक्षेप रु．९ अर्ब पू้ करोड पुगेको छ।

३）आर्थिक वर्ष श्७५／0モ0 ना राखिएको अनुमानित लक्ष्य ：
चालु आ．ब．२०७९／०६० मा कुल २४ जिल्लामा कार्यकम संचालन गरिरहेकोमा थप १२ वटा जिल्लामा कार्यकम विस्तार गरी कुल ३६ जिल्लामा कार्यकम संचालन गर्ने योजना रहेको छ। हाल १६ वटा जिल्ला कार्यालयहरु （क्लस्टर）मार्फत शाखाहरुको अनुगमन भईरहेकोमा $y$ वटा जिल्ला कार्यालय थप गरी २३ वटा जिल्ला कार्यालयबाट अनुगमन गरिने ब्यवस्था गरिने छ। साथै चालु आ．ब．२०७९／६० मा १ वटा प्रदेश कार्यालय थप गरी ३ वटा प्रदेश कार्यालयहरुबाट अनुगमनको व्यवस्था गरिने छ। कार्यक्रम विस्तारका कममा चालु आ．ब．२०७९／६० मा ३६ वटा शाखा थप गरी कुल १९५ वटा शाखा कार्यालय मार्फत थप ७३२४० सदस्य र ६६४७४ ॠणी बृद्धि गर्ने योजना रहेको छ। चालु आ．ब．मा लगानीमा रहिरहेको ॠण रकममा रु．९ अर्ब ३ करोड वृद्धि गरी ३२ अर्ब प४ करोड पुन्याउने योजना रहेको छ। त्यस्तै ३ अर्ब ६ू करोड बचत वृद्धि गरी १३ अर्ब १९ करोड पुन्याउने लक्ष्य रहेको छ। चालु आ．ब．२०७९／०६० को अन्त्य सम्ममा कुल संचालन मुनाफा $\succ$ अर्ब ७९ करोड र खुद मुनाफा ७७ करोड $\psi$ लाख पुन्याउने लक्ष्य राखिएको छ।

## 8）वित्तीय संस्थाको शाखा विस्तार

आ．व．२०७६／०७९ मा १५९ वटा शाखा मार्फत सेवा प्रदान गरेकोमा चालु आ．व．२०७९／०६० को अन्त्य सम्ममा ३६ वटा शाखा थप गरि १९乡 वटा शाखा पुयाउने लक्ष्य रहेको छ। आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६／०७९ मा सकृय अधिकृत टेलर सदस्य（ATM）ち४३ जना रहेको छ भने आ．व．२०७९／०६० मा १०७ जना थप गरी ९५० जना पुन्याउने लक्ष्य राखिएको छ।＂एक टोल एक एटिएम＂अभियान संचालन गरि टोलटोलमा डिजिटल वित्तीय कारोवार संचालन गरिएको छ। वित्तीय संस्थाले कार्यक्रम विस्तार गर्दा लघुवित्त सेवाबाट बन्चित घरपरिवारलाई समेट्ने उद्देश्य अनुरुप दुर्गम पहाडी क्षेत्र तथा भारतको सिमानासंग जोडिएका अति पिछडिएका क्षेत्रलाई प्राथमिकतामा राखि शाखा कार्यालयहरु खोल्ने योजना रहेको छ। त्यस्तै सदस्यहरुलाई आफ्नै गाउँघर，टोल，छिमेकमा वित्तीय कारोवार गर्न डिजिटल सेवा लगायत मोबाईल बैंकि़्रको समेत व्यवस्था गरिएको छ। सदस्यहरुले गाउँघर टोल छिमेकमा नै ATM मार्फत वचत राख्ने तथा भिक्ने व्यवस्था गरेको छ। साथै ATM मार्फत खातामा अग्रिम वचत जम्मा हुने भएकोले नगद रहित केन्द्र बैठक संचालन गर्न सहज भएको छ र यसले सदस्यहरुको समयको सदुपयोग भएको छ भने ATM लगायत सम्पूर्ण सदस्यहरु मार्फत मर्चेन्ट सेवाहरु पनि संचालन गरेको छ।

घ）कर्नचारी，सदस्य तालिम तथा वृति विकास ：


यस वित्तीय संस्थामा कार्यरत कर्मचारी एवं यसमा आवद्ध सदस्यहरु नै वित्तीय संस्थाका आधार स्तम्भ भएकोले कर्मचारी एवं सदस्यहरुलाई आवश्यकता अनुसार विभिन्न किसिमका क्षमता अभिवृद्धि तथा सिप विकास तालिमहरु उपलव्ध गराउँदै आएको छ। आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६／७९ मा तपसील अनुसार कर्मचारी तथा सदस्यहरुलाई आन्तरिक तथा बात्ट्य तालिम，गोष्ठी तथा सम्मेलनहरुमा सहभागी गराईएको छ।

| क．सं． | विवरण | कार्यक <br> संख्या | सहभागी संख्या | कैफियत |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | कर्मचारीहरुको तालिम तथा गोष्ठी | ち६ | ३り৩१ | कर्मचारीहरु दोहोरिएको |
| क | आन्तरिक | ६૪ | ३り३り |  |
| ख | बाह्य | २२ | ३६ |  |
| 2 | कर्मचारीहरुको अध्ययन भ्रमण | $\gamma$ | ३९ |  |
| क | राष्ट्रिय | 2 | ३६ |  |
| ख | अन्तर्राष्ट्रिय | 2 | ३ |  |
| ३ | सदस्यको अन्तरक्रिया，तालिम，गोष्ठी तथा भ्रमण | १०२ | 92ちめ |  |
| क | अन्तरक्रिया | 92 | y9\％ |  |
| ख | सिप विकास तालिम | २२ | ७६३ |  |
| ग | अध्ययन भ्रमण | ३૪ | ११૪৩ |  |
| घ | केन्द्र प्रमूख गोष्ठी तथा वित्तीय साक्षरता | ३૪ | ६ち६० |  |

६）प्रविधि विकास ：
यस वित्तीय संस्थामा＂Finlite＂Web based Online Software बाट तथ्यांक केन्द्रीकृत गर्नका साथै दैनिक कारोवार को अभिलेख चुस्त दुरुस्त राखि अनुगमन प्रणालीलाई प्रभावकारी बनाईएको छ। शत्र्रतिशत कर्मचारीहरुले Android मोबाईल मार्फत् डिजिटल कारोबार संचालन गरिरहेको छ। हाल सदस्यहरुको किस्ता असुली，PPI＋ फर्म भर्ने，ॠण विश्लेषण，सदुपयोगिता जांच आदि कार्यहरु मोबाईल मार्फत नै गर्ने गरेको छ। जसले गर्दा कागजी कामको भन्भटिलो प्रक्रियालाई केही हदसम्म विस्थापित गरेको छ र समयको पनि वचत भएको छ साथै यसले कर्मचारीहरुको उत्पादकत्वमा समेत वृद्धि भएको छ।
सदस्यहरुलाई नगद रहित कारोवारमा अभ्यस्त गराउन तथा मोबाईल बैंकिड़्न कारोवार संचालन गर्न Jeevan Bikas： नामक मोबाईल एप्लिकेसन प्रदान गरिएको छ। Jeevan Bikas Application को प्रयोग गरी सदस्यहरुले घरमै बसेर आफ्नो ॠण तथा वचतसंग सम्बन्धित कारोवारहरुका बारेमा जानकारी प्राप्त गर्नका साथै मोबाईल，टिभी， ईन्टरनेट，विद्युत तथा खानेपानीको बिल भूक्तानी गर्न एवं QR कोड स्क्यान मार्फत अन्य जुनसुकै बैंक तथा वित्तीय

संस्थाहरुमा रकम पठाउन तथा मर्चेन्टको भूक्तानी गर्न सक्नेछन् । अन्य बैंकबाट रकम आफ्नो खातामा ट्रान्सफर गर्न र आफ्नो खाताको रकम अन्य बैंकमा समेत हस्तान्तरण गर्न सकिने व्यवस्था गरिएको छ। यो एप्स् मार्फत ग्राहक सदस्यहरुसंग सम्बन्धित विविध विषयहरुको जानकारी तथा महत्वपूर्ण सुचनाहरु समेत प्रदान गर्ने गरिएको छ।
यसै गरी eSewa तथा Khalti संगको सहकार्यमा अन्य बैंकबाट यस संस्थामा रहेको बचत खातामा र यस संस्थामा रहेको बचत खाताबाट अन्य बैंकमा समेत रकम हस्तान्तरण गर्न，किस्ता तिर्न तथा वचत जम्मा गर्नका साथै FonePay समेतको कारोवार गर्न मिल्ने व्यवस्था गरिएको छ। मानव संशाधन ब्यवस्थापनसँग सम्बन्धित कार्यहरुलाई चुस्त र अद्यावधिक बनाउनका लागि HR Software，सम्पत्ति व्यवस्थापनका लागि Fixed Asset Management Software र अन्य Inventory को मौज्दात अवस्थाको जानकारीको लागि Inventory software समेत FinLite Software मा समाहित गरी प्रयोगमा ल्याईएको छ।
（७）रेमिटान्स（विप्रेषण）सेवा ：
वित्तीय संस्थाले देश विदेशबाट रेमिटान्स मार्फत आएको रकमलाई विभिन्न शाखाहरु मार्फत् रकम पठाउने र भुक्तानी दिने व्यवस्था गरेको छ। छिटो छरितो रुपमा समयमा नै रेमिटान्स सेवा भूक्तानीको लागि वित्तीय संस्थाको केन्द्रीय कार्यालयमा काउण्टर संचालन गरिएको छ भने केही शाखाहरुमा रिसेप्सनिष्टको व्यवस्था गरी सहज रुपमा सदस्यहरुलाई सेवा दिने कार्य भईरहेको छ। हालसम्म १३ वटा रेमिटान्स कम्पनीहरु मार्फत सेवा दिने काम भररहेको छ।
（モ）चूक्ता पूँजीमा वृद्बि ：
यस वित्तीय संस्थाको अधिकृत पूँजी रु．१ अर्ब रहेकोमा आ．व．२०७६／७९ मा वृद्धि गरि रु．२ अर्ब पुगेको छ भने जारी तथा चुक्ता पूँजी रु．६० करोड $\varsigma ४$ लाख बाट वृद्धि भई १ अर्ब ३ करोड ४२ लाख ६० हजार पुगेको छ।
（ヒ）राजश्वमा योगदान ：
चालु आ．व．२०७६／७९ मा यस वित्तीय संस्थाले नेपाल सरकारलाई संस्थागत आयकर वापत रु．३้ करोड ९३ लाख $१ ९$ हजार २ सय द२ रुपैया，निक्षेपकर्ताहरुको व्याजकर वापत रु．२ करोड $\curvearrowleft ३ ~ ल ा ख ~ ४ १ ~ ह ज ा र ~ 弓 ~ स य ~ ९ ६ ~ र ु प ै य ा ~$ ४७ पैसा，कर्मचारीहरुको पारिश्रमिक आयकर वापत रु．२ करोड ९० लाख ९० हजार ४ सय ६४ रुपैया ३९ पैसा तथा अन्य विभिन्न श्रोतमा करकट्टी वापत जम्मा रु． 9 करोड ६ लाख ४७ हजार ६ सय पूँ रुपैया ६३ पैसा गरि कूल रु．४२ करोड ७६ लाख २३ हजार ६ सय ६ र रुपैया ९४ पैसा राजश्वमा योगदान गरेको छ।
（१०）ग्राहक संरक्षण नीति एवं अन्य महत्वपूर्ण गतिविधि：
（क）ग्राहक संरक्षण कोष ：आफ्ना सदस्य／ग्राहकहरुको हित तथा संर क्षणका लागि अलग्गै ग्राहक संरक्षण कोष（Client Protection Fund） स्थापना गरि सो सम्बन्धी छुट्टै ग्राहक संरक्षण कोष संचालन कार्यविधि तयार गरि विभिन्न किसिमका सुविधाहरु उपलब्ध गराउँदै आएको छ। यस आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६／७९ मा ग्राहक संरक्षण कोष अन्तर्गत उपलब्ध गराईएको सुविधा एवं रकमको विवरण निम्न अनुसार रहेको छ।


| ऋ．सं． | खर्चका शीर्षकहरु | रकम |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | सदस्यहरुको अध्ययन भ्रमण（उद्यमशिलता वित्तीय साक्षरता） | १，३९૪，૪६७．०० |
| 2 | केन्द्र प्रमुख गोष्ठी，अन्तरक्रिया तथा वित्तीय साक्षरता | ᄃ，૪७૪，पू૪६．૧৩ |
| ३ | सदस्यहरुलाई क्षमता अभिवृद्धि तालिम | ७११，२२३．०० |
| $\gamma$ | सदस्यका छोराछोरीहरुलाई छात्रवृत्ति | रू，9ちц．00 |
| $y$ | केन्द्र तथा सदस्यहरुलाई पुरुस्कार तथा प्रोत्साहन | ३०७，ち९२．०० |
| ६ | राहत भूक्तानी（सदस्य तथा सदस्यको श्रीमानको मृत्यु，सुत्केरी，अप्रेशन，सर्पदंश आदि） | ६，९ฯ૪，О०૪．०० |
| $\checkmark$ | प्रकोपमा परेको सदस्यहरुलाई राहत | ४२३，幺ちО．०० |
| $\zeta$ | कोभिड $9 ९$ खर्च | ૪，६२२，990．00 |
| 9 | घातक रोगहरु（जस्तै क्यान्सर） | २૪९，९३ぬ．ОО |
| 90 | सदस्यहरुको वीमा खर्च | १，२१७，३ぬ९．७१ |
|  | जम्मा | २४，३弓२，२०१．弓弓 |

（ख）कर्जा तथा काजक्रिया बीमा ：व्यक्तिको मृत्यु निश्चत छ，मृत्यु जुनसुकै बेला जहाँ पनि हुन सक्दछ，र मृत्युको क्षतिपुर्ति गर्न असम्भव नै हुन्छ तर अभिभावकको मृत्युले गर्दा परिवारमा परेको तत्कालिन आर्थिक भार कम गर्न तथा काजक्रिया खर्चमा समेत सहयोग होस् भन्ने उद्देश्य राखी वित्तीय संस्थाले ॠण र काजक्रिया बीमाको व्यवस्था गरेको छ। सदस्य तथा तिनका श्रीमान्／श्रीमतीको मृत्यु
 भएमा निजको नाममा रहेको बाँकी ऋण मिनाहा गर्ने लगायत काजक्रिया गर्न समेत रकम प्रदान गर्न वीमा कम्पनीसंग सहकार्य गरी अति न्युन शुल्क राखी यो बीमा गरिएको छ। यो बीमा अन्तर्गत सदस्यहरुलाई आ．व．२०७६／७९ मा तपसील अनुसारको सुविधा प्रदान गरिएको छ।

| बीमाको किसिम | सुविधा पाएको रकम |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | २০७७／७ち | २०७ら／७९ |
| कर्जा तथा काजक्रिया वीमा | १३，৩६，४७，цち૪．弓१ | २०，७९，०ち，६०६ |

（ग）जीवन बीमा ：भविष्यमा हुन सक्ने जोखिम न्यूनिकरणका साथै बचत गर्ने वानीको विकास गरी सदस्य तथा परिवारलाई आर्थिक सहयोग पुगोस् भन्ने अभिप्रायले वित्तीय संस्थाले बीमा कम्पनीको सहकार्यमा सदस्य तथा सदस्यको परिवारको जीवन बीमा गरेको छ। वीमाले अनिवार्य बचत
 गर्ने बानी बसाई परिवारको जोखिम समेत कम गरेको छ। बचतको आवश्यकता तथा जोखिम विपन्नमा नै बढी हुने तथा वीमाको पहुँच विपन्नमा नभएको हुनाले वीमाको पहुँचलाई ग्रामीण विपन्न परिवारसम्म पुय्याउन आवश्यक ठानी यो लागु गरिएको छ। आ．व．२०७६／७९ सम्म तपसील अनुसारको सदस्य तथा अभिभावकको वीमा गरिएको तथा घट्ना भएका सदस्यहरुलाई क्षतिपूर्ति प्रदान गरिएको छ। हाललाई नयाँ जीवन वीमा गर्न बन्द गरिएको छ।

| विवरण | आ．व．०७७／०७द | आ．व．०७६／०७९ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| सक्रिय वीमित संख्या | ७७，У९३ सम्म | ७६，३४९ सम्म |
| मृत्यु दाबी भूक्तानी संख्या | ३९ जना | Б३ जना |
| दाबी भूक्तानी रकम रु． | २弓，૪૫，६९૪ | पू้，$¢ ६, प$ ¢९६ |

（घ）पशु बीमा ：आकस्मिक दुर्घटनाबाट पर्न गएको आर्थिक भारलाई कम गर्न सदस्यहरुले खरीद गरेको पशुहरुको बीमा अनिवार्य गरिएको छ। ऋण लगानीको 9 प्रतिशत मात्र बीमा शुल्कबाट ९० प्रतिशत सम्म क्षतिपूर्ति पाउने भएकोले सदस्यहरुलाई ठुलो आर्थिक भारबाट जोगाउने गरेको छ। साथै पशु वीमासंगै थप रु． 900 मात्र लिएर रु．२ लाखको सदस्यहरुको दुर्घटना वीमा समेत गरिएको छ जसले गर्दा सदस्यहरुलाई थप राहत मिलेको अनुभव भएको छ। आ．व．२०७६／७९ मा तपसील अनुसारको पशु वीमा क्षतिपूर्ति प्रदान गरिएको छ।

| विवरण | ○७७／७ち | ○७ら／७९ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| वीमा गरिएको पशु संख्या | ३११० | १ち१३ |
| क्षतिपूर्ति प्रदान गरेको पशु संख्या | ३ | ૪ぁ |
| क्षतिपूर्ति प्रदान गरेको रकम रु． | १९，००，२६० | ३२，૪૪，久०० |

（ङ）लघुवित्त सेवाको साथसाथै यस वित्तीय संस्थाका सामाजिक अभियानहरू：－
यस वित्तीय संस्थाले लघुवित्त कार्यक्रमको साथसाथै बालबच्चा，किशोरी，सुकुम्बासी，अति विपन्न समुदाय，लगायत देशलाई नै विभिन्न क्षेत्रमा सहयोग पुग्ने किसिमका विभिन्न १३ किसिमका अभियानहरु संचालन गरैदे आएको छ। वित्तीय संस्थाले यी अभियानहरु मार्फत स्वास्थ्य，शिक्षा，सभ्य समाज निर्माण तथा गरिबीको रेखामुनि रहेका परिवारहरूलाई माथि उकास्ने，सुकुम्वासीलाई जग्गाधनी बनाउने र सुरक्षित घरमा बास गर्ने वातावरण बनाउन सफल भएको छ। ती अभियानहरु तल उल्लेख गरिएका छन्：





## (y) सुरक्षित आवास:

लघुवित्त कार्यकमले विपन्नहरुलाई संगठित गरी आर्थिक कारोवारमा सहभागी गराई वित्तीय साक्षरता लगायत शिक्षा, स्वास्थ्य र आर्थिक विकासमा टेवा पुच्याएको भए तापनि दिगो तथा प्रभावकारी आर्थिक विकास हुन नसकिरहेको अवस्थालाई मध्यनजर गर्दै सुरक्षित आवासको अवधारणा ल्याइएको हो। कच्ची तथा फुस (परालको छाना र माटोको जोडाई भएको) को घरमा बसोबास गर्ने गरीब तथा विपन्न परिवारले वर्षेनी घर निर्माण तथा मर्मतमा आफनो वचत भन्दा बढी खर्च गर्ने गरेको छ। कच्ची तथा फुसको घर बर्षात्को मौसममा लगातारको हुरीबतास, बाढी, पहिरो तथा सुख्वायामको आगलागीमा परी पूर्ण वा आंशिक रुपले क्षति हुने गरेको अवस्था देखिएको छ। जसले गर्दा असुरक्षित घरमा बसोबास गर्न बाध्य हुनु परेको छ र अर्को वर्ष पुन: ऋ लिए लिएपनि घर निर्माण तथा मर्मत गर्नुपर्ने बाध्यता भएकोले राम्रो आम्दानी गरी सम्पति जोड्ने विषयमा सोच्न समेत नसकिरहेको हुनाले यस वित्तीय संस्थाले सुरक्षित आवासको लागि विभिन्न सरोकारवाला निकाय, NGO, INGO तथा क्लबहरुसँग सहकार्य गरी सुरक्षित आवास निर्माणमा सहयोग गर्ने गरेको छ। संस्थाले विभिन्न सरोकारवाला निकायसंगको सहकार्यमा निम्नानुसारका आवास निर्माण सम्पन्न तथा निर्माणमा सहयोग गरेका छन :

| नमुना बस्ती संख्या | पूर्ण घर निर्मा | निमणधिन | आवाष निमाणमा सहयोग |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | १३७ | 9૪\% | १ูู२ |

साथै संस्थाले आफ्ना सदस्यहरुको आवास निर्माणको लागि ॠणको समेत व्यवस्था गरेको छ जुन आ. व. २०७६ / ०७९ सम्म कुल लगानीमा रहिरहेको ऋणको १४. ६६ प्रतिशत रहेको छ।


## (६) घर आँगन तरकारी खेती:

वित्तीय संस्थाका कर्मचारीहरुले थोरै ठाउंमा पनि आफ्नै घरमा फलाएको विषादी रहित ताजा तरकारी खान र फलफलको बिरुवाहरु लगाउन तथा प्रयोग गर्न प्रोत्साहन गर्ने गरेको छ। यसले विपन्न गरीब परिवारलाई कम लागत र थोरै ठाउँमा पनि तरकारी तथा फलफल फलाई प्रयोग गर्न प्रेरणा मिलेको छ। यसले एकातिर सदस्यहरुको आार्थिक अवस्थामा टेवा पुग्याएको छ, भने अर्को तिर स्वस्थ रहन पनि सहयोग गरेको छ। आ. व.२०७६/०७९ सम्म १,०६,०४६ जना सदस्यलाई तरकारीको बिउ उपलब्ध गराइ सहयोग गरेको छ।


## (v) जसको कोही छैन उसको जीवन विकासः

यस कार्यकमले समाजमा आफ्नावाट अपहेलीत भएका तथा आफ्नो कोही नभएर सहारा विहिन हुन पुगेका अति विपन्न असहाय, वृद्ध, अपाड्ग, एकल महिला/पुरुष तथा स-साना वालवालिकाहरुलाई यस अभियानले सहयोग गर्ने गरेको छ। समुदायमा सहारा विहिन भएर दु:खद जीवन विताईरहेका (सदस्य वा गैर सदस्य) विपन्न परिवारको आवश्यकता लक्षित गरि उनीहरुको आवश्यकता अनुरुप सहयोग प्रदान गर्दछ। स्थानीय निकाय, NGO, INGO, क्लब तथा अन्य सरोकारवाला निकायहरुसँगको सहकार्यमा पूर्ण घर (घर, चर्पी, स्वच्छ पिउने पानी, धुवाँ रहित चलो तथा वत्ती), स्वास्थ्य, शिक्षा लगायत आवश्यक क्षेत्रमा सहयोग गरेको छ। यसले समाजमा सहयोगी भावनाको विकास गरेको छ भने बेसहरा, विपन्न तथा असहाय परिवारको मनोवल वृद्धि भएको पाईएको छ। साथै $१$ जना कर्मचारीले $१$ जना अति विपन्न परिवार जिम्मा लिने (Adopt) र सो परिवारको जीवनस्तरमा सुधार ल्याउन निरन्तर प्रयास गर्ने गरेको छ। यस अभियानबाट हालसम्म १थ१ जना परिवार लाभान्वित भएका छन्। अभियान अन्तर्गत प्रदान गरिएको सहयोगको विवरण निम्नानुसार रहेको छ।

| आर्थिक वर्ष | जिम्मा <br> लिएको | पूर्ण घर <br> निर्माण | औषधि | खानार | लत्ता कपडा | घर निर्माणमा |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | | वैक्षिक सामग्री |
| :---: |



## （乙）सामुदायिक स्वच्छता：

स्वच्छता हाम्रो शारिरिक र मानसिक स्वास्थ्यसंग जोडिएको हुनाले ग्रामीण भेगमा स्वच्छता सम्बन्धी चनचेतना फैलाई सरसफाईको कमीवाट हुन सक्ने जोखिमहरुलाई न्युनिकरण गर्नु यस अभियानको मुख्य उद्देश्य रहेको छ। ग्रामीण भेगमा फोहोर मैलाको व्यवस्थापनको कमीले बर्षेनी विभिन्न रोगहरु फैलिने र लाखौ रकम उपचारमा खर्च हुने तथा मृत्यु समेत भर्रहेको हुनाले＂स्वच्छ समाज स्वस्थ समाज＂को नारा सहित यस अभियानलाई निरन्तरता दिइएको छ। स्वच्छता सबैको सामुहिक जिम्मेवारीको बिषय भएकोले स्थानीय निकाय，स्थानीय Club，NGO， INGO र समदायसंग सहकार्य गरि यस कार्यकमलाई व्यापक रुपमा अगाडी बढाईएको छ। स्वस्थ वातावरण निर्माणको लागि सदस्यहरूलाई फलफूल लगायत अन्य जातिका कम्तिमा २ वटा बोट विरुवाहरु घर वरिपरि लगाउन पहल गरिएको छ। साथै कुनै परिवारमा नयाँ सदस्यको आगमन होस् वा मृत्युको समयमा समवेदना सहित २ वटा फलफूलको विरूवा लगाउने अभियान चलाईएको छ।
ग्रामीण क्षेत्रमा सुलभ र भरपद्दों स्वास्थ्य सेवा प्रदान गर्नका लागि जीवन विकास समाजद्वारा प्रवद्धित जीवन विकास पब्लिक हेल्य सेन्टरमा स्वास्थ्य सेवा सम्बन्वी सहकार्य गरिएको छ। यस सहकार्य अनुसार जीवन विकास पब्लिक हेल्थ सेन्टरमा जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थामा आवद्ध सदस्य，कर्मचारी तथा उनीहरुका परिवारका सदस्यहरुको उपचारमा १० देखि पू० प्रतिशतसम्म सहुलियतको व्यवस्था गरिएको छ भने अति विपन्नहरुलाई निशुल्क समेत स्वास्थ्य सेवा दिदै आएको छ। साथै स्वास्थ्य शिविरहरु लगायतको कार्यक्रमको लागि अन्य अस्पतालहरुसंग पनि सहकार्य गरिएको छ। आ．व．२०७६／०७९ सम्म सामुदायिक स्वच्छता अन्तर्गत निम्नानुसारको कार्यक्रमहरु गरिएको छ।

| विवरण | ०७¢／७६ | ○७¢／৩ | ०७७／७そ |  | जम्मा |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| शिविर（आँखा，दाँत，साधारण स्वास्स्य） | \％ 4 | 99 | y9 | Y． | १५२ |
| शिविरमा लाभ लिएका संख्या | ช399 | э¢ち३ | ३४१६ | २६९9 | 95\％09 |
| शल्यक्किया（अँखा तथा अन्य） | чоу9 | प३ | ч३९ | २२०७ | ₹丂\％० |
| विरामी सेवा（जीवन विकास प1्लिक हेल्थ सेन्टर） | २९७७ | ७¢ち？ | ¢г\％${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | ६०६ち | २それちそ |
| सरसफाई कार्यकम |  |  | २१9९ | ११७६ | ३२९¢ |
| वृक्षारोपन संख्या |  |  | २६\％ | ९งๆ | १२₹\％ |
| स्वास्थ सचेतना कार्यकम |  |  | ३१९ち | ちち＊ | ૪обу |



## $(\mathrm{H})$ प्रकोप तथा विपदमा सहयोग:

प्रकोप तथा विपदवाट मानव जीवनमा उत्पन्न हुने समस्या र हुन सक्ने जोखिमहरुलाई न्युनिकरण गर्न यस अभियानले सघाउ पुच्याएको छ। बाढी, पहिरो, आगलागी, भुकम्प, विभिन्न किसिमका प्रकोप तथा महामारी रोगहरुको कारण जनजीवन प्रभावित भई विभिन्न किसिमका समस्याहरु उत्पन्न हुने साथै प्रकोपले विपद् संगसंगै जनधनको समेत क्षती गर्ने गर्दछ। प्रकोप तथा विपद्मा सहयोग प्रदान गर्ने यस अभियानको मुख्य उद्देश्य रहेको छ। प्रकोपबाट उत्पन्न हुने विभिन्न समस्याहरु जस्तै: भोकमरी, सुरक्षित बास स्थान, सरसफाई, प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य सेवा, बालक, वृद्ध, गर्भवती, सुत्केरी, अपाड़्न आदिलाई प्राथमिकतामा राखी आवश्यक सहयोग गर्ने गरिएको छ। प्रकोप पश्चात् उत्पन्न हुने विभिन्न समस्याहरुमा स्थानीय निकाय Club, NGO, INGO र समुदायसंग सहकार्य गरी आवश्यक कार्यहरु गरिएको छ। विगतको वर्षहरुमा जस्तै आ. व. २०७६/०७९ मा समेत कोरोना महामारी सम्बन्धी अत्यधिक प्रचार प्रसार तथा जनचेतनामुलक कार्यक्रमहरु गरिएको छ। केन्द्रहरुमा माक्स, स्यानिटाईजर, साबुनहरु वितरण गरी सोको प्रयोग बारे जनचेतना अभिवृद्धि गरिएको छ। साथै कोभिड $१ ९$ बाट संकमित सदस्य तथा गैर सदस्यहरुलाई खाद्यान्न, पौष्टिक आहार, लगायत स्वास्थ्य सामग्रीहरु सहयोग गरेको छ। साथै कोभिड $9 ९$ बाट मृत्यु भएका सदस्यका परिवारलाई प्रति परिवार रु. पू,००० को दरले सहयोग गरेको छ भने अन्य प्रकोप तथा विपदबाट सहयोग गरेको विवरण यस प्रकार रहेको छ




## (११) एक टोल एक अधिकृत टेलर सदस्य (ATM):

भौगोलिकरुपमा विकट तथा ग्रामीण क्षेत्रहरुमा परम्परागत लघुवित्त कार्यकम मार्फत सेवा प्रदान गर्दा समयमा सेवा प्रदान गर्न जटिल भररहेको वर्तमान परिपेक्ष्यमा संस्थामा आवद्ध एक सदस्य मार्फत समुहमा आवद्ध अन्य सदस्यहरुलाई डिजिटल प्रविधि प्रयोग गरि लघुवित्त सेवा प्रदान गर्ने तथा विकट तथा ग्रामीण क्षेत्रमा सेवा विस्तारलाई सहज बनाउनका लागि आवश्यक डिजिटल वित्तीय सेवा संचालन गर्न यस अभियानले सघाउ पुच्याएको छ। टोल टोलमा नै वित्तीय सेवाको पहुँच पुग्ने भएकोले "एक टोल एक अधिकृत टेलर सदस्य (ATM)" को नारा सहित यो अभियान संचालन गरिएको छ। यस अभियानले ग्रामीण भेगमा डिजिटल सेवा सम्बन्धी सामुहिक जागरुकता फैलाउन सहयोग गरेको छ। सदस्यहरुलाई भैपरी आउने समस्याहरुमा आफनो बचत रकम अधिकृत टेलर सदस्य (ATM) मार्फत सजिलै फिक्न मिल्ने भएको छ भने सदस्यहरुले सजिलैसंग आफनै गाउँठाउँमा वित्तीय सेवा पाउँदा निकै उत्साहित भएको पाईएको छ। यसलाई Human ATM समेत भन्ने गरिएको छ। ATM भन्ने वित्तिकै हाम्रो समाजमा पैसा रहेको मेंसिन बुक्ने गरिएकोले Human ATM ले समेत पैसाको नै कारोवार गर्ने भएकोले समुदायमा समेत यो सेवा निकै प्रभावकारी भएको महसस भएको छ। यसते नगद रहित केन्द्र बैठक संचालनमा समेत सहयोग पुगेको छ। आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६ / ०७९ सम्म ATM मार्फत निम्नानुसारको कारोवार भएको छ।

## (१२) नगद रहित कारोवारः

नगद रहित बैकिड़ सेवाको विकास र प्रबर्धनका लागि वित्तीय संस्थाले सम्पूर्ण सदस्यहरूलाई डिजिटल कारोबार तर्फ उत्प्रेरित गर्दे ग्रामीण क्षेत्रमा सरल र सहज ढंगले वित्तीय सेवा विस्तार गर्न टोलटोलमा अधिकृत टेलर सदस्य (ATM) खडा गरेको छ। नगद घरमा नभई बैंकमा राख्नुपर्छ भन्ने चेतना प्रसार गरी नगद कारोवारको जोखिमलाई न्युनिकरण गर्नमा नगद रहित कारोवारले महत्वपुर्ण भुमिका खेलेको छ। साथै समुदायस्तरमा फैलिएको कोरोना महामारीमा नगद नोटले कारोबार गर्दा पनि यो रोग सर्न सक्ने सम्भावना रहेको हुनाले "नगद रहित कारोबार" को नारा सहित यस अभियानलाई संचालन गरिएको छ। नगद रहित केन्द्र बैठक संचालन गर्दा सदस्य तथा कर्मचारीलाई समयको समेत बचत हुने गरेको छ। नगद रहित कारोवारलाई डिजिटल सेवा पनि भन्ने गरेको पाईन्छ। आजको युग डिजिटल तर्फ उन्मुख रहेकोले नगद बोक्ने फन्मटबाट छुटकारा दिलाएको छ। वित्तीय संस्थाले "एक टोल एक अधिकृत टेलर सदस्य (ATM)" को नारा सहित टोलटोलमा डिजिटल सदस्यहरु खडा गरेको छ भने सदस्यहरूले पनि यसै संस्थाद्वारा प्रवद्धित मोबाईल बैंकिड्ग एप्लिकेशन (Jeevan Bikas Apps) मार्फत विभिन्न मर्चेन्ट सेवाहरु भुक्तानी गर्न सक्षम भएका छन्। यस वित्तीय संस्थाले डिजिटल सेवा अन्तर्गत प्रदान गरिरहेको सेवाहरु निम्नानुसार रहेका छन्।

| बिजटल ॠण | विजलीको बिल भूकानी | पानीको बिल भूक्तानी मोबाइल रिचाज |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| टि.भी.रिचार्ज | इन्टरेटको बिल भूक्तानी | QR Payment | वचत राखे तथा भिक्ने | अन्य बैंक तथा जीवन विकासको खातामा रकम हस्तान्तरण सदस्य सदस्य बीच रकम हस्तान्तरण गर्ने आ. व. २०७६/०७९ सम्म डिजिटल सेवा मार्फत भएको कारोवारहरुको विवरण यसप्रकार रहेको छ:


| Digital Service | Till 2078 | $078 / 079$ | Till 2079 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1.1) Digital Sevice Status | Aashar | Progress | Aashar |
| ATM Member | 795 | 48 | 843 |
| Smart Member (App Users) | 73273 | 14722 | 87995 |
| Digital Member (Mobile Banking User) | 172733 | 16075 | 188808 |
| SMS Banking | 1246 | 392 | 1638 |
| SMS Alert | 0 | 83327 | 83327 |
| (1.2) Utility Payment (Mobile Topup, NEA, Khanepani, TV, Net) | 67891597 | 72133858 | 140025455 |
| (1.3) Fund Transfer (In-coming) (FinPe, E-sewa, Khalti, Fonepay) | 43029886 | 143285643 | 186315529 |
| (1.4) Fund Transfer (Out-going) (Bank Withdraw, Khalti Load, <br> E-sewa Load, IBFT, Scan \& pay) | 0 | 291831268 | 291831268 |



## (१३) थ्रीजिरो क्लव :

पृथ्वीमा देखिएको जटिल समस्यालाई लक्षित गरी प्रो. मो. युनुसले ल्याएको तीन शुन्यको अवधारणा -(शुन्य गरिबी, शुन्य बेरोजगारी, शुन्य खुद कार्वन उत्सर्जन ) प्राप्तीका लागि युवा वर्गको नेतृत्वदायी भुमिका अपरिहार्य रहेको छ। युवाहरुमा रहेको नविनतम सोच, शक्ति र ज्ञानको सदुपयोग गरी सम्पुर्ण मानवजातीको रक्षा तर्फ अग्रसर गराउने उद्देश्यले विश्वव्यापी रुपमा युवाहरुलाई संगठीत गर्न थ्रीजिरो क्लवको गठन भइरहेका छन्। हालसम्म १प० वटा थ्रीजिरो क्लवहरु गठन भएका छन्। नेपालमा थिरिजरो क्लब गठन तथा परिचालनमा जीवन विकासते नेतृत्वदायी भुमिका निर्वाह गरेकोमा 3Zero Global Center Bangladesh बाट Best 3Zero Support Organization 2022 बाट सम्मानित भएको छ।
$3 Z e r o$ क्लबहरुले स्थानीय स्तरमा देखिएका समस्याहरुलाई विभिन्न सरोकारवाला निकाय (स्थानीय निकाय, विभिन्न क्लबहरु, NGO, INGO) हरुसंग समन्वय गरी ती समस्याहरुको निराकरणको लागि पहल गरेको हुन्छ। यी क्लबहरुले सरसफाई, वेरोजगारी, शिक्षा, वृक्षारोपण, स्वास्थ्य सचेतना सम्बन्धी क्षेत्रहरुमा विभिन्न कार्यकमहरु गरिरहेका छन।


3ZERO CLUB


Jeevan Bikas Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd.

(च) Progress Out of Poverty Index (PPI)
पी.पी.आई गरिबीको स्तर मापन गर्ने विश्वव्यापी उपकरण हो। पी.पी.आई. मा घर परिवारको जीवन स्तरको आधार मा परिवारको गरिबीको स्तर मापन गर्ने काम गर्दछ। परिवार संख्या, घरको अवस्था, सामाजिक अवस्था र सम्पत्तिको स्वामित्वको बारेमा १० प्रश्नहरूको उत्तरको आधारमा सो परिवार गरिबीको कुन स्तरमा रहेको भन्ने मापन गर्दछ। पी.पी.आईको माध्यमबाट संस्थाहरुले आफ्ना सदस्यहरूको सम्भावित गरिबीको स्तर पहिचान गर्न सक्दछ। नेपालमा गरिबीको स्तर मापन गर्ने भरपर्दो माध्यमहरु नरहेको र यसको सर्वेक्षणमा समय र लागत बढी लाग्ने भएकोले गरिबी न्यूनिकरणको क्षेत्रमा काम गर्ने संघ संस्थाहरुले यसलाई एउटा जटिल कामको रुपमा लिईएको पाईन्छ। यस वित्तीय संस्थाले आर्थिक बर्ष २०७प/०७६ देखि नै आफ्ना सदस्यहरुको पी.पी.आई. गर्ने कामको शुरुवात गरेको छ। प्रत्येक दुई वर्षमा पी.पी.आई.को आधारमा सदस्यहरुको गरिबीको स्तर छुटयाई सदस्य प्रगती कार्ड (Member Growth Card) समेत जारी गरिएको छ। यस संस्थामा आवद्ध सदस्यहरुको पी.पी.आईको अवस्था २०७९ असारसम्म निम्नानुसारको रहेको छ।

गरिबीको स्तर


| JBLB Client Poverty \% rate in different tools |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fy. Year | Food | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 . 2 5}$ | National Poverty rate |
| $2076 / 77$ | 1.16 | 8.74 | 10.50 | 21.60 |
| $2077 / 78$ | 1.63 | 11.53 | 13.79 | 21.60 |
| $2078 / 79$ | 0.59 | 5.77 | 7.12 | 21.60 |

## निष्कर्ष

UNDP को प्रतिवेदनले सन: 2015 मा नेपालमा गरिबीको स्तर $21.6 \%$ रहेको देखाएको छ। यस वित्तीय संस्थाले संस्थामा आवद्ध सदस्यहरुको गरिबीको स्तर PPI Tool मार्फत मापन गर्दा २०७९ असार मसान्तमा National Food Poverty अन्तर्गत ०.乡९\% National $100 \%$ मा $y . ७ ७ \% ~ र ~ I n t e r n a t i o n a l ~ \$ 1.25 ~ अ न ् त र ् ग त ~ ७ . १ २ \% ~ म ा त ् र ~ ग र ि ब ी ~ र ह े क ो ~$ पाईएको छ।
(११) संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व:

यस वित्तीय संस्थाले सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व अर्न्तगत विभिन्न सामाजिक कार्यहरुको लागि सहयोग गर्दै आएको छ। वित्तीय साक्षरता कार्यकम सञ्चालन, स्थानीय स्तरमा सञ्चालित सामाजिक कार्यकममा सहयोग तथा सहभागि, बाढी, पहिरो, हुरी बतास तथा आगलागी जस्ता प्राकृतिक प्रकोपवाट पिडित स्थानीय र अति विपन्न, रोगी तथा एकल महिला/पुरुषहरुलाई सहयोग गर्ने जस्ता कार्यक्रम मार्फत संस्थाले सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्वमा महत्वपूर्ण योगदान गर्ने


गरेको छ। समीक्षा बर्षमा संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व अर्न्तगत तपसील अनुसारको खर्च भएको थियो ।

| क．सं． | खर्चका शीर्षकहरु | रकम रु． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | स्वास्थ्य शिविर（आँखा，स्वास्थ्य，दन्त，सुगर） | ६，०९，ॅ६२ |
| 2 | स्वास्थ्य सचेतना कार्यकम | ३，०२，७२२ |
| ३ | बालशिक्षा | १०，९३，९ち३ |
| ૪ | किशोरी शिक्षा | $\xi, ६ ७, १ ० ७$ |
| $y$ | सामुदायिक विद्यालय सहयोग，क्षात्रवृत्ति | ૪，०१，$¢ 9$ ¢ |
| $\xi$ | स्वयम् सेवक कार्यकम（दिगो आवाश） | ६，०२，६ち० |
| $\bigcirc$ | दिगो कृषि कार्यक्रम | १，२९，०9० |
| $\Sigma$ | क्षमता विकास कार्यक्रम | ६१，०२प |
| $\rho$ | पानी र सरसफाई | ३，प०，६२० |
| 90 | प्रकोप व्यवस्थापन |  |
| 99 | अति विपन्नलाई सहयोग | ९，१४，२さる |
| 92 | युवा，महिला तथा वृद्ध सहयोग | १，२2，६३९ |
| १३ | खेलकुद विकास | १，4૪， 890 |
| १४ | प्राकृतिक श्रोत व्यवस्थापन | ૪，९丂，¢७३ |
| 94 | कोभिड 99 | ૪，३०，६७¢ |
|  | जम्मा | ६९，¢\％，¢ \％ |

यस कार्यकमलाई अभ व्यवस्थित तथा विस्तार गरि निरन्तरता दिन नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन बमोजिम मुनाफाबाट हरेक बर्ष निश्चित रकम छुट्याई सो रकमबाट खर्च गरिने व्यवस्था गरिएको छ।

## （१२）संस्थागत सुशासन ：

वित्तीय संस्थामा संस्थागत सुशासन कायम राख्न व्यवस्थापन र सन्चालक समिति सदैव प्रतिवद्ध रहेको छ। सन्चालक समितिका सदस्यहरु तथा कर्मचारीहरुले नेपाल राष्ट्र वैंक तथा नियमनकारी निकायले जारी गरेका निर्देशन बमोजिमका आचरणहरु पुर्ण रुपमा पालन गरेका छन्। वित्तीय संस्थाका सम्पूर्ण क्रियाकलाप पारदर्शी रुपमा संचालन गरी संस्थागत सुशासनको विकास गरिएको छ। व्यवस्थापकीय निर्णय र काम कारवाहीमा सञ्चालक समितिको कुनै किसिमको हस्तक्षेप नरहेको जानकारी गराउन चाहन्छु।

## （१३）आवि कार्यक्रम ：

－कोषमा आत्मनिर्भरताका लागि वित्तीय संस्थाले प्रदान गर्ने सवै किसिमका बचत वृद्धि गरी वचत अनुपात बृद्धिमा जोड दिने ।
－Participatory Wealth Ranking（PWR）को माध्यमबाट वित्तीय सेवाबाट वच्चित रहेका सदस्यहरुको खोजी गरी

वित्तीय संस्थामा आवद्ध गराउने साथै १० जना भन्दा कम सदस्य भएको केन्द्रमा सदस्य थप गरी कम्तीमा १० जना पुयाउने वा नजिकको अन्य केन्द्रमा केन्द्र मर्ज गर्ने ।

- केन्द्र गुणस्तर अभिवृद्धिका लागि केन्द्र अनुगमनमा जोड दिनुका साथै अभिभावक तथा सदस्यको संतुष्टि स्तरमापन गर्ने साथै प्रक्रिया अनुसार संचालन नहुने केन्द्रहरुको गुणस्तर सुधार गर्ने ।
- संस्थाले प्रदान गर्ने प्रमुख सेवा सुविधाहरु थप प्रभावकारी तथा विश्वसनीयता बनाउन जोड दिने ।
- निस्कृय तथा बचतमात्र गर्ने सदस्यहरुसँग घरधुरी भेटघाट गरी संस्थाको सेवा सुविधा बारेमा जानकारी गर्दै सक्किय हुन तथा ॠण लिन प्रेरित गर्ने ।
- 9 वर्षभन्दा वढी अवधी भाखा नाघेका, पहिचान भएका खराव ऋणी सदस्यहरुको विवरण नियमित अद्यावधिक गर्दै खराव ॠणीको संख्या शुन्य बनाउने ।
- प्रत्येक शाखाले उद्यमी (Entrepreneur) सदस्यहरुको पहिचान गरी उनीहरुको विवरण सफ्टवेयरमा अद्यावधिक गर्ने साथै वैदेशिक रोजगारबाट फर्किएका तथा स्थानीय युवा, सदस्यहरुलाई आवश्यकताको आधारमा उद्यमशीलता विकास तालिम संचालन गरी उद्यमी बन्न प्रेरित गर्ने ।
- सुकुम्बासीलाई जग्गाधनी बनाउन तथा सदस्यहरुलाई साहुमहाजनबाट हुन सक्ने आर्थिक शोषण (चर्को ब्याजमा ॠण लगानी) बाट जोगाउन आवश्यक कार्य गर्ने र त्यसको रेकर्ड व्यवस्थित राख्ने ।
- शाखाको कार्यक्षेत्र भित्र रहेका अति विपन्न (Hardcore/Ultra Poor) परिवारको जीवनस्तर उकास्न आवश्यक कार्य गर्ने । 'एक विपन्न एक कर्मचारी' को अभियान संचालन गर्ने ।
- ATM द्धारा गरिने कारोवार बृद्धि गर्ने साथै डिजिटल साक्षरता अभिवृद्धिमा जोड दिई डिजिटल अन्तर्गतका सवै सेवाहरुको प्रयोगमा ब्यापकता ल्याउने ।
- कर्मचारीलाई प्रोत्साहन (Motivation) गर्दै निरन्तर रुपमा दक्षता अभिबृद्धिका लािि सिकाईका विभिन्न उपायहरु अवलम्बन गर्ने ।
- स्थानीय युवाहरुको क्षमता अभिबृद्धिका लागि 3Zero Club गठन गरी Club सँगको सहकार्यमा सामाजिक कार्यलाई ब्यापकता दिने ।
- वातावरण मैन्री तथा आत्मनिर्भर गाउँको विकास गर्ने कार्य गर्ने ।


## आभार प्रकट:

आजको यस पुनित अवसरमा वित्तीय संस्थामा आबद्ध भई कारोबार गर्ने सम्पूर्ण सदस्यहरु प्रति हार्दिक आभार व्यक्त गर्न चाहन्छु। समयमै लेखापरीक्षण कार्य सम्पन्न गरी वित्तीय संस्थालाई आवश्यक सुकावहरु समेत दिने वाह्य लेखापरिक्षकलाई संचालक समितिको तर्फबाट हार्दिक धन्यवाद दिन चाहन्छु। यस वित्तीय संस्थालाई सफल तथा परिणाममुखी बनाउन सहयोग गर्नुतुने शुभचिन्तक, शेयरधनी महानुभावहरुमा हार्दिक धन्यवाद ज्ञापन गर्दछु। नियामक निकाय नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक, कम्पनी रजिष्ट्रारको कार्यालय, धितो पत्र बोर्ड, नेप्से, सिडिएस, बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरु, सरकारी तथा गैर सरकारी संघसंस्था तथा पत्रकार बन्बुहरु लगायत यस वित्तीय संस्थालाई प्रत्यक्ष एवं अप्रत्यक्ष रुपमा सहयोग पुन्याउनु हुने सम्पुर्णमा यस वित्तीय संस्थाको तर्फबाट हार्दिक कृतज्ञता ज्ञापन गर्दछु। अन्त्यमा, विशेष गरी शेयरधनी महानुभावहरुले हामी माथि दर्शाउनु भएको विश्वास, सहयोग र सद्भाव प्रति म सम्पुर्ण शेयरधनी महानुभावहरुलाई पुनः सञ्चालक समिति तथा वित्तीय संस्था परिवारको तर्फबाट हार्दिक धन्यवाद ज्ञापन गर्न चाहन्छु। साथै, कार्यक्रमलाई जनस्तरसम्म लैजान पुलको रुपमा रही काम गर्नुहुने सम्पुर्ण कर्मचारीहरु, अधिकृत टेलर सदस्यहरु (ATM), केन्द्र प्रमुखहरुको अनुशासन, लगनशिलता र इमान्दारीताको पुनः स्मरण र प्रशंसा गर्दछु। यस वित्तीय संस्थालाई सर्वोत्कृष्ट बनाउनको लागि विगतमा भैं आउँदा दिनहरुमा पनि यहाँहरु सबै शुभचिन्तकहरुबाट अमुल्य सल्लाह सुभाव तथा शुभेच्छाको अपेक्षा गर्दै, आउँदा दिनहरुलाई अभ उपलब्धिमुलक बनाउने प्रण सहित उपस्थित सम्पुर्ण महानुभावहरुलाई हार्दिक धन्यवाद ज्ञापन गर्दछु।

धन्यवाद,

# सग्चालक समितिको प्रतिवेदनमा खुलाउनु पर्ने कम्पनी ऐन，20६3 को दफा १०世（8）संग सम्बन्धित अन्य थप विवरणहरू 

## （क）समिक्षा वर्षको कारोवारको सिंहावलोकन ：

संचालक प्रतिवेदनमा रहेको छ।
（ख）राष्ट्रिय तथा अन्तर्राष्ट्रिय परिस्थितिबाट कम्पनीको कारोबारलाई कुनै असर परे नपरेको ：
विश्वभरि नै महामारीको रुपमा देखिएको कोभिड $९ ९$ को समस्या समाधान नहुँदै पुन：विश्वव्यापी रुपमा देखिएको आर्थिक मन्दीको प्रभावले कार्यकममा असर पारेको छ। यसले सदस्यहरुको व्यापार व्यवसाथ नै धरासायी बनाएको छ भने मनोबैज्ञानिक रुपमा समेत डर त्रासको वातावरण बनाएकोले संस्थाको किस्ता असुलीमा यसले प्रभाव पारेको देखिन्छ।
（ग）प्रतिवेदन तयार गरिएको मितिसक्म चालु वर्ष（आ．व．O७้／0＜0）को उपलब्धि र अविष्यमा गर्नुपर्ने कुराहरूका विषयमा सञ्चालक समितिको धारणा ：
यो प्रतिवेदन तयार गर्दासम्मको वित्तीय संस्थाको आर्थिक स्थितीको फलक गत वर्षको तुलनामा निम्न अनुसार रहेको छ।

| विवरण | ○७弓 पौष मसान्तसम्मको | ०७९ पौष मसान्तसम्मको | वृद्धि प्रतिशत |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| सदस्य संख्या | ३२२，久७१ | ३૪४，९०२ | ७．२३ |
| कुल वचत तथा निक्षेप（रु．हजारमा） | ム，ム२૪，৭०३ | ९，९९६，६९६ | १३．२९ |
| कुल लगानीमा रहेको कर्जा तथा सापट（रु हजारमा） | २२，弓२१，०९२ | २३，७७३，६૪६ | ૪．०१ |
| कुल व्याज तथा अन्य आम्दानी（रु हजारमा） | १，७७७，૪૪¢ | १，९४९，९९० | ९．७१ |
| कुल खर्च（रु हजारमा） | १，३६२，०६९ | १，૬३१，०४૪ | ३४．४३ |
| संचालन नाफा（रु हजारमा） | ૪१ұ，३७९ | 99ち9 \％ | －७१．३६ |
| खुद मूनाफा（रु हजारमा） | ૪०१，६めら | २ ¢ $9, \sqsubset ६ \%$ | －३७．२९ |

माथि उल्लेख गरिए अनुसारको शिर्षकमा गत वर्ष र चालु वर्षको यसै अवधिमा वित्तीय संस्थाले हासिल गरेको प्रगती माथि सन्चालक समितिको धारणा सन्तोषजनक रहेको छ।
（घ）कम्पनीको औद्योगिक वा व्यावसायिक सम्बन्ध ：
यस वित्तीय संस्थाको कारोवार गर्ने शिलसिलामा सम्वद्ध सबै क्षेत्रहरुसँग सौहाद्रपूर्ण सम्बन्ध रहँदै आएको छ। वित्तीय संस्थाले स्थापित गरेका नैतिक मूल्य मान्यतालाई आधार मान्दै अगाडि बढेकाले यस वित्तीय संस्थाको व्यवस्थापन र कर्मचारीहरु विचको सम्बन्ध सुमधुर रहेको छ। साथै समय समयमा सम्बन्धित ऐन कानून तथा नियमनकारी निकायहरुबाट प्राप्त हुने निर्देशनहरुको पालनाबाट सस्था कन् बलियो हुंदै गईरहेको छ। आगामी दिनमा समेत संस्थागत सुशासन एवं व्यवसायिक सम्बन्ध विस्तारमा वित्तीय संस्था प्रतिबद्ध रहेको कुरा यहाँहरु समक्ष राख्न चाहन्छु।
（ङ）सञ्वालक समितिमा अएको हेरफेर र सो को कारण ：
वित्तीय संस्थामा ४ जना संस्थापक र १ जना स्वतन्त्र संचालक रहेकोमा मिति २०७弓／१२／२ू गते भएको वित्तीय संस्थाको तेश्रो साधारण सभाबाट २ जना सर्वसाधारण संचालक निर्वाचित भई कुल ७ जनाको स्चालक समिति बनेको छ।
वित्तीय संस्थाको वर्तमान सञ्चालक समितिको संरचना निम्न वमोजिम रहेको छ ：

| क．स． | नाम | पद | प्रतिनिधित्व |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $१$ | बिक्रम राज सुवेदी | अध्यक्ष | संस्थापक शेयरधनी（जीवन विकास समाज） |
| २ | श्यामचन्द्र खतिवडा | सन्चालक | संस्थापक शेयरधनी |


| ३ | ईन्द्र नारायण देव वैश्य | सन्चालक | संस्थापक शेयरधनी |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\gamma$ | प्रकाश कुमार श्रेष्ठ | सन्चालक | संस्थापक शेयरधनी |
| ц | सोनिला शाक्य | सन्चालक | स्वतन्त्र संचालक |
| $६ ~$ | गोकर्ण खतिवडा | सन्चालक | सर्वसाधारण शेयरधनी |
| ७ | अशोक सिटौला | सन्चालक | सर्वसाधारण शेयरधनी |

(च) कारोबारलाई असर पार्वें मुख्य कराहरू:
यस वित्तीय संस्थाको कारोवारलाई मुख्य गरी निम्न लिखित कुराहरुले असर पार्ने देखिन्छ। यस्तो असरहरुबाट बचेर वित्तीय संस्थालाई प्रभावकारी ढंगबाट अगाडि बढाउन हामी प्रयत्नशिल छौं।

- मुल्य वृद्धि, मौद्रिक तथा वित्तीय नीति लगायत अप्रत्याशित रुपमा हुने नीतिगत परिर्वतन एवं निर्देशनबाट समस्या श्रृजना हुन सक्ने, राजनैतिक प्रभाव तथा भड्कावका कारण कर्मचारी एवं सदस्यमा विचलन आई संस्थालाई नकारात्मक असर पर्न सक्ते देखिन्छ।
- यस आ.व.२०७६ /७९ मा समेत कोभिड १९ (कोरोना भाईरस) को समस्या समाधान नभएको तथा विश्वव्यापी रुपमा देखिएको आर्थिक मन्दीको कारणले कारोवारलाई अत्यधिक प्रभाव पारेको छ। समयमा सांवा तथा व्याज असुल भएको छैन भने अपेक्षाकृत ॠण लगानी गर्न सकिएको छैन जसले गर्दा संस्थाको आम्दानीलाई असर पुगेको छ।
- लघुवित्त संस्थाहरुको संख्यात्मक वृद्धि संगै देखिएको अस्वस्थ प्रतिस्पर्धा, सदस्यहरु धेरै संस्थामा बसि क्षमता भन्दा बढि कर्जा चलाउने (Over Indebtedness) प्रवृत्तिले असर पर्ने देखिन्छ।
- बाणिज्य बैंकहरु र अन्य वित्तीय संस्थाबाट थोक रुपमा उपलब्ध हुंदै आएको विपन्न वर्ग कर्जाको व्याजदरमा हुने उतारचढावले पनि वित्तीय संस्थाको लागतमा असर पर्ने गरेको छ।
- ने.रा.बैंकले जारी गरेको १Ц प्रतिशत भन्दा बढी ब्याज लिन नपाउने सम्बन्धी नीतिले समेत वित्तीय संस्थाको आम्दानीमा असर पर्ने देखिन्छ।
(छ) लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा कुनै कैफियत उल्लेख भएको भए सो उपर सञ्चालक समितिको प्रतिक्यया : आ.व.२०७६/०७९ मा नियुक्त हुनु भएका लेखापरिक्षक श्री किन्जल एण्ड एण्ड एसोसिट्स (चार्टर्ड एकाण्टेन्ट श्री किन्जल पोखरेल) ले लेखापरीक्षण गर्नु भएको छ। यस प्रतिवेदनका साथ संलग्न लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदन र लेखा विवरणहरुले वित्तीय संस्थाको यथार्थ स्थितीको चित्रण गरेको छ। लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदनमाथि संचालक समितिको तर्फबाट कुनै उल्लेख्य टिप्पणी रहेको छैन ।
(ज) लाभांश बाँडफाँड गर्ब सिफारिस गरिएको रकम :
यस आर्थिक वर्षमा वित्तीय संस्थाले नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार १४।९९९ प्रतिशत (प्रस्तावित नगद लाभांश०००१४, प्रस्तावित बोनस शेयर १४.२Б४) लाभांश प्रस्ताव गरेको छ।
(क) शेयर जफत कएको कए जफत भएको शेयर संख्या, त्यस्तो शेयरको अड्ड़ित मूल्य, त्यस्तो शेयर जफत हुनु अन्दा अगावै सो बापत कम्पनीले प्राप्त गरेको जक्मा रकम र त्यस्तो शेयर जफत अएपछि सो शेयर बिक्री गरी कम्पनीले प्राप्त गरेको रकम तथा जफत अएको शेयर वापत रकम फिर्ता गरेको भए सोको विवरण:
- आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६ / ०७९ मा कुनै किसिमको शेयरहरु जफत गर्ने कार्य नभएको।
(ञ) विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनी र यसको सहायक कम्पनीको कारोबारको प्रगति र सो आर्थिक वर्षको अन्तमा रहेको स्थितिको पुनरावलोकन:
- यस वित्तीय संस्थाको सहायक कम्पनी नभएको ।
(C) कम्पनी तथा त्यसको सहायक कम्पनीले आर्थिक वर्षमा सम्पन्न गरेको प्रमुख कारोवारहरू र सो अवधिमा कम्पनीको कारोबारमा आएको कुनै महत्वपूर्ण परिर्वतन :
- यस वित्तीय संस्थाको सहायक कम्पनी नभएको।
（ठ）विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनीको आधारमूत शेयरधनीहरूले कम्पनीलाई उपलब्ध गराएको जानकारी ：
－विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा आधारभुत शेयरधनीहरुबाट वित्तीय संस्थालाई छुद्टै रुपमा कुनै जानकारी प्राप्त भएको छैन ।
（ड）विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनीका सञ्वालक तथा पदाधिकारीहरूले लिएको शेयरको स्वामित्वको विवरण र कम्पनीको शेयर कारोबारमा निजहरू संलग्न रहेको मए सो सम्बन्धमा निजहरूबाट कम्पनीले प्राप्त गरेको जानकारी ：
क．सञ्चालक समिति पदाधिकारी ：

| क．सं． | नाम | पद | प्रतिनिधित्व | शेयर स्वामित्व कित्ता | प्रतिशत |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | बिक्रम राज सुवेदी | अध्यक्ष | जीवन विकास समाज | － |  |
| 2 | श्यामचन्द्र खतिवडा | सञ्चालक | संस्थापक शेयरधनी | らО७Щ○ | $0 . ७ 59$ |
| ३ | ईन्द्र नारायण देव वैश्य | सञ्चालक | संस्थापक शेयरधनी | こり000 | ○．ち२२ |
| $\gamma$ | प्रकाश कुमार श्रेष्ठ | सञ्चालक | संस्थापक शेयरधनी | Б७२१ | 0．05 |
| $y$ | सोनिला शाक्य | सञ्चालक | स्वतन्त्र संचालक | － | － |
| ६ | गोकर्ण खतिवडा | सञ्चालक | सर्वसाधारण शेयरधनी | ११६९ | 0.099 |
| $\checkmark$ | अशोक सिटौला | सञ्चालक | सर्वसाधारण शेयरधनी | 9ち૭ | 0．00२ |

ख．व्यवस्थापन पदाधिकारी ：

| क．सं． | कर्मचारीको नाम | हालको पद | शेयर स्वामित्व कित्ता | प्रतिशत |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | संजय कुमार मण्डल | प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत | ૪६१¢¢ | ०．४૪६ |
| २ | दामोदर रेग्मी | नायब प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत |  | 0．久३〉 |
| ३ | बिजय कुमार मण्डल | बरिष्ठ प्रबन्धक | － | － |
| $\gamma$ | सुदिप कुमार मण्डल | बरिष्ठ प्रबन्धक | － | － |
| $y$ | मनोज कुमार साह | प्रबन्धक | － | － |
| ६ | बिनोद प्रसाद साह | प्रबन्धक | ३ち२り○ | ०．३७० |
| $\checkmark$ | रमेश राय | प्रबन्धक | २९94\％ | O．२ち२ |
| ¢ | अंजय कुमार मण्डल | प्रबन्धक | － | － |
| 9 | रामनारायण यादव | प्रबन्धक | ७६४० | ०．O७४ |
| 90 | सावित्री देवी श्रेष्ठ | प्रबन्धक | 2 F 98 | ०．०乡६ |

वित्तीय संस्थाका संचालक एवं व्यवस्थापन पदाधिकारीहरूले वित्तीय संस्थाबाट निष्काशन गरिएको शेयर खरीद गर्ने र साधारण सभाबाट पारित लाभांश ग्रहण गर्ने बाहेक शेयर कारोवारमा अन्य कुनै संलग्नता नभएको।
（ढ）विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनीसंग कुनै सञ्वालक तथा निजको नजिकको नातेदारको व्यक्तिगत स्वार्थको बारेमा उपलब्ध गराइएको जानकारीको व्यहोरा ：
－विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा यस वित्तीय संस्थासंग सम्बन्धित सम्भौताहरुमा यस कम्पनीका कुनै संचालक तथा निजका नजिकको नातेदारको व्यक्तिगत स्वार्थ नरहेको।
（0）कम्पनीले आफलो शेयर आफैले खरिद गरे नगरेको，गर्नुको कारण，त्यस्तो शेयरको संख्या र अड्कुत त मूल्यः समिक्षा वर्षमा वित्तीय संस्थाले आफ्नो शेयर आफै खरिद गरेको छैन ।
（त）आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणाली र सोको विस्तृत विवरण ：
वित्तीय संस्थामा सुशासन कायम गरी स्वचालित ढंगले संचालन गर्न विभिन्न आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणाली अवलम्बन गरिएको छ। त्यसका लागि नियमित अनुगमन，त्रैमासिक आन्तरिक लेखापरीक्षण，जिल्ला कार्यालय मार्फत Close

Monitoring, प्रशासनिक नियन्त्रण, कम्प्यूटरकृत तथा डिजिटल अभिलेख प्रणाली, मासिक रुपमा कर्मचारीको स्व-मूल्यांकनको व्यवस्थाका साथै हरेक विषयमा मासिक लक्ष्य कायम गरि वार्षिक योजना तथा कार्यकमको व्यवस्था गरिएको छ। त्यसैगरी वित्तीय संस्था संचालनको लागि आवश्यक विभिन्न विनियम तथा निर्देशिकाहरु तयार गर्ने, आवश्यकतानुसार परिमार्जन गर्ने र सोही अनुरुप कार्य संचालन गर्ने गरिएको छ।
(9) कर्मचारी सेवा सुविधा समिति : यस वित्तीय सस्थाको कर्मचारी सेवा सुविधा समितिमा गैर कार्यकारी संचालक श्री ईन्द्र नारायण देव वैश्य ज्युको संयोजकत्वमा मानव ससाधन विभाग प्रमुख सुदिप कुमार मण्डल सदस्य सचिव, प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत श्री संजय कुमार मण्डल सदस्य र लेखा विभाग प्रमुख अंजय कुमार मण्डल सदस्य रहनु भएको छ। यस समितिको बैठक आवश्यकता अनुसार वस्ने गरेको छ। यस समितिले वित्तीय संस्थाका कर्मचारीहरुको पारिश्रमिक निर्धारण नीति तर्जुमा गर्न संचालक समितिलाई सहयोग गर्ने तथा पारिश्रमिक निर्धारण नीति वमोजिम प्रचलित कानून तथा नीति निर्देशनमा उल्लिखित व्यवस्थाहरुको पालना हुने गरी सम्पूर्ण कर्मचारीहरुको पारिश्रमिक वृद्धि गर्नुपर्ने देखिएमा सोको आधारहरु सहित संचालक समितिमा सिफारिस गर्ने, जनशक्ति व्यवस्थापन सम्वन्धी कार्यहरु भर्ना, छनौट, नियुक्ती, पदस्थापन, सरुवा, वढुवा आदिको मापदण्डहरु तयार गरि संचालक समिति समक्ष पेश गर्ने तथा नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट यस समितिले गर्ने भनि तोकिएका कार्यहरु गर्ने गर्दछ।
(2) जोखिम व्यवस्थापन समिति : यस वित्तीय सस्थाको जोखिम व्यवस्थापन समितिमा गैर कार्यकारी संचालक श्री श्याम चन्द्र खतिवडा ज्युको संयोजकत्वमा संचालक श्री प्रकाश कुमार श्रेष्ठ र लघुवित्त विभाग प्रमुख श्री मनोज कुमार साह सदस्य र कर्जा अधिकृत श्री शिव कुमार राम सदस्य सचिव रहनु भएको छ। यस समितिको बैठक तीन महिनामा कम्तीमा एक पटक वस्ने गरेको छ। यस समितिले विद्यमान जोखिम पहिचान तथा व्यवस्थापन प्रणालीको पर्याप्तता र उपयुक्तता सम्बन्धमा संचालक समितिलाई जानकारी गराउने र उपयुक्त प्रणालीको विकासको लागि सुभाव दिने, व्यवसायिक गतिविधिमा निहित जोखिमको स्तर, जोखिम वहन क्षमता, जोखिम व्यवस्थापनको लागि विकास गरेको रणनीति आदिको सम्बन्धमा संचालक समितिमा सुभाव पेश गर्ने, जोखिम सम्पत्ति अनुसार पूँजीको पर्याप्तता, तरलताको स्थिति, व्याजदर परिवर्तनवाट पर्न सक्ने जोखिम, तथा अन्य जोखिमहरुको नियमित रुपमा छलफल तथा विश्लेषण गरि संचालक समितिलाई आवश्यक राय तथा सुकाव दिने तथा नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट यस समितिले गर्ने भनि तोकिएका कार्यहरु गर्ने गर्दछ।
(3) सम्पत्ति शुद्धीकरण अनुगमन समिति: यस वित्तीय सस्थाको सम्पत्ती शुद्धीकरण अनुगमन समिति गैर कार्यकारी संचालक श्री सोनिला शाक्य ज्युको संयोजकत्वमा लघुवित्त विभाग प्रमुख श्री मनोज कुमार साह र प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत श्री संजय कुमार मण्डल ज्यु सदस्य एवं वित्तीय संस्थाका विभागीय प्रमुख श्री रमेश राय सदस्य सचिव रहनु भएको छ। यस समितिको बैठक ३ महिनामा कम्तीमा १ पटक वस्ने गरेको छ। यस समितिले सम्पत्ति शुद्धीकरण सम्वन्धि अनुगमन गर्ने तथा नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट यस समितिले गर्ने भनि तोकिएका कार्यहरु गर्ने गर्दछ।
(8) लेखापरीक्षण समिति र सो समितिले गरेका काम कारवाहीको विवरण : यस वित्तीय संस्थाको लेखापरीक्षण समितिमा गैर कार्यकारी संचालक श्री प्रकाश कुमार श्रेष्ठज्युको संयोजकत्वमा वित्तीय संस्थाका विभागिय प्रमुख श्री रमेश राय सदस्य र श्री बिनोद प्रसाद साह सदस्य सचिव रहनु भएको छ। आन्तरिक लेखा परीक्षणका लागि १३ जना कर्मचारीहरुको व्यवस्था गरि प्रत्येक शाखामा त्रैमासिक रुपमा लेखापरीक्षण कार्य सम्पन्न गरी लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदन समितिका संयोजकलाई बुकाउँदछ। आवश्यकता अनुसार समितिको बैठक बसि उक्त प्रतिवेदनमा देखिएको कैफियतहरुको बारेमा छलफल गरी संचालक समितिलाई सुभाव दिने गर्दछ। यसरी वित्तीय संस्थाको आन्तरिक नियन्त्रणको प्रभावकारिता अभिवृद्धि गर्न आन्तरीक नीति नियम एवं नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट जारी निर्देशन तथा अन्य प्रचलित व्यवस्था बमोजिम कामहरु भए नभएको हेरी लेखापरीक्षण समितिले सुधारात्मक कारवाहीको लागि व्यवस्थापनलाई निर्देशन दिने तथा संचालक समिति समक्ष सुभाव पेश गर्ने गर्दछ।
(थ) गत आर्थिक वर्षको कूल व्यवस्थापन खर्चको विवरण : आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६/०७९ मा यस वित्तीय संस्थाको कूल व्यवस्थापन खर्च निम्न बमोजिम रु.७६ करोड ९४ लाख ३३ हजार २ सय २乡 रुपैया ३้ पैसा मात्र रहेको छ।
（क）कर्मचारी खर्च रु．६६०，१६९，२२०
（ख）कार्यालय संचालन खर्च रु．१०९，२६४，००४．३乡
（द）लेखापरीक्षण समितिका सदस्यहरूको नामावली，निजहरूले प्राप्त गरेको पारिश्रमिक，अत्ता तथा सुविधा र सो समितिले गरेका काम कारवाहीको विवरण र सो समितिले कुनै सुकाव दिएको भए सो को विवरण ：
यस वित्तीय संस्थाको लेखापरीक्षण समितिमा गैर कार्यकारी संचालक श्री प्रकाश कुमार श्रेष्ठज्युको संयोजकत्वमा वित्तीय संस्थाका विभागिय प्रमुख श्री रमेश राय सदस्य र श्री बिजय कुमार मण्डल सदस्य सचिव रहनु भएको छ। लेखापरीक्षण समितिको संयोजक（गैर कार्यकारी संचालक）को भत्ता संचालक समितिको बैठक भत्ता बराबर रु २，००० तथा अन्य पदाधिकारीहरुको बैठक भत्ता रु १，४०० रहेको छ। यस समितिले लेखापरीक्षक नियुक्तीको सिफारिस गर्ने，आन्तरिक तथा बाह्य लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा देखिएको कैफियतहरुको बारेमा छलफल गरी वित्तीय संस्थाको आन्तरिक नियन्त्रणको प्रभावकारिता अभिवृद्धि गर्न आन्तरीक नीति नियम एवं नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट जारी निर्देशन तथा अन्य प्रचलित व्यवस्था बमोजिम कामहरु भए नभएको हेरी लेखापरीक्षण समितिले सुधारात्मक कारवाहीको लागि व्यवस्थापनलाई निर्देशन दिने तथा संचालक समिति समक्ष सुभाव पेश गर्ने गरेको छ।
（ध）सञ्चालक，कार्यकारी प्रमुख，कम्पनीका आधारमूत शेयरधनी वा निजको नजिकका नातेदार वा निज संलग्न रहेको फर्म，कम्पनी वा संगठित संस्थाले कम्पनीलाई कुनै रकम बुकाउन बााकी भए नभएको ： वित्तीय संस्थाका सन्चालक，कार्यकारी प्रमुख，कम्पनीका आधारभूत शेयरधनी वा निजको नजिकका नातेदार वा निज संलग्न रहेको फर्म，कम्पनी वा संगठित संस्थाले कम्पनीलाई कुनै रकम बुकाउन बाँकी रहेको छैन।
（न）सञ्चालक，प्रबन्ध सञ्वालक，कार्यकारी प्रमुख तथा पदाधिकारीहरूलाई भुक्तानी गरिएको पारिश्रमिक， भत्ता तथा सुविधाको रकम ：
（अ）संचालक समितिसंग सक्वन्धित ：

बैठक भत्ता
पत्रपत्रिका
संचार खर्च
स्वदेश भ्रमणमा दैनिक भत्ता बिदेश भ्रमणमा दैनिक भत्ता
：अध्यक्ष रु．२，०००। र संचालक रु．२०००। प्रति वैठक अध्यक्षलाई रु．० मासिक र संचालकलाई रु．० मासिक ：अध्यक्षलाई रु．० मासिक र संचालकलाई रु．० मासिक ：अध्यक्ष एवं संचालकलाई दैनिक रु．१，०००। तथा वास्तविक लागेको यातायात खर्च अध्यक्ष एवं संचालकलाई भारतका लागि दैनिक रु．१，०००। भारु र अन्य मुलुकका लागि ९० डलर
（आ）कार्यकारी प्रमुखलाई आ．व．20७七／७५ मा भूक्तानी भएको पारिश्भमिक सुविधाहरु ：

| विवरण | रकम रु． |
| :---: | :---: |
| तलब | २४३०००० |
| भत्ता | ३६०००० |
| संचयकोष थप | २૪३००० |
| बोनस | こ९७९○ぬ |
| औषधी वापतको खर्च | १३३१ฯ० |
| विमा खर्च | ९乡६१६ |
| पोशाक | らООО |
| विदा | ३३२ぁ弓 |
| दशै भत्ता | २०२ぬ०० |
| कुल तलव | ૪૪О३૪ฯ¢ |

（इ）कार्यकारी प्रमुख र व्यवस्थापकिय／प्रवन्धक स्तरका कर्गचारी पदाधिकारीहरूलाई तलव अत्ताको साथै निम्न सुविधाहरू दिईएको छ ।
9．वोनस सम्वन्धमा ：वोनस ऐन अनुसार ।
२．उपदान सम्वन्धमा ：कर्मचारी सेवा विनीयमावलीमा व्यवस्था गरे अनुसार।
३．प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृतलाई औषधी उपचार खर्च वापत वार्षिक २० दिनको तलवको व्यवस्था रहेको छ।

प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत र अन्य व्यवस्थापकिय/प्रवन्धकलाई औषधी उपचार वीमाको व्यवस्था नरहेको तर अन्य व्यवस्थापकिय/प्रवन्धकलाई औषधी उपचार वापत वार्षिक रु.२०,००० देखि रु. २थ,००० सम्मको र दुर्घटना वीमा प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृतलाई वार्षिक रु.७ लाख तथा अन्य व्यवस्थापकिय/प्रवन्धकलाई वाषिक रु.७ लाखको व्यवस्था रहेको छ।
(प) शेयरधनीहरूले बुकिलिन बाँकी रहेको लाभांशको रकम : नभएको।
(फ) कम्पनी ऐनको दफा 989 वमोजिम सम्पत्ति खरिद वा विक्री गरेको कुराको बिवरण : नभएको ।
(ब) कम्पनी ऐनको दफा १७५ वमोजिम सम्वद्ध कम्पनी वीच अएको कारोवारको विवरण :

- कम्पनी ऐनको दफा १७Ц बमोजिम सम्वद्ध कम्पनी वीच वित्तीय संस्थाको आफ्नो नियमित वित्तीय कारोबार वाहेक अन्य कारोवार भएको छैन ।
(भ) कम्पनी ऐन तथा प्रवलित कानून बमोजिम सञ्चालक समितिको प्रतिवेदनमा खुलाउनु पनें अन्य कुराहरू :
- नभएको।
(म) अन्य आवश्यक कुराहरू :
- नभएको।


# Kinjal \& Associates 

Chartered Accountants

नेपाल राष्ट्र बैकको निर्देशन अनुसार तयार गरिएको<br>जीवन विकास लघूवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेडको विवरण उपर<br>स्वतन्त्र लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन

9. हामीले जीवन विकास लघूवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिगेडको यसै साथ संलग्न २०७९।०३इइ२ $19 ६$ जुलाई २०२२) को वासलात सो मितिमा समाप्त भएको आर्थिक नैंर्को नाफा नोक्सान हिसाव, नाफा नोक्सान वाडफाड हिसाव, नगद प्रवाह विवरण, इक्यिटीमा भएको परिवर्तन र प्रमुख लेखा नीतिहरु त्या लेखा सम्बन्दी टिप्पणीहरको लेखा परिक्षण सम्पन्न गरेका छौ। व्यवस्थापनले यी वित्तिय विवरणहर नेपाल राष्ट्र वैकको निर्देशशन अनुसार तयार गरिएको छ।

वित्तिय विवरणहरुप्रति व्यवस्थापनको जिम्मेवारी
२. नेपाल राष्ट्र बैकको निर्देशन अनुरुप युथार्थ र उचित चिच्रण गर्ने वित्तीय विवरणहरु तयार एवं प्रस्तुत गर्ने तथा व्यवस्थापनलाई लागेको उचित आन्तरिक नियन्त्र प्रणालीको तर्जुमा जसले जालसाजी वा गल्ती वाट होर्यू सारभुत किसिमले तुटिरहित वित्तीय विवरण तयार गर्ने, लेड्दानीतिहरुको छनौट एवं परिस्थिति अनुसार लेखासम्वन्धी महत्वपुर्ण अनुमान गर्ने जिम्मेवारी व्यवस्थापनमा रहेको छ।

## लेखापरीक्षकको जिम्मेवारी

३. 'लेखापरीक्षणको आधारमा वित्तीय विवरणहरु उपर मन्तव्य व्यक्त गर्नु हाम्रो दायित्व हो। हामीले हाम्रो लेखापरीक्षण नेपाल लेखापरीक्षणमान बमोजिम सम्पन्त गरेका छौ। ती मानले हामीलाई व्यावसायिक नैतिकतांको पालना गर्ने तथा वित्तीय विवरणहरु सारभूत रुपमा नुटिरहित भएको वारेमा मनासिन आश्वासन प्राप्त गर्न लेखापरीक्षणको योजना बनाउन र लेखापरीक्षण सम्पन्न गंर्न अनिवार्य गराउछन्।

लेखापरीक्षण अन्तर्गत वित्तीय विवरणमा उल्लेखित रकम र खुलासालाई पुष्टि गर्ने प्रमाण प्राप्त गर्न सम्पन्न गरिने कार्यविधि संलग्न हुन्छ। यसरी छनौट गरिएको कार्यविधि ॠाहे जालसाजी वा गल्तीवाट होस सारभुत रुपमा त्रुटियुक्त प्रस्तुति हुन सक्ते जोखिमको लेखाजोखा सहित हाम्रो व्यावसायिक निर्णयमा आधारीत छ। त्यंसरी जोखिमको लेखाजोखा गर्ने कममा, हामीले माइकोफाइनान्सको आन्तरीक नियन्तणउपर नै राय व्यक्त गर्ने उद्देश्यले नभै, परिस्थितिअनुसार हाम्रो लेखा परीक्षण कार्यविधि तयार गर्दा माइकोफाइनान्सले वित्तिय विवरण तयार एवं प्रस्तुति गर्ने कममा अवलम्वन गएको आन्तरीक नियन्त्रण प्रणलीको विश्लेषण गरेका कौ। लेखापरीक्षणमा व्यवस्थापनद्धारा प्रयोगमा ल्याइएको लेखा सिद्धान्तहर एव गरिएका महत्वपूर्ण अनुमानहरुको उपयुक्तताको मूल्याङनका साथै समग्र वित्तीय विवरण प्रस्तुतिको लेलाजोंखा समेत समावेश हुन्छ। हाम्र लेखापरिक्षणले हाम्रो मन्तव्यलाई पर्याप्त आधार प्रदान गर्ने कुरासा हामी विश्वस्त छौ।


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## प्रतिदाबी राय

૪. हाम्रो रायसा, संलग्न वित्तिय विवरणहरूले जीवन विकास लघूवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड को २०७९।०३३२ (१६ जुलाई २०२२) गतेको वित्तीय स्थिति र सो सो मितिमा समाप्त भएको आर्थिक वर्षको संचालन नतिजा र नगत प्रवाहको वैक तथा वित्तिय संस्था सम्ब्र्वी ऐन २०७३ र नेपाल राष्ट्र वैकको निर्देशन अनुसार यथार्थ चित्रण गर्दछ। तर संस्थाको वित्तिय विवरणहरु नेपाल चाटर्ड एकाउण्टेण्ट संस्था द्वारा मिती २०७३०४।०9 (१६ जुलाई २०१६) गते देखि लागु हुने गरि जारी गरिएको नेपाल वित्तिय प्रतिवेदन मानहरु (Nepal Financial Reporting Standards) अनुसार तयार गरिएका छैनन । तसर्थ संस्थाको वित्तिय विवरणहरमा नेपाल वित्तिय प्रतिवेदन मान अनुसारको वित्तिय स्थितीज़ा मेरो राय दिन सक्ते अवस्थामा छैनौं।

## खास लेखापरिक्षकिय विषयबस्तुहु

२. प्रतिदावी रायको आधारमा उल्लेखित विषयबस्तुहरु बाहेक, अन्य खास लेखापरिक्षकिय विषयवस्तुहर नरहेको।

## लेखांक्नको आधार

६. हांग्रो रायमा परिमार्जन नगरि, लेखा सम्बन्चि नीतिको प्रकरण ३ ग़ंड उल्लेखित लेखाइ्दनको आधार ध्यानाकृषण गर्न चाहन्ब्रै। यस वित्तिय विवरण नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार तयार गरिएकोले गर्दा बित्तिय विवरणहर अन्य प्रयोजनको निमित्त उचित नहुन सक्दछ।

अन्य कानुनी तथा नियमक निकायका आवश्यकता सम्बन्धि प्रतिवेदन
ง. हामीद्धारा सम्पन्न गरिएको लेखापरीक्षण को आधारमा देहायका प्रतिवेदन पेश गर्दछधौ :-
क) हामीले लेखापरीक्षण सम्पन्न गर्न आवश्यक ठानेका सुचना तथा स्पष्टिकरणहरु सम्पुर्ण रुपमा पाएक छौ।
ख) यो प्रतिवेदनसंग सम्बन्चित संलग्न बासलात, नाफा नोक्सान हिंाव, नाफानोक्सान बांडफाट हिसाव, इक्विटीमा भएकी परिवर्तन र नग़द प्रवाह विवरण र संलग्न अनुसुचीहरुं नेपाल राप्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार तयार गरितुको साथै संस्थाले राबेको हिसाव किताव, बहिखाता श्रेस्ता र लेखासंग दुरुस्त रहेकाह्धन् ।
ग) नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक निर्देशन अनुसार संस्थाको ब्याज आम्दान्त् हिसाव नगद प्राप्तीको आधारमा लेखाड्दकन गरेको छ।
घ) हामीले संस्थाको श्रेस्ता लेखा परीक्षणको समयमा संस्थाको संचांलक समिति वा त्यसका सदस्य वा कुनै पति प्रतिनिधी वा कुनै पदाधिकारी वा कुनै कर्मचारीले प्रचलित कानुन विपरित कुनै कार्य गरेको वा संस्थाको सम्पत्ति हिनामिना गरेको वा संस्थालाई हानी नोक्सानी गरे गराएको हाम्रो जानकारीमा आएन।
ङ) संस्थाले गरेको कार्य आफ्नो कार्यक्षेत्र भिन्र रहेको पाइयो।
च) हाम्रो रायमा हामीले लेखापरीक्षण गरेको श्रेस्ताहरको आधारमा संस्थाले नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन बमोजिम पर्याप्त पुजीकोष राखेको तथा सम्पत्तिमा सम्भावित नोक्सानीको लागि पर्याप्त व्यवस्था गरेको छ।
छ) संस्थाले आ.व. २०७६।०७९ मा कुनै कर्जा अप⿳ेखेन गरेको छैन।
ज) संस्थाले लगानीकर्ताहरको हित संक्षण विरद्ध कार्य गरेको देखिएन।
क) संस्थामा लेखा सम्बन्दी कुनै जालसाजी भएको, संस्थाको श्रेस्ता र लेखा परिक्षणबाट हाम्रो जानका़रीमा आएन।


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ज) यो वित्तीय विवरण भन्दा अघि मिति २०७९1991०द गते UDIN Number: 230222CA00951WHLIP तथा २०७९19919९ गते UDIN Number: 230306CA00951tZLAj मार्फत लेखापरिक्षकीय राय ब्यत्त गरिएकोमा नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक बाट मिति २०७९199190 गते जारी निर्देशन तथा बोनस संसोधन सम्बन्धी मिति २०७९। $1910 \leftrightharpoons$ मा वित्तिय संस्थाको नाममा जारी परिपत्र बमोजिम संसोधीत बोनस सहितको वित्तिय विवरण संचालक समिति बाट मिति २०७९।१२।०९ मा पारित भइ हामीबाट सो प्रतिवेदनमा लेखापरिक्षकीय राय ब्यत्त गरिएको हो । यसै लेखापरिक्षण प्रतिवेदन मार्फत यस अधि विभिन्न मितिमा जारी भएका लेखापरिक्षण प्रतिवेदनहरु खारेज हुने व्यहोरा अवगत गराउन चाहन्छौ।

स्थान : विराटनगर
मिति : २०७९।१२।०९
UDIN Number: 230326CA00951x1Tkx


जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड
२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको वासलात

| पूँजी तथा दायित्व | अनुसूची | यस वर्ष रु | गत वर्ष रु |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| १．शेयर पूँजी | ૪．9 | १，१५२，६३૪，२००．०० | १，०३४，ちᄃ०，०००．०० |
| २．जगेडा तथा कोषहरु | ४．2 |  | ९९२，१०३，६१०．६り |
| ३．ॠणपत्र तथा बन्ड | ૪．३ | － | － |
| ૪．तिर्न बांकी कर्जा सापट | ૪．〉 | १०，०ち१，६०६，९३९．४० | ९，९२२，२६०，०૫९．ぬ३ |
| ४．निक्षेप दायित्व | ૪． 2 | ९，久૪६，६९१，३७०．久९ | Б，०९०，४१९，४२०．६२ |
| ६．प्रस्तावित नगद लाभांश |  | ৩，३弓७，७१०．০০ | २२，૪१४，७३६．弓૪ |
| ७．आयकर दायित्व |  | － | － |
| द．अन्य दायित्व | ૪．६ | २，२२૪，२७७，૪ぬ૪．弓९ | १，७ॅ०，३९१，२३弓．久१ |
| कुल पूँजी तथा दायित्व |  | २४，६१६，१४४，ち็३．६२ | २१，ॅ४२，४६९，०६६．१६ |
|  |  |  |  |
| सम्पत्ति | अनुसूची | यस वर्ष | गत वर्ष |
| १．नगद मौज्दात |  | ३०，४у२，२९४．У३ | ४૪，ち४६，9१२．४० |
| २．नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकमा रहेको मौज्दात |  | 9ち，400，000．00 | ९०，4००，०००．०० |
| ३．बैंक／वित्तीय संस्थामा रहेको मौज्दात | ૪．७ | ७०१，३००，९९૪．११ | १，३२ॅ，२१३，७९३．०१ |
| ४．माग तथा अल्प सूचनामा प्राप्त हुने रकम |  | － | － |
| \％．लगानी | ૪．弓 | － | － |
| ६．कर्जा सापट | 8.9 | २३，२२૪，७०ぇ，७२१．४३ | १९，९६२，६६१，३०३．६३ |
| ७．स्थिर सम्पत्ति | 8.90 |  | ら७，६३२，९००．३७ |
| द．गैर－बैंकि़्ग सम्पत्ति | 8.99 | － | － |
| ९．अन्य सम्पत्ति | 8.92 | ૪७६，६७૪，३૧७．७९ | ३2ॅ，६१४，9ц६．४\％ |
| कुल सम्पत्ति |  | २४，६१६，१४४，ち็३．६२ | २१，ॅ૪२，૪६९，०६६．१६ |
|  |  |  |  |
| संभावित दायित्व |  | क |  |
| सन्चालकहरको घोषणा |  | अनुसूची ४．२३ |  |
| पुजीकोष तालिका |  | अनुसूची ४．२४ |  |
| जोखिम भारित सम्पत्ति विवरण तालिका |  | अनुसूची ४．२४（क） |  |
| प्रमुख सुचाड्कहर |  | अनुसूची ४．२३ |  |
| प्रमुख लेखा नीतिहरु |  | अनुसूची $૪$. २६ |  |
| लेखा सम्बन्धी टिप्पणीहरु |  | अनुसूची ૪．२७ |  |

૪．१ देखि ४．१३ सम्मका अनूसुचीहरु वासलातका अभिन्न अंग हून् ।

आजको मितिमा जारी गरीएको प्रतिवेदन अनूसार ।

| बिक्रमराज सुवेदी अध्यक्ष | प्रकाश कुमार श्रेष्ठ सञ्चालक | सोनिला शाक्य सञ्चालक | गोकर्ण खतिवडा सञ्चालक | सि．ए．किन्जल पोखरेल प्रोप्राईटर <br> किन्जल एण्ड एसोसिएटस् <br> चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेन्टस् |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| श्याम चन्द्र खतिवडा सञ्चालक | ईन्द्र नारायण देव वैश्य सञ्चालक | अशोक सिटौला सञ्चालक | अंजय कमार मण्डल लेखा प्रमुख | संजय कमार मण्डल प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत |
| मिति ： <br> स्थान ：कटहरी ，मोरङ़ |  |  |  |  |

जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड
नाफा नोक्सान हिसाव
मिति २०७६ श्रावण १ गते देखि २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तसम्म

| विवरण | अनुसूची | यस वर्ष <br> रु | गत वर्ष रु |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| १．ब्याज आम्दानी | 8.98 | ३，२Б२，७૪७，२૧७．२९ |  |
| २．ब्याज खर्च | 8.92 | १，৩০६，०४२，७६६．९१ | 9，०९9，७प६，४९७．२० |
| खुद व्याज आम्दानी |  | १，¢ী७，७૦૪，૪УО．३ち | १，४११，२००，९३६．६ฯ |
| ३．कमिशन तथा अन्य सञ्चालन आम्दानी | ૪．9६ | ३१३，६९૪，६४३．७० | ૪२૪，२७૪，२弓३．9६ |
| ४．सटही घटवढ आम्दानी |  |  |  |
| कुल सञ्चालन आम्दानी |  | १，ち९०，३९९，०९૪．ОБ | १，ち३้，ช७り，२१९．ち9 |
| प．कर्मचारी खर्च | 8．9७ | पू६९，२१०，У३२．९० | と३७，२१६，९२ぇ．७૪ |
| ६．अन्य सञ्चालन खर्च | 8.95 | १२৩，৩৭७，१Ц६．३० | 909，४२ち，そち৩．ら○ |
| ७．सटही घटवढ नोक्सान |  | － | － |
| सम्भावित नोक्सानी व्यवस्था अघिको सक्चालन मुनाफा |  | १，१९३，૪७१，૪०૪．ちょ | १，१ちБ，ち२९，६०३．२७ |
| ¢．सम्भावित नोक्सानि व्यवस्थाहरु | 8.99 | ૪ぁц，2९૪，०१३．६१ | ৩९ู，৩९२，૧६७．৭৩ |
| सक्चालन मुनाफा |  | ७০ূ，१७७，३९৭．২৩ | ३९३，०३७，૪३६．9० |
| ९．गैर सञ्चालन आम्दानी／खर्च | ४．२० |  | ३९，०७९，२०ぬ．้२ |
| १०．सम्भावित नोक्सानी व्यवस्थाबाट फिर्ता | ४．२१ | ૪३३，९२१，२१०．२० | ६७१，७१६，६३९．७9 |
| नियमित कारोवारबाट भएको मुनाफा |  | १，9९०，२२弓，9९६．३७ | १，१०३，¢३३，२ఒ१．३३ |
| ११．असामान्य कारोवारहरुबाट भएको आम्दानी／खर्च | ४．२२ | － | － |
| सम्पुर्ण कारोवार समावेश पछिको खुद मुनाफा |  | 9，9९०，२2弓，9९६．३७ | 9，१०३，¢३३，२Б9．३३ |
| १२．कर्मचारी बोनस व्यवस्था |  | 999，०२२，弓99．६४ | ११०，३ち३，३2ゥ．9३ |
| १३．आयकर व्यवस्था |  | ३१९，२९१，३२६．ち३ | ३१३，१९9，६३७．९० |
| －यस वर्षको कर व्यवस्था <br> －बिगत वर्षसम्मको कर व्यवस्था <br> －यस बर्षको स्थगन कर आम्दानी／（खर्च） |  |  |  |
| खुद नाफा नोक्सान |  | ७¢१，¢१४，0૪९．९० | ६ち०，२ぬょ，३१ฯ．३० |

૪．१४ देखि ४．२२ सम्मका अनूसुचीहर नाफा नोक्सान हिसावका अभिन्न अड्ग हून् ।
आजको मितिमा जारी गरीएको प्रतिवेदन अनूसार ।

बिक्रमराज सुवेदी
अध्यक्ष
प्रकाश कुमार श्रेष्ठ सञ्चालक

ईन्द्र नारायण देव वैश्य
सञ्चालक
श्याम चन्द्र खतिवडा सञ्चालक

सोनिला शाक्य
सञ्चालक
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { अशोक सिटौला अंजय कुमार मण्डल } \\ \text { सञ्चालक } & \text { लेखा प्रमुख }\end{array}$

सि．ए．किन्जल पोखरेल प्रोप्राईटर किन्जल एण्ड एसोसिएटस् चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेन्टस्

संजय कुमार मण्डल प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत

मिति ：
स्थान ：कटहरी ，मोरङ़

जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड
नाफा नोक्सान बाँडफाँड हिसाव
मिति २०७६ श्रावण १ गते देखि २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तसम्म

| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| आम्दानी |  |  |
| १．गत बर्षसम्मको सक्चित मूनाफा | २००，९६७，૪९૪．९० | ૪०७，६२०，६ц९．४९ |
| २．यस वर्षको मूनाफा | งฆ9，¢9૪，०४९．९० |  |
| ३．सटही घटबढ कोष | － | － |
| ४．संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व कोष उपयोग | ६，弓०२，पえ弓．92 | ३，६१४，९३१．२৩ |
| जम्मा | ९乡९，६ち૪，१२७．९६ | १，०९१，६९३，९०६．०६ |
| खर्च |  |  |
| १．गत वर्ष सम्मको सक्चित नोक्सान |  | － |
| गत वर्षसम्मको सक्चित नोक्सानी（सल्भ）१็－०४－२०७७ |  | २०，६०ぬ，पп९．९२ |
| गत वर्षसम्मको सञ्चित नोक्सानी（गरिबी）१૬－०乡－२०७७ |  | १п，०२०，९ชу．९९ |
|  |  |  |
| २．यस वर्षको नोक्सान | － | － |
| ३．साधारण जगेडा कोष |  | २९९，३ぬ९，०३१．४ぇ |
| ૪．भैपरी आउने जगेडा कोष | － | － |
| 2．संस्था विकास कोष | － | － |
| ६．लाभांश समीकरण कोष | － | － |
| ७．कर्मचारी सम्बन्धी जगेडाहरु | － | － |
| द．प्रस्तावित लाभांश | ৩，३弓৩，७৭০．০০ | २२，४१૪，७३६．६૪ |
| ९．प्रस्तावित बोनस शेयर | १૪৩，७૫૪，२००．০০ | ४२ぬ，¢弓०，०००．०० |
| १०．विशेष जगेडा कोष | － | － |
| 9१．सटही घटबढ कोष | － | － |
| १२．पूंजी फिर्ता जगेडा कोष | － | － |
| १३．पूंजी समायोजन कोष | － | － |
| १४．स्थगन कर जगेडा कोष | १૪，૪६y，४૪३．७६ | ¢，१ち७，२ぬ६．ヤ० |
| 94．ग्राहक संरक्षण कोष | ७，499，980．40 | Бᄃ，૪り६，२६७．३६ |
| १६．संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व कोष | ७，49९，9૪०．ц० | ६，ち०२，久え३．92 |
| १७．कर्मचारी दक्षता अभिवृदी कोष | ३，4०३，久0ち．२૪ | － |
| जम्मा | ३३弓，प३१，९ฯ२．९ム | ¢९०，७२६，४१9．१६ |
| १\％सञ्चित मुनाफा／（नोक्सान） | ६२१，१४२，१७૪．९丂 | २००，९६७，४९४．९० |

आजको मितिमा जारी गरीएको प्रतिवेदन अनूसार ।

बिक्रमराज सुवेदी
अध्यक्ष

प्रकाश कुमार श्रेष्ठ सञ्चालक

सोनिला शाक्य सञ्चालक

गोकर्ण खतिवडा सञ्चालक

सि．ए．किन्जल पोखरेल प्रोप्राईटर किन्जल एण्ड एसोसिएटस् चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेन्टस्

| श्याम चन्द्र खतिवडा | ईन्द्र नारायण देव वैश्य | अशोक सिटौला अंजय कुमार मण्डल | संजय कुमार मण्डल |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| सञ्चालक | सञ्चालक | सञ्चालक | लेखा प्रमुख | प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत |

मिति
स्थान ：कटहरी ，मोरङ़


जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड
नगद प्रवाह विवरण
मिति २०७६ श्रावण १ गते देखि २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तसम्म

| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| （क）कारोवार संचालनबाट नगद प्रवाह | （७३弓，ちらマ，О७ぁ，૪१） | （ц，७प७，९२०，३१६．४९） |
| १．नगद प्राप्ति | ३，६४૪，प৩9，૪ぬฯ．ち9 | २，९६६，३१०，९२२．प३ |
| १．१ व्याज आम्दानी | ३，२ち२，७૪७，२૧७．२९ |  |
| १．२ अपलेखित कर्जाको असुली | － | － |
| १．३ कमीशन तथा अन्य आम्दानी | ३६१，Б२૪，२३弓．६० | ૪६३，३ぬ३，४らぁ．६ち |
| २．नगद भुक्तानी | २，ち३६，29७，2६y．09 | १，ธ३०，००४，¢४२．०१ |
| २．१ ब्याज खर्च | १，७০६，०૪२，७६६．९१ | १，০९৭，७Ц६，૪९७．२० |
| २．२ कर्मचारी खर्च | ६ぁᄃ，२३३，३้२．प૪ | ६४ง，६००，२ぬ६．६७ |
| २．३ कार्यालय संचालन खर्च | 90ち，ム६૪，६७૪．९亏 | ९○，६४९，१ぁ७．९४ |
| २．४ आयकर भुक्तानी | ३३३，७Ц६，७७○．ぬら | － |
| २．४ अन्य खर्च | － | － |
| कार्यगत पुँजी गतिविधि अघिको नगद प्रवाह | Б০७，९७३，ち९૦．弓ら | १，१३६，३०४，¢丂०．乡२ |
| सक्चालन सम्बन्धि चालु सम्पत्तिमा कमी／（वृद्धि） |  | （९，ॅ९३，२૪१，१३ぬ．७२） |
| १．माग तथा अल्प सूचनामा प्राप्त हुने रकममा कमी／（बृद्धि） | － | － |
| २．अन्य अल्पकालीन लगानीमा कमी（वृद्धि） | － | － |
| ३．कर्जामा कमी／（वृद्धि） | （३，३२१，१२०，२१¢．०४） | （९，७९૫，ॅ११，००ぬ．y२） |
| ૪．अन्य सम्पत्तिमा कमी／（वृद्धि） | （१३३，久9३，¢૧७．とぁ） | （९७，૪३०，१३०．२०） |
| सक्चालन सम्बन्धि चालु दायित्वमा（कमी）／बृद्धि | १，९०७，Бपム，१६६．३४ | २，९९९，०१廿，弓३ぇ．७१ |
| १．निक्षेप दायित्वमा（कमी）／वृद्धि | १，૪২६，२७৭，९૪९．९७ | २，૪६७，२३३，९，0．९३ |
| २．अल्पकालीन सापटीमा（कमी）／बृद्धि | － | － |
| ३．अन्य दायित्वमा（कमी）／वृद्धि | ૪ฯ१，ฯૅఒ६，२१६．३७ | ど३१，৩ぇ१，९२७．७ぇ |
|  |  |  |
| （ख）लगानी कारोवारमा नगद प्रवाह | （१६，०२९，१३६．७२） | （ц૪，২१६，११૪．७२） |
| १．दीर्घकालीन लगानीमा कमी／（बृद्धि） | － | － |
| २．स्थीर सम्पत्तिमा कमी／（बृद्धि） | （१६，०२९，१३६．७२） | （ц૪，ฯั६，११૪．७२） |
| ३．दीर्घकालीन लगानीमा ब्याज आम्दानी | － | － |
| ૪．लाभाशं आम्दानी | － | － |
| ४．अन्य | － | － |
| （ग）वित्तीय श्रोत कारोवारबाट नगद प्रवाह | १२१，६०૪，ห९ち．२६ | ६，६ఒ६，३३२，Б૪७．४女 |
| १．दीर्घकालीन ॠण（वण्ड，डिबेन्चर आदी）मा बृद्धि／（कमी） | १২९，३૪६，弓७९．弓৩ | ६，प३६，३२२，३२९．३२ |
| २．शेयर पुजींमा बृद्धि／（कमी） | － | २ง৭，प০0，000．00 |
| ३．अन्य दायित्वमा वृद्धि／（कमी） | （३७，७૪२，२弓१．६१） | （१२१，૪ぇ९，૪п१．弓७） |
| ૪．नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट प्राप्त सहुलियत／पूनरकर्जामा वृद्धि（कमी） | － | － |
| （घ）नगद तथा बैंक मौज्दातको विनिमय दरमा भएको फरकबाट आम्दानी／खर्च | － | － |
| （ङ）यस बर्षको सम्पूर्ण गतिधिबाट नगद प्रवाह | （६३३，३०६，६१६．弓७） | 弓७३，弓९६，४१६．२૪ |
| （च）नगद तथा बैंकमा रहेको शूरू मौज्दात |  | とら९，६६३，૪Б¢．२७ |
| （छ）नगद तथा बैंकमा रहेको अन्तिम मौज्दात | ち३०，2め३，2ちら．६४ | १，४६३，पу¢，¢०४．49 |

आजका ।मातमा जारा गराएका प्रातवदन अनूसार

| बिक्रमराज सुवेदी अध्यक्ष | प्रकाश कुमार श्रेष्ठ सञ्चालक | सोनिला शाक्य सञ्चालक | गोकर्ण खतिवडा सञ्चालक | सि．ए．किन्जल पोखरेल प्रोप्राईटर <br> किन्जल एण्ड एसोसिएटस् चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेन्टस् |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| श्याम चन्द्र खतिवडा सञ्चालक | ईन्द्र नारायण देव वैश्य सञ्चालक | अशोक सिटौला सञ्चालक | अंजय कमार मण्डल लेखा प्रमुख | संजय कमार मण्डल प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत |
| मिति ： |  |  |  |  |
| स्थान ：कटहरी，मोरङ़． |  |  |  |  |


| जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड शेयर पूँजी तथा स्वामित्व २०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको |  |  | अनुसूची $\gamma .9$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |  |  |
| १．शेयर पुँजी |  |  |  |  |
| १．१．अधिकृत पुँजी | २，০০০，०००，०००．०० | १，০০०，०००，०००．०० |  |  |
| क）१，००，००，००० साधारण शेयर प्रतिशेयर र．१०० ले | १，০০০，০००，०००．०० | १，০০०，০००，०००．०० |  |  |
| थप ：१，००，००，००० साधारण शेयर प्रतिशेयर रु．१०० ले | १，০০০，০००，०००．०० | － |  |  |
| ख）．．．．．नन्－रिडिमेवल प्रिफरेन्स शेयर प्रतिशेयर रु．．．．．．．．．．ले | － | － |  |  |
| ग）．．．．रिडिमेवल प्रिफरेन्स शेयर प्रतिशेयर रु．．．．．．．．．ले | － | － |  |  |
| १．२．जारी पूँजी | १，०३४，२¢०，०००．०० | ६०п，४००，000．०० |  |  |
| क）६०，५४，००० साधारण शेयर प्रतिशेयर रु．१०० ले | ६०ぇ，४০০，০০০．০० | ६०亏，४००，०००．०० |  |  |
| थप ：४२，४ॅ，¢०० साधारण शेयर प्रतिशेयर रु．१०० ले | ૪२\％，ちム०，०००．०० | － |  |  |
| ख）．．．．．नन्－रिडिमेवल प्रिफरेन्स शेयर प्रतिशेयर रु．．．．．．．．．．ले | － | － |  |  |
| ग）．．．．रिडिमेवल प्रिफरेन्स शेयर प्रतिशेयर रु．．．．．．．．．ले | － | － |  |  |
| १．३．चुक्ता पूँजी | १，०३४，२¢०，०००．०० | ६०૬，४००，०००．०० |  |  |
| क）६०，४४，००० साधारण शेयर प्रतिशेयर रु．१०० ले | ६०п，४০০，০০०．০० | ६०亏，४००，०००．०० |  |  |
| थप ：४२，४८，५०० साधारण शेयर प्रतिशेयर रु．१०० ले | ૪२ぬ，らち०，०००．०० |  |  |  |
| ख）．．．．．．नन्－रिडिमेवल प्रिफरेन्स शेयर प्रतिशेयर रु．．．．．．．．．．ले | － | － |  |  |
| ग）．．．．रिडिमेवल प्रिफरेन्स शेयर प्रतिशेयर रु．．．．．．．．．ले | － | － |  |  |
| १．४ प्रस्ताबित बोनस शेयर | १४७，७૫ ૪，२००．০০ | ४२ぬ，らち०，०००．०० |  |  |
| १．$\frac{\chi}{\text { कल्स इन एडभान्स }}$ | ६००，०००．०० | ६००，०००．०० |  |  |
| १．६ जम्मा रकम（१．9ं＋१．४＋१．้） | १，१५२，६३૪，२००．०० | १，০३૪，Бム०，০००．०० |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| शेयर स्वामित्व विवरण | यस बर्ष रु． |  | गत बर्ष रु． |  |
|  | प्रतिशत | शेयर पुजी | प्रतिशत | शेयर पुजी |
| क）स्वदेशि स्वामित्व | ०\％ | － | 0\％ | － |
| १．१ नेपाल सरकार | 0\％ | － | 0\％ | － |
| १．२ क वर्गका इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त संस्थाहर | ०\％ | － | ०\％ | － |
| १．३ अन्य इजाजतपन्रप्राप्त संस्था | O\％ | － | 0\％ | － |
| १．४ अन्य संस्थाहरु（संस्थापक） | ૪३\％ | ૪૪९，০२૪，૪০০，০০ | ૪३\％ | २६४，१३२，০০०．০० |
| १．४ सर्वसाधरण | ३३\％ | ३३६，१४१，०००．०० | ३३\％ | ৭९৩，७३০，০০০．০০ |
| १．६ अन्य（संस्थापक） | २४\％ | २૪९，११૪，६००．०० | २૪\％ | १४६，ц३弓，०००．०० |
| ख）बैदेशिक स्वामित्व | 0\％ | － | 0\％ | － |
| जम्मा | 900\％ | १，०३४，२ち০，०००．०० | १००\％ | ६०п，४००，०००．०० |

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड

जगेडा तथा कोषहरु
(२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको)


## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड

ॠणपत्र तथा बण्ड
（ २०७弓 साल आषाढ मसान्तको ）

| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु | गत वर्ष रु |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| १．．．．．．．．．．प्रतिशत बण्ड $/$ ॠणपत्र प्रति बण्ड $/$ ॠणपत्र．．．．．रु ले．．．．．मिति．．．．．．．．．मा जारी भएको र मिति．．．．मा चुक्ता हुने सम्मको Redemption Reserve रकम रु．．．．） | － | － |
| १．．．．．．．．．．प्रतिशत बण्ड／ॠणपत्र प्रति बण्ड／ॠणपत्र．．．．．रू ले．．．．．．मिति． $\qquad$ मा जारी भएको र मिति．．．．मा चुक्ता हुने （हाल सम्मको Redemption Reserve रकम रु．．．．） | － | － |
| ३．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | － | － |
| जम्मा（१＋२＋३） | － | － |

अनुसूची $૪ . \gamma$

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड

तिर्न बाँकी कर्जा तथा सापटी
（२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको）

| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| क）स्वदेशी |  |  |
| १．नेपाल सरकार <br> २ नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक <br> ३．रिपो दायित्व <br> ४．बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था <br> प．अन्य संगठित संस्थाहरु <br> ६．अन्य | $\begin{gathered} \text { ६००,०००,०००.०० } \\ - \\ \text {-, ४६१,६०६,९३९.૪० } \end{gathered}$ | ง乡०，०००，००० ९，१७२，२६०，०४९．ぬ३ |
| जम्मा | १०，०६१，६०६，९३९．४० | ९，९२२，२६०，०ぬ९．ぬ३ |
| ख）विदेशी |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { १.बैंकहरु } \\ & \text { २.अन्य } \end{aligned}$ | - | － |
| जम्मा | － | － |
| ग）जम्मा（क＋ख） | १०，०६१，६०६，९३९．४० | ९，९२२，२६०，०प९．ぬ३ |

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड

निक्षेप हिसाब
（२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको）

| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| १．ब्याज तिर्नु नपर्ने खाताहरु | － | － |
| १．१．अनिवार्य वचत निक्षेप <br> १．२．स्वेच्छिक वचत निक्षेप <br> १．३．सर्वसाधारणबाट संकलन गरेको निक्षेप वचत <br> १．૪．अन्य निक्षेप |  |  |
| ब्याज तिर्नु पर्ने खाताहरुको जम्मा |  |  |
| २．ब्याज तिर्नु पर्ने खाताहरु <br> २．१．अनिवार्य वचत निक्षेप <br> २．२．स्वेच्छिक वचत निक्षेप <br> २．३．सर्वसाधारणवाट संकलन गरेको निक्षेप वचत <br> २．४．अन्य निक्षेप |  |  |
| （१ं＋२）जम्मा निक्षेप | ¢，ฯ૪६，६९9，३७०．प९ | ॅ，090，४9९，४२०．६२ |


| जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> अन्य दायित्व <br> （२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको） |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| १．पेन्सन／उपदान दायित्व | १Ч৩，ちO¢，२૪ぬ．ら३ | १३२，৩ら३，२६७．૪ら |
| २．कर्मचारी संचित विदा वापतको व्यवस्था | らけ，ちらО，¢६ち．६ち |  |
| ३．कर्मचारी सञ्चय कोष | ૪，७ム9，99६．२० | ૪，९७৭，৩७૪．৭০ |
| ૪．कर्मचारी कल्याण कोष | － | － |
| प．कर्मचारी वोनश व्यवस्था | 999，०२२，ち99．६૪ | 990，३弓३，३2ら．9३ |
| ६．निक्षेपमा भुक्तानी दिन बाँकी ब्याज |  |  |
| ७．सापटमा भुक्तानी दिन बाँकी ब्याज | 99，4९३，¢६2．00 | १२，प६०，२०४．90 |
| ऽ．सण्ड्री केडिटर्स |  |  |
| ९．शाखा मिलान हिसाव | － | 9そう，३めO．ちょ |
| १०．स्थगन कर दायित्व | － | － |
| ११．भुक्तानी दिन बाकी विलहरु | － | － |
| १२．भुक्तानी दिन बाकी लाभांश | － | － |
| १३．अन्य | 9ちぬ，2ち३，प०७．०२ | १६६，9२У，ช9\％．49 |
| १३．१ कर्मचारीर्लाई औषधी वापत व्यवस्था | ४३，२९9，ᄃ३ぬ．४२ | ३้，६७9，९२ぇ．६久 |
| १३．२ लेखा परिक्षण शुल्क | とOに，200．00 | と०६，६२2．00 |
| १३．३ कर दायित्व（ श्रोतमा करकटी） |  | 9，้ૅ६9，¢७ู．७६ |
| १३．४ अन्य दायित्व | १२у，६૪૪，७३१．०६ | 92ぁ，३弓૪，९६६．9亏 |
| जम्मा | २，२२૪，२७७，૪प૪．弓९ | १，৩ヶ०，३९१，२३弓．49 |

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड

बैंक／वित्तीय संस्थामा रहेको मौज्दात
（२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको）

| विवरण | स्वदेशी मुद्रा | विदेशी मुद्रा रु．मा |  |  | कूल रु． | गत वर्ष रु |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | भा．रु． | परिवर्त्य वि．मु． | जम्मा |  |  |
| १．स्वदेशी इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त संस्थाहरु | ७०१，३००，९९૪．११ | － | － | － | ७०१，३००，९९४．१9 | १，३२弓，२१३，७९३．०१ |
| क．चल्ती खाता |  | － | － | － |  | とু৩y，૦ц६，९૧७．૪१ |
| ख．अन्य खाता | १४०，००ち，ち४२．९२ | － | － | － | १४०，००ぁ，ち૪२．९२ | ७Ц३，१Ч६，弓७乡．६० |
| २．विदेशी बैंकहर | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| क．चल्ती खाता | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| ख．अन्य खाता | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| जम्मा | ७०१，३००，९९૪．११ | － | － | － | ७०१，३००，९९૪．११ | १，३२弓，२१३，७९३．०१ |

नोट：१）सम्बन्घित इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त संस्थाहर समर्थन पत्र अनुसारको कुल मौज्दात रु ७०，१३，००，९९૪．११ रहेको छ
२）अन्य बातामा रहेको जम्मा रकम मध्ये असार अन्तिममा र २१，००，००，०००，०० ग्रहक संरक्षण कोषको लागि EARMARK गरी छुटै लगानी गरिएको छ र त्यस लगानीबाट प्पप्त आम्दानीलाई यसै कोषमा जम्मा गरिएको छ।

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> लगानी

（२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको）

| विवरण | प्रयोजन |  | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | व्यापारिक | अन्य |  |  |
| १．नेपाल सरकारको ट्रेजरी विल | － | － | － | － |
| २．नेपाल सरकारको बचत पत्र | － | － | － | － |
| ३．नेपाल सरकारको अन्य ॠणपत्र | － | － | － | － |
| ४．नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक ॠणपत्र | － | － | － | － |
| प．विदेशी ॠण पत्र | － | － | － | － |
| ६．स्वदेशी इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त संस्था | － | － | － | － |
| ७．बिदेशी बैंक | － | － | － | － |
| द．संगठित संस्थाहरुको शेयर | － | － | － | － |
| ९．संगठित संस्थाहरुको डिवेन्चर तथा बण्ड | － | － | － | － |
| १०．अन्य लगानी |  | － |  |  |
| कूल लगानी | － | － | － | － |
| व्यवस्था | － | － | － | － |
| खूद लगानी | － | － | － | － |


| $\qquad$ <br> जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> शेयर, डिवेन्चर तथा बण्डमा लगानी <br> (२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| विवरण | परल मोल रु | बजार मुल्य अनूसार रु. | व्यवस्था <br> रकम रु. | यस वर्ष रु. | गत वर्ष |
| १. शेयर लगानी |  |  |  | - | - |
| 9.9 ................. कम्पनी लि. | - | - | - | - | - |
| ............ कित्ता साधारण शेयर, प्रति शेयर १०० ले चूक्ता | - | - | - | - | - |
| १.२ .............. कम्पनी (प्रा.लि./लि.) | - | - | - | - | - |
| .........साधारण शेयर (मध्ये...वोनस समेत) प्रति शेयर....ले चूक्ता | - | - | - | - | - |
| १.३ ................... कम्पनी (प्रा.लि./लि.) | - | - | - | - | - |
| ........ प्रतिशत .... प्रिफरेन्स शेयर प्रति शेयर रू. ..... ले चूक्ता | - | - | - | - | - |
| २ डिवेन्चर तथा वण्डमा लगानी | - | - | - | - | - |
| २.१ ...... कम्पनी (प्रा.लि./लि.) | - | - | - | - | - |
| ...... प्रतिशत डिवेन्चर/वण्ड प्रति डिवेन्चर/वण्ड ..... रू. ले ... | - | - | - | - | - |
| २.२ ................ | - | - | - | - | - |
| २.३ ................. | - | - | - | - | - |
| कुल लगानी | - | - | - | - | - |
| ३. जोखिम सम्बन्धी व्यवस्था | - | - | - | - | - |
| ३.१ गत वर्ष सम्मको व्यवस्था | - | - | - | - | - |
| ३. २ यस वर्षको थप/घट | - | - | - | - | - |
| कुल व्यवस्था | - | - | - | - | - |
| खुद लगानी | - | - | - | - | - |


| जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड कर्जा सापट वर्गिकरण र सोको लागि व्यवस्था （२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको） |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| विवरण | कर्जा सापट बिबरण |  |  | गत वर्ष रु． |
|  | विमित | अविमित | यस बर्षको जम्मा |  |
| १．सक्रिय कर्जा सापट | － | २३，ц૪७，१९૪，३२ц．९७ | २३，ム૪७，१९૪，३२૫．९७ | २०，३३३，०९૪，久१ч．६१ |
| 9.9 असल | － | २३，४९ち，ち७७，০९ち．久१ | २३，४९Б，弓७७，০९ち．久१ | २०，१५०，९६६，૪ぬ१．२ぬ |
| १．२ सूक्ष्म निगरानी |  | ૪ৈ，३१ง，२२७．૪६ | ૪ъ，३१७，२२७．૪६ | १४२，१२ち，०६૪．३६ |
| २．निस्क्रिय कर्जा सापट | － | २३२，१६३，¢้२．३弓 | २३२，१६३，้ぬ२．३弓 | १२»，१४३，१४૪．६९ |
| २．१ कमसल | － | ૪२，०९३，३०१．Б३ | ४२，০९३，३०१．弓३ | २४，ち६३，9ヶ\％．9૪ |
| २．२ शंकास्पद | － | ७२，२११，२६૪．०६ | ७२，२११，२६૪．०亏 | ૪२，४૪ц，९०३．३१ |
| २．३ खराब | － |  |  | とง，ぇ३૪，૦ч६．२४ |
| ३ कूल कर्जा（१＋२） | － | २३，७७९，३૫৩，弓७Б．३ぬ |  | २०，૪૫ъ，२३७，६६०．३० |
| ४．कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था | － | цนข，६ヤ९，१น६．९२ | цू૪，६ヤ९，१ц६．९२ |  |
| ४．9 असल | － | ३०ぬ，૪ヶぬ，ช०२．२弓 | ३०ぬ，૪ちみ，ช०२．२弓 | २६२，३้२，६०२．久१ |
| ४．२ सूक्ष्म निगरानी |  | २，४१\％，匹६१．३७ | २，४9\％，ち६१．३७ | ७，६०६，૪०૪．०६ |
| ४．३ कमसल | － | १०，४२३，३२ぬ．૪६ | १०，४२३，३२ぬ．૪६ | ६，२१४，७९६．७० |
| ४．३ शंकास्पद | － | ३६，१०ц，६३२．०૪ | ३६，१०४，६३२．०४ | २१，२२२，९૫२．૪૫ |
| ४．४ खराब | － |  |  | עง，ธ३૪，0y६．२૪ |
| ४． 4 अतिरिक्त | － | ち२，२そ९，९४९．३० | द२，२้९，९ヤ९．३० | १४०，३૪૪，2૪૪．久१ |
| ४．६ तेस्रो पक्षको घितोमा प्रबाह भएको कर्जाको लागी थप | － | － | － | － |
| ४．गत वर्षसम्मको कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था | － |  | ૪९ぬ，ц७६，३้३．ц9 |  |
| ¢．9 असल | － | २६२，३Ц२，६०२．ぬ१ | २६२，३้२，६०२．久१ | २७३，০२९，३०६．૪२ |
| प．२ सूक्ष्म निगरानी |  | ७，६०६，૪૦૪．૦६ | ৩，६०६，૪૦૪．०६ | － |
| 久．३ कमसल | － | ६，२१४，७९६．७० | ६，२१४，७९६．७० | १，२ぁ७，Ц३०．久० |
| Y．४ शंकास्पद | － | २१，२२२，¢¢२．૪้ | २१，२२२，१ぬ२．४้ | १९，ち२६，६६०．१४ |
| 4.4 बराब | － | цง，ち३૪，०ц६．२૪ | とง，モ३૪，૦乡६．२૪ | ૪૪，弓ム६，น้२．३弓 |
| \％．६ अतिरिक्त | － | १४०，३૪૪，ц૪१．ぬ้ | १४०，३૪૪，2४१．ぬ้ | ६६，¢२३，७३२．३้ |
| ५．७ तेप्रो पक्षको घितोमा प्रबाह भएको कर्जाको लागी थप | － | － | － | － |
| ६．यस वर्षको नोक्सानी ब्यवस्था फिर्ता | － | ४२६，२२१，२१०．२० | ४२६，२२१，२१०．२० | ६७१，७१६，६३९．७१ |
| ७．यस वर्षको थप कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था | － | ૪ムぬ，२९४，०१३．६१ | ૪弓ぬ，२९४，०१३．६१ | ७६१，७६९，२१४．४० |
| 5．यस वर्षमा थप／फिर्ता | － | － | － | － |
| ९．कुल कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था（ $(-६+\cup)$ |  |  |  |  |
| ९．कुल कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था（ $\chi-\xi+$ ） |  | पू૪，६४९，१૫६．९२ | цू૪，६ヤ९，१ц६．९२ |  |
| खूद कर्जा（३－४） | － | २३，२२૪，७०弓，७२१．૪३ | २३，२२૪，७०弓，७२१．૪३ | १९，९६२，६६१，३०३．ち३ |


| जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> स्थिर सम्पत्ति <br> （२०७९ साल आणाढ मसान्तको） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| विवरण | सम्त्ती |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | यत्र वर्ष ह． | गत वर्ष 巨 |
|  | भवन | परिवन साषन | कम्प्युर | फलिचिचर फिक्सर | कार्यालय सामान | लीज होल्ड सम्मित | सफ्ट्वेयर | अन्य |  |  |
| 9．परलमोल |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| （क）गत वर्षको मौन्दात | २0，99\％，$¢ ¢ .49$ | २द，99\％，20६，४६ | 9९，909，0२९．．७4 | 94， 250,9 Р0，39 | २з，939，99\％．9६ | 399，¢ 3 3． 39 | २，६६¢，500．00 | ३，М4Ц，¢६७．२३ | 99\％，३२६，०३9，७७ | ¢0，¢9 \％， $572 . .5 \gamma$ |
| （ब）यस वर्षको थप | － | － | $3,390,590,00$ | ३，Ч99，99\％．92 | $\xi, \bigcirc \bigcirc \xi, 994 . ६\rangle$ | १७ฺ，৩५¢．০০ | $9 \mathrm{P} 9,200.00$ | १，४०३，¢२४．00 | १६，0२७，3¢9．७४ |  |
| （T）सल्भ लघुवुत्त वित्तीय संस्थाबाट सारेको |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | 3，\％35，З3¢． 34 |
| （घ）गरिवी लघुवित्त वित्तीय संश्याबट सारेको |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | $9,539,34 \% .92$ |
| （ङ）यस वर्ष पुर्मुल्याष्क／／पून्बेख |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | － |
| （च）यस वर्पको विक्री |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | － |
| （छ）यस वर्षको अपतेबन | － | － | 9६¢，२亏¢．६¢ | 99, ，७3．93 | २05，30\％，00 | $\xi, 572.9 \xi$ | － | २७，२8¢． 99 |  | ¢оу， $904 . ६ \bigcirc$ |
| कूल（ （＋ब＋ग－घ－छ）परलमोल | २0，9¢¢，$¢ ¢ .49$ | २5， $99 \%, 20 \xi, 8 \xi$ | २२，२82，420．90 | 99，089，989．35 | ३०，१२९，७९¢． $2 ¢$ | 2， $00,43 ¢ .83$ | उ，६¢६，000，00 | 4，9३१，२＞9．4२ | १२९，¢Р४， $589.5 ¢$ | 99\％，3₹\％，039．69 |
| २．हास कही |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| （क）गत र्षको मौन्दात | २，३२४，७७ ¢．९७ | 2，308，5̄ $7,9 \gamma$ | ७，3७२，4६२． 52 | $2,255,499.97$ | द，प२२，७२२．६३ | 9r¢，¢६६．प७ | ¢ 3र， $593 . .4{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 9， $203, ¢ \times 9.9 \%$ | ३१，१६७，९९२．४२ | 9з，9९६，9૫३．३३ |
| （ब）यस वर्षको | п¢3，$¢ ¢ \% .25$ | ४，१२३，，२४，३४ | 3，४७9，0४¢，¢9 | $3,993,834.48$ |  | ७७，९३¢．२\％ |  | $弓 \square 弓, Э ¢ \% .25$ | 9\％，Ө६९，१०६．९७ |  |
| （घ）गरिवी लघ्युत्त वित्तीय संश्याटट सारेको |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |
| （ङ）हास कही पुर्मुर्यु／ष्ष／／पून्तेबत |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | － |
| （छ）हासकक्टी रकम समायोजन／फफर्ता |  |  | （95， 828.90 ） | （9，5＞8， $9 \%$ ） |  | （ $350.0 ६$ ） | － | （9，5¢0．59） | （82，9९ง．30） | （954，99\％ 9.9 ） |
| कुल हास कड़ी | ३，२9¢，३\％3．42 | 90，095，509．05 | 90， $524,942.33^{\text {\％}}$ | $5,900,909.92$ |  | २२\％，६२\％，७¢ |  | २，050，424． 33 | ४९，599，००२．09 |  |
| 3．वुक भ्यालु（WDV＊）（9－२） | १६，९७७，७२६．०४ | 95，59\％，¢९७．35 | 99，४२०，३९२．७४ | 90，379，03¢，8\％ | १६，$¢ \xi, 9,9 \gg, २ ३$ | 388，999． 8 | २，३३้，३२२．६६ | 3， $040,5 \% 2 \chi, 99$ | ¢0，0३२，93¢．७9 |  |
| ४．जगा | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | ૪，४७६，¢q¢，．00 |  |
| \％．पूँीगत निर्माण（पूँजीकरण गरिपुपने） | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － |
| जन्मा（3＋$\gamma+\chi$ ） | १६，९७७，૭२६．०४ | $95,5 ¢ 4, ¢ ¢ \bigcirc 0.35$ | ११，८२०，३९२．७૪ | 90，389，03¢．\％\％ |  | 387 ¢999．80 | २，३३้，३ヤ२．६६ | 3，040，६¢\％，७¢ | ¢8， $209,42 \%$ ， 09 | 弓७，६३२，९०0．३७ |
| ＊Written Down Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> गैर बैंकिड्ग सम्पत्ति <br> (२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | गैर बैंकिड्ञ सम्पत्ति सकार गरेको मिति | कुल गैर बैंकि़्ग सम्पति रकम रु | नोक्सानी व्यवस्था |  | खूद गैर बैंकिंग | गत वर्ष रु. |
| ठेगाना |  |  | प्रतिशत | रकम रु. |  |  |
|  | - | - |  | - | - | - |
|  | - | - |  | - | - | - |
|  | - | - |  | - | - | - |
|  | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| कुल जम्मा | - | - | - | - | - | - |



## अनुसूचि ૪.१३

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड

सम्भावित दायित्वहरु
(२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको)

| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु. | गत वर्ष रु. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| जमानत | - | - |
| अपरिवर्त्य कर्जा प्रतिबद्धता (Irrevocable Loan Commitment) | - | - |
| आयकर वापत सम्भावित दायित्व | - | - |
| Acceptance सहित अन्य सवै प्रकारका सम्भावित दायित्वहरु | - | - |
| चुक्ता वा भुक्तान हुन बांकी शेयर लगानी | - | - |
| भुक्तानीको लागि दावी परेको जमानत | - | - |
| संस्थाउपर दावी परेको तर संस्थाले दायित्व स्वीकार नगरेको दायित्वहरु | - | - |
| जम्मा | - | - |

जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड व्याज आम्दानी

मिति २०७६ श्रावण १ गते देखि २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तसम्म

| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| क．कर्जा सापटमा | ३，२६૪，७२३，२०૪．弓ぁ | २，૪ெ૪，२१३，३९ฯ．१૪ |
| ख．लगानीमा | － | － |
| १．नेपाल सरकारको सुरक्षण पत्र | － | － |
| ३．नेपाल राष्ट्रबैंकको ऋणपत्र | － | － |
| ४．डिवेन्चर तथा बण्ड | － | － |
| प．अन्तर बैंक लगानीमा व्याज | － | － |
| ग．एजेन्सी मौज्दातमा | － | － |
| घ．माग तथा अल्प सुचनामा प्राप्त हुने मौज्दातमा | － | － |
| ङ．अन्यमा | 9ヶ，02૪，09२．४१ | ৭ち，৩૪૪，০३弓．७৭ |
| १．बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थामा रहेको मौज्दातमा | 9ち，०२૪，०१२．४१ | 9ち，৩૪૪，০३弓．৩9 |
| जम्मा | ३，२ヶ२，৩૪৩，২૧৩．२९ |  |


| जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> ब्याज खर्च <br> मिति २०७६ श्रावण १ गते देखि २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तसम्म |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| क．निक्षेप दायित्वमा | ७६६，९丂¢，७४१．৩9 | ६२૪，पү२，६३६．弓३ |
| १．सदस्यहरुको बचतमा | ७६६，९丂¢，७૪१．७9 | ६२૪，प४२，६३६．弓३ |
| २．सर्वसाधारणको निक्षेपमा | － | － |
| ख．कर्जा तथा सापटमा | ९३९，०ぬ ३，०२y．२० | ૪६७，२१३，ち६०．३७ |
| १．ॠणपत्र तथा वण्ड | － | － |
| २ नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट प्राप्त कर्जा | २३，प३९，७२६．०० | － |
| ३ अन्तर बैंक／वित्तीय संस्था कर्जा | 99\％，29३，29९．20 | ૪६७，२१३，¢६०．३७ |
| ४．अन्य संगठित संस्था | － | － |
| प．अन्य कर्जा | － | － |
| ग．अन्यमा | － | － |
| जम्मा | १，७०६，०૪२，७६६．९१ | १，०९१，७Ц६，૪९७．२० |

जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड कमिशन तथा अन्य सक्चालन आम्दानी
मिति २०७६ श्रावण १ गते देखि २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तसम्म

| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| १．सेवा शूल्क | २६૪，३६り，२९૪．ち१ | ३६४，७६О，¢у¢．३० |
| २．नवीकरण शुल्क | － | － |
| ३．इ．प्रा．कमिशन वापत | － | － |
| $\gamma$ ．बट्टा आम्दानी | － | － |
| ४．अन्य | ૪९，३२९，३૪ゥ．ち९ |  |
| जम्मा | ३१३，६९૪，६૪३．७० | ૪२૪，२७૪，२ち३．१६ |

अनूसुची ૪．१७
जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड
कर्मचारी खर्च
मिति २०७द श्रावण १ गते देखि २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तसम्म

| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9．तलव | २७Ч，¢९२，३ら७．૪१ | २ぬ२，९६y，09y．00 |
| २．भत्ता | 9९，प२३，२ू३．१२ | १२，२०१，प१३．०० |
| ३．सञ्चयकोषमा थप | २७，६०२，Я३३．६૪ | २૪，9ぇ०，३૪¢．00 |
| ૪．तालिम खर्च |  | १，६७૪，१३૪．०० |
| ४．पोशाक |  | ฯ，०७२，०००．०० |
| ६．औषधीपचार | ९，३ぬ०，२१३．०० | 乞，६૪०，३२૪．ОО |
| ७．वीमा |  | 9९，¢३०，そ¢ち．00 |
| द．विदा वापतको व्यवस्था | ৭Ғ，¢૪૪，३ぬ०．૪О | २丩，६ぁぁ，६०9．९६ |
| ९．पेन्सन तथा उपदान व्यवस्था | २७，६२३，૪६७．૦○ | ¢१，9ヶ૪，६ОУ．३้ |
| $9 ०$ ．अन्य खर्च | ৩૪，९६७，७९ぇ．૪ち | と૪，९७९，६३ち．૪३ |
| जम्मा | と६९，२१०，प३२．९० | と३७，२१६，९२ち．७૪ |


| जीवन विकास लघुवि <br> अन्य <br> मिति २०७द श्रावण १ गते | वत्तीय संस्था लि न खर्च २०७९ आषाढ म | अनूसुची ४．१६ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| 9．घरभाडा | २৩，૪प৩，६६९．О९ | २१，९२०，९०૪．७३ |
| २．बत्ती，विजुली र पानी | ३，३२९，ら६ぬ．४२ | २，৩७३，૪О३．१३ |
| ३．मर्मत तथा सम्भार | १，¢२૫，६९७．O○ | ७Ч९，७७२．ОО |
| （क）भवन | २૪，9९Y．00 | 9，\％00．00 |
| （ख）सवारी साधन | 9，4̌9，429．00 | ७Цぇ，२७२．০০ |
| （ग）अन्य | २४९，९७३．०० | － |
| ૪．बीमा | २，૪ழぬ，६Оム．૪२ | १，४२弓，७०३．૫० |
| ४．पोष्टेज，टेलेक्स，टेलीफोन ，फ्याक्स | ९，О००，१०३．१३ | ぁ，६२१，२३३．९৩ |
| ६．कार्यालय उपकरण，फर्निचर र सम्भार | ৭，৩৭३，ち२ち．०० | ९Оム，१३६．уО |
| ७．भ्रमण भत्ता र खर्च | ३，२६२，२२ง．О○ | १，৩ら२，ち३६．ОО |
| ᄃ．मसलन्द र छपाई | ૪，७३弓，३ら२．६१ | と，૪৭૪，弓६७．७О |
| ९．पत्रपत्रिका तथा पुस्तक | २ง，9¢૪．OO | と०，६३०．2ら |
| १०．विज्ञापन | とু৩૪，৩૪६．०० | ¢४у，૪૪О．ОО |
| ११．कानुनी तथा परामर्श खर्च | २३ぬ，000．00 | とぁ，000．00 |
| १२．चन्दा खर्च | － | － |
| १३．सञ्चालक समितिसम्वन्धी खर्च | ४१२，9丂१．०० | 292，000．00 |
| （क）वैठक भत्ता | 9え弓，000．00 | २弓३，०00．00 |
| （ख）अन्य खर्च | २२૪，9ち9．00 | 9，000．00 |
| १४．साधारण सभासम्वन्धी खर्च | ३४३，О३り．ОО | こ७，久00．OO |
| १४．लेखापरीक्षणसम्वन्धी खर्च | уоち，400．00 | ૪乡२，000．00 |
| （क）बाह्य लेखापरीक्षण शुल्क | уоち，y00．00 | ૪у२，000．00 |
| （ख）आन्तरीक लेखापरीक्षण खर्च | － | － |
| （ग）अन्य खर्च | － | － |
| १६．रकम स्थानान्तरण कमिशन |  |  |
| १७．स्थिर सम्पत्तिमा ह्रासकट्टी | 9ち，७६९，१०६．९৩ | १ち，१ฯぁ，७Б9．२३ |
| १६．पुर्वसञ्चालन खर्च अपलेखन | － | － |
| १९．शेयर निष्काशन खर्च | － | ৩，४२३，૦ち२．૦○ |
| २०．प्राविधिक सेवा सोधभर्ना | १，०ら१，६६०．०० | ૪२ぬ，जら૪．OO |
| २१．मनोरन्जन खर्च | － | － |
| २२．अपलेखन खर्च | ३弓३，३७૪．३ぬ | ६२०，७9०．६३ |
| २३．सुरक्षा खर्च |  |  |
| २४．कर्जा सुरक्षण प्रिमियम |  |  |
| २४．कमिशन र डिस्काउण्ट | पू६，७१६．६६ |  |
| २६．अन्य खर्च |  | ३৩，২め६，३२૪．१३ |
| क संक्चार खर्च | － | － |
| ख अतिथि सत्कार खर्च | 9¢2，499．00 | ६६०，१ఒ३．०० |
| ग परिक्षा खर्च | ૪६ぁ，Oぬ૪．OO | ৩サ，¢२৩．OO |
| घ इन्धन खर्च | १৭，२७૪，७૪२．३ぬ | ぬ，२३૨，२७০．০০ |
| ड सदस्यता शुल्क | ३০६，४७О．О০ | ૪О३，६९Y．OO |
| च कर्जा सापट शुल्क | － | － |
| छ संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व सम्बन्धी खर्च | ६，ち०२，久ち३．9ぬ | ३，ॅ१४，९३१．२७ |
| ज विविध खर्च | ३१，७३६，२ぬ ३．१ぬ | ২৩，০६९，३१৩．ち६ |
| जम्मा | १२७，७१७，१૫६．३० | १०९，૪२弓，६ち७．ら० |

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड

 सम्भावित नोक्सानी व्यवस्थामिति २०७६ श्रावण १ गते देखि २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तसम्म

| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| १．कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्थामा भएको बृद्धि | ૪ఒу，२९૪，०१३．६१ | ७६१，७६९，२१४．〉० |
| २．लगानी नोक्सानी व्यवस्थामा भएको बृद्धि | － | － |
| ३．गैर बैंकिग सम्पत्ति नोक्सानी व्यवस्था | － | － |
| ४．अन्य सम्पत्तिमा गरिएको व्यवस्था | － | ३૪，०२२，¢Ч३ |
| जम्मा | ૪ъぬ，२९૪，०१३．६१ | ७९ぬ，७९२，१६७．৭৩ |


| जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> गैर सक्चालन आम्दानी／नोक्सान <br> मिति २०७द श्रावण १ गते देखि २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तसम्म |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| १．लगानी विकीबाट आम्दानी／（नोक्सान） | － | － |
| २．सम्पत्ति बिकीबाट आम्दानी／（नोक्सान） | － | － |
| ३．लाभांश | － | － |
| \％．अन्य | ४ъ，१२९，४้९૪．९० | ३९，०७९，२०४．Ц२ |
| खुद गैर सन्चालन आम्दानी／（नोक्सान） |  | ३९，०७९，२०प．้२ |


| जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> सम्भावित नोक्सानी व्यवस्थाबाट फिर्ता <br> मिति २०७द श्रावण १ गते देखि २०७९ आषाढ मसान्तसम्म |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| १．कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्थाबाट फिर्ता | ૪२६，२२१，२१०．२० | ६७१，७१६，६३९．ง१ |
| २．गैर बैंकग सम्पत्ति नोक्सानी व्यवस्थाबाट फिर्ता | － |  |
| ३．लगानी व्यवस्थाबाट फिर्ता | － |  |
| ४．अन्य सम्पत्तिको व्यवस्थाबाट फिर्ता | ७，७০০，০০০．০০ |  |
| जम्मा | ૪३३，९२१，२१०．२० | ६७१，७१६，६३९．७१ |
|  |  |  |
| Note： |  |  |
| अन्य ：（गैर सक्चालन आम्बानी） |  |  |
| Write－back of provision on pension saving | 48，129，594．90 | 39，079，205．52 |


| जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड असामान्य कारोवारहरुबाट भएको आम्दानी/खर्च मिति २०७द श्रावण १ गते देखि २०७९ आणाढ मसान्तसम्म |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु. | गत वर्ष रु. |
| १. अपलेखन भएको कर्जाको असुली | - | - |
| २.स्वेच्छिक अवकाश खर्च |  | - |
| ३.असुली हुन नसक्ने कर्जाको अपलेखन(४.२弓क) | - | - |
| ४. अन्य खर्च / आम्दानी | - | - |
| Y. .............. | - | - |
| जम्मा | - | - |


| जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> अपलेखित कर्जाको विवरण <br> आर्थिक वर्ष ova/ov९ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| क.सं. | कर्जा प्रकार | $\begin{gathered} \text { अपलेबन } \\ \text { गरिएको रकम } \end{gathered}$ | धितो/जमानीको प्रकार तथा रकम | धितो मुल्यांकनको आधार | कर्जा स्वीकृत गर्ने अधिकारी/तह | कर्जा असुलीका लागि भए गरेको प्रयास | कैफियत |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | कुल कजा | - | - | - | - | - |  |

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड संचालक/कार्यकारी प्रमुख/संस्थापक/कर्मचारी तथा शेयरहोल्डरहरुलाई गएको कर्जा सापट विवरण (२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको)

खरीद तथा डिस्काउण्ट गएिका विलहर र कर्जा,सापट तथा अधिविकर्षमा प्रवाहित कुल रकम मध्ये सन्चालक,कार्यकारी प्रमुख,संस्थापक,कर्मचारी,शेयर होल्डरहर र निजहरको परिवारका सदस्य वा त्यस्ता व्यक्ति जमानी बसेको वा मैनेजिज्र एजेण्ट भएको कुनै संस्था वा कम्पनिलाई गएको रकमको विवरण देहाय बमोजिम छ।

| संस्थापक/संचालक/कार्यकारी प्रमुखको नाम | गत वर्षको बाँकी |  | यस वर्षमा असुली |  | यस वर्षमा थप कर्जा | यस वर्षमा बाँकी |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | सावाँ | व्याज | सावाँ | व्याज |  | सावाँ | व्याज |
| (क) सञ्चालक |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| १. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| २. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (ख) कार्यकारी प्रमुख |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| १. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| २. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (ग) संस्थापक |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| १. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| २. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (घ) कर्मचारी |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| १. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| २. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ३. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ૪. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| y. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ६. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ७. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (ङ) शेयरधनीरहरु |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| १. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| २. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| जम्मा | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

# जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> पुँजीकोष तालिका <br> （२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको） 

（रु．हजारमा）

| विवरण | यस वर्ष रु． | गत वर्ष रु． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| क）प्राथमिक पुँजी <br> （१）चूक्ता पुँजी（साधारण शेयर） <br> （२）प्रस्ताबित बोनश शेयर <br> （३）शेयर प्रिमियम <br> （४）फिर्ता नहूने अग्राधिकार शेयर <br> （ц）साधारण जगेडा कोष <br> （६）सन्चित／नाफा नोक्सान <br> （७）वासलातमा देखाईएको चालु आ．व．को नाफा नोक्सान हिसावको रकम <br> （ $\boldsymbol{\square}$ ）पुंजी फिर्ता जगेडा कोष <br> （९）पुंजी समायोजन कोष <br> （१०）कल्स इन एढभान्स <br> （११）अन्य स्वतन्त्र कोषहरु <br> घटाउने： <br> －ख्याति（Goodwill）वापतको रकम <br> －स्थगन कर सम्पत्ती <br> －सीमा भन्दा बढी शेयर सुरक्षणपत्रमा लगानी गरिएको रकम <br> －अवास्तविक सम्पत्ति（Fictitious Assets） <br> －वित्तीय स्वार्थ रहेको कम्पनीको धितोपत्रमा लगानी गरेको रकम <br> －यस बैकको निर्देशन पालना नगरि स्वप्रयोजनका लागि घर जग्गा खरिद गरेको रकम <br> －सिमा भन्दा बढि आवास भवन निर्माण तथा जग्गा बिकासमा लगानी गरेको रकम <br> －तोकिएको समयभित्र बिक्री बितरण गर्न नसकिएको शेयर प्रत्याभुति <br> －प्रचलित ऐन तथा कानुनले प्रतिबन्ध गरेका व्यक्ती तथा समुहहरुलाई प्रदान गरेको कर्जा तथा सुबिधाहरु | $\begin{gathered} \text { १,०३४,२६०.०० } \\ \text { १४७,७४४.२० } \\ - \\ - \\ \text { ६१३,६१९.२० } \\ \text { ६२१,१४२.१७ } \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ \text { ६००.०० } \\ \text { १०९,७६९.९4 } \\ \text { ७૪,९३९.९4 } \\ - \\ \text { ७૪,९३९.९4 } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| क）प्राथमिक पुंजी | २，૪ソマ，२३้．ど৩ | १，७३३，९१३．弓ぁ |
| ख）पूरक पुँजी <br> （१）असल कर्जाको लागि गरिएको कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था <br> （२）अतिरिक्त कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था <br> （३）हाइव्रिड पुंजी उपकरणहरु <br> （४）सूरक्षण नराखिएको सहायक आवाधिक ॠण <br> （६）सम्पत्ति पूनर्मुल्याङ्कन कोष <br> （७）लगानी समायोजन कोष | ३૦७,९૦૧. २६ | २६९,У९९१.१० |
| ख）पूरक पुँजी | ३०७，९०9．२६ | २६9，499．90 |
| ग）पुँजीकोष（क＋ख） | २，७६०，१३६．ち૪ | २，००३，प०४．99 |
| घ जोखिम भारित सम्पत्तिको आधारमा कायम गर्नूपर्ने न्युनतम पुँजीकोष पुँजीकोष <br> （ $\varsigma$ प्रतिशत） <br> प्राथमिक पुँजी <br> （४ प्रतिशत） |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { १,७२४,३६३.०६ } \\ \text { Б६२,६९१.५३ } \end{gathered}$ |
| पुँजीकोष अधिक（न्युन）३．१० प्रतिशतले प्राथमिक पुँजी अधिक（न्युन）$\check{\text { ．६६ प्रतिशतले }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { २७ゥ,१२१.९३ } \\ & \text { ょ७१,२२२.३ぬ } \end{aligned}$ |

अनुसूची $\gamma . २ ४(क)$ जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड जोखिम भारित सम्पत्ति विवरण तालिका （२०७९ साल आषाढ मसान्तको）
（ख．हजारमा）

| वासलात बमोजिमको सम्पत्ति（ On－Balance－Sheet Assets） | भार |  |  |  | （¢．हजारमा） |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | यस वर्ष |  | गत वर्ष |  |
|  |  | रकम | जोखिम भारित सम्प्ति | रकम | जोखिम भारित सम्पत्ति |
| नगद मौज्दात | $\bigcirc$ | ३०，४૫२．२९ | － | ४४，ち૪६．१9 | － |
| नेपाल राष्ट्र बैक्मा रहेको मौज्दात | $\bigcirc$ | ९丂，200．00 | － | ९○，400．00 | － |
| नेपाल सरकारको ॠृणपत्रमा गरिएको लगानी | － | － | － | － | － |
| नेपँल राष्ट्र बैंकको ॠणपत्रमा गरेको लगानी | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | － | － |
| आफ्तै मुद्ती रसीदको धितोमा पुर्ण सुरक्षित हुनेगरी प्रदान गरिएको मुद्ती रसीद धितो कर्जा | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | － | － |
| सरकारी सुरक्षणपत्रको धितोमा पुर्ण सूरक्षित हूने गरी प्रदान गरिएको कर्जा | － | － | － | － | － |
| सरकारी सुरक्षणपत्रको पाउनूपर्ने व्याज रकम（Accrued Interest） | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | － | － |
| बैंक र वित्तीय संस्थाहरममा रहेको मौज्दात／मुद्दती रसिदको दावी（Claims） | २० | ७०१，३००．९९ | १४०，२६०．२० | १，३२ॅ，२१३．७९ | २६४，६४२．७६， |
| मागेको बखत प्राप्त हूने रकम（Money at Call） | २० | － | － | － | － |
| अन्तर बैंक सापटी | २० | － | － | － | － |
| शेयर，डिवेन्चर एवं बण्डमा भएको लगानी | 900 | － | － | － | － |
| अन्य लगानीहर | 900 | － | － | － | － |
| कर्जा，सापट（कुल रकम） | 900 | २३，७७९，३้७．ちᄃ | २३，७७९，३ぬ७．ちら | २०，४乡ム，२३७．६६ | २०，४цॅ，२३७，६६ |
| स्थिर सम्पत्तिहर | 900 | ち૪，久०९．久६ | ち૪，ห०९．久६ | 弓७，६३२．९० | 弓७，६३२．९० |
| पाउनु पन अन्य खुद ब्याज रकम（कुल पाउनु पन ब्याज－सरक।री ॠणपप्र तथा वचत पत्रको ब्याज－ब्याज मुल्तवी | 900 | － | － | － | － |
| अन्य सबै सम्पत्तिहर（खुद अग्रिम कर दाखिला वाहेक） | 900 | ३६ц，३७ぬ．〉७ | ३६४，३३乡，૪७ | ३०९，३९ち．३३ | ३०९，३९ち．३३ |
| （क）जम्मा |  | 2ू，०у९，४९६．१९ | २४，३६९，久०३．१० | २२，३१п，ち२ち．ち० | २१，१२०，९११．६४ |
| वासलात बाहिरको कारोबारहर（Off－Balance－Sheet Assets） |  |  |  |  |  |
| जमानत | 900 | － | － | － | － |
| अपरिवर्त्य कर्जा प्रतिबद्धता（Irrevocable Loan Commitment） | 900 | － | － | － | － |
| आयकर वापत सम्भावित दायित्व | 900 | － | － | － | － |
| Acceptance सहित अन्य सवै प्रकारका सम्भावित दायित्वहर | 900 | － | － | － | － |
| चुक्ता वा भुक्तान हुन बांकी शेयर लगानी | 900 | － | － | － | － |
| भुक्तानीको लागि दावी परेको जमानत | २०० | － | － | － | － |
| संस्थाउपर दावी परेको तर संस्थाले दायित्व स्वीकार नगरेको दायित्वहरु | २०० | － | － | － | － |
| परिचालन जोखिम को लागि कायम राख्तु पर्ने रकम（कुल सम्पत्तिको २ \％） | 900 | प\％०，959．9२ | प\％09，959．92 | ૪૪६，३७६．पू弓 | ૪૪६，३७६．पूँ |
| （ख）जम्मा |  | प09，959．9२ | प09，959．9२ | ૪૪६，३७६．久ू | ૪૪६，३७६．久ू |
| कूल जोखिम भारित सम्पत्ति जम्मा（क）र（ख） |  | २久，प६๐०，६п६． 99 | २४，弓७०，६९३．०२ | २२，७६ц，२०ぬ．३ら | २१，Ц६७，२ちら．२३ |

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड

प्रमूख सुचकांद्य
कम्तीमा विगत 4 वर्षको परिसुचकहर

| विवरण | सूचकाड्द | आ．व．२०७द ।0७९ | आ．व．२०७७○७द | आ．व．२०७६।०७ | आ．व．२०७¢ 10७६ | आ．व． २०७૪।О७» |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| १．खुद नाफा／कुल आम्दानी प्रतिशत | प्रतिशत | १¢．४૪\％ | १ち．७०\％ | १ち．弓७\％ | ३२．૪७\％ |  |
| २．प्रति शेयर आम्दानी | रु． | ७२．७० | 999.59 | १०૪．९७ | १५२．९४ |  |
| ३．प्रति शेयर बजार मुल्य | रु． | २，६९९．०० | － | － | － |  |
| ४．मूल्य आम्दानी अनुपात（PE Ratio） | अनुपात | ३७．१३ | － | － | － |  |
| ५．शेयर पूँजीमा लाभांश（बोनश सहित） | प्रतिशत | १૪．९९९\％ | ७३．६ら\％ | － | － |  |
| ६．शेयर पूँजीमा नगद लाभांश भुक्तानी | प्रतिशत | －．७9\％ | ३．६．\％\％ | － | － |  |
| ७．व्याज आम्दानी／कर्जा तथा सापट | प्रतिशत | १३．७३\％ | १२．१४\％ | १६．१३\％ | ६．४४\％ |  |
| द．कर्मचारी खर्च／कुल सक्चालन खर्च | प्रतिशत | 2ヶ．२२\％ | ૪૪．९०\％ | ६७．६९\％ | ३२．७७\％ |  |
| ९．कुल निक्षेप तथा सापटीमा व्याज खर्च | प्रतिशत | ᄃ．६९\％ | ६．०६\％ | ¢．९३\％ | ३．९२\％ |  |
| १०．सटही घटवढ आम्दानी／कुल आम्दानी | प्रतिशत | － | － | － | － |  |
| ११．कर्मचारी बोनस／कुल कर्मचारी खर्च | प्रतिशत | १७．२९\％ | १७．०४\％ | १३．०३\％ | २७．७०\％ |  |
| १२．खुद नाफा／कर्जा सापट | प्रतिशत | ३．१६\％ | ३．३३\％ | ३．३२\％ | २．३9\％ |  |
| १३．खुद नाफा／कुल सम्पत्ति | प्रतिशत | ३．०4\％ | ३．99\％ | ३．9\％\％ | २．१४\％ |  |
| १४．कुल कर्जा／निक्षेप | प्रतिशत | २४९．О弓\％ | २้२．ち७\％ | १६९．६२\％ | 9९२．2ち\％ |  |
| १२．कुल सञ्चालन खर्च／कुल सम्पत्ति | प्रतिशत | ૪．ち0\％ | ६．६०\％ | ४．०४\％ | ૪．३७\％ |  |
| १६．जोखिम भारित सम्पत्तिमा पूँजीकोषको पर्याप्तता | प्रतिशत |  |  |  |  |  |
| （क）प्राथमिक पूँजी | प्रतिशत | ९．弓६\％ | ち．0४\％ | ७．६४\％ | ३．६३\％ |  |
| （ख）पूरक पूँजी | प्रतिशत | १．२४\％ | १．२乡\％ | १．२乡\％ | ०．९६\％ |  |
| （ग）कुल पूँजी कोष | प्रतिशत | 99．90\％ | ९．२९\％ | ち．ち९\％ | ૪．६०\％ |  |
| १७．तरलता（CRR） | प्रतिशत | 0．40\％ | 0．40\％ | ०．૫२\％ | 0．49\％ |  |
| १द．निष्कृय कर्जा／कुल कर्जा | अनुपात | 0．95\％ | ०．६१\％ | ०．२९\％ | ०．२૪\％ |  |
| १९．व्याज दर अन्तर | प्रतिशत | ३．२\％\％ | ७．२૪\％ | ७．२૪\％ | ०．০७ |  |
| २०．बुक नेटवर्थ（हजारमा） | रु． | २，७૫६，१५२．४१ | २，०२६，९弓३．६१ | १，०३०，२७४．३弓 | ३४९，२ぬ૪．२७ |  |
| २१．कुल कर्मचारी | संख्या | Б९६ | Б३マ | と९७ | प ७0 |  |
| २२．कुल शेयर | संख्या | १०，३४२，ち०० | ६，०ぁ४，००० | ३，३७४，০০০ | १，४००，००० |  |
| २३．अन्य |  | － | － | － | － | － |

जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड
कटहरी, मोरङ़
आ.व. २०७६/०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु
अनुसुची ४.२६

## प्रमुख लेखा नीतिहरु

१. सामान्य जानकारी :

जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड नेपालमा स्थापित सिमित दायित्व भएको राष्ट्रिय स्तरको "घ" वर्गको वित्तीय संस्था हो। यस वित्तीय संस्थाले कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ अन्तर्गत मिति २०६९/०४/२६ मा कम्पनी रजिष्ट्रारको कार्यालयमा दर्ता भई नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट मिति २०७४/११/०३ मा इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त गरी २०७ /११/१६ देखि वित्तीय कारोवार गदैै आएको छ। वित्तीय संस्थाको केन्द्रीय कार्यालय कटहरी गा.पा. वडा नं. २, मोरन्न रहेको छ।
नेपाल राष्ट्र बैकले जारी गरेको बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था एक आपसमा गाभ्ने/गाभिने(मर्जर) तथा प्राप्ति ( एकिजिशन) सम्बन्धी विनियमावली,२०७७ बमोजिम यस वित्तीय संस्था र सल्भ लघुवित्त संस्था लि. धनकुटा तथा गरिबी न्युनिकरण लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लि.राजविराज बीचमा गाभ्ने/गाभिने (मर्जर) कार्य सम्पन्न भई २०७७ भाद्र २२ गते देखि एकीकृत कारोवार प्रारम्भ भएको छ।
यस वित्तीय संस्थाले लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाको रुपमा ने.रा.बैं को इजाजतपत्र नीति अन्तर्गत राष्ट्रिय स्तरको कार्यक्षेत्र रहने गरि स्वीकृति प्राप्त गरेको छ। यस वित्तीय संस्थाले हालसम्म देशका २४ जिल्लामा १३९ वटा शाखा मार्फत कारोवार सन्चालन गरी आएको छ।

यस वित्तीय संस्थाको वित्तीय विवरण २०७弓/०४/०१ देखि २०७९/०३/३२ को आर्थिक कारोवार समावेश गरी तयार पारिएको छ।
२. प्रमुख लेखा नीतिहरुको सारांश :

वित्तीय विवरणहरु तयार पार्दा आधार मानिएका सर्वमान्य लेखा नीतिहरु तल उल्लेख गरिएका छन् । अन्यथा उल्लेख गरिएकोमा बाहेक यी नीतिहरुको पालना निरन्तर रुपमा लागु गरिएको छ।
३. लेखा सम्बन्धी अवधारणा :

क. नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट ईजाजत पत्र प्राप्त संस्थाहरुको लागि नेपाल चार्टर्ड एकाउन्टेन्ट्स संस्था (Institutes of Chartered Acccountants of Nepal) द्वारा जारी "Nepal Financial Reporting Standard(NFRS)" लागु गर्ने सर्द्दभमा "NFRS Migration Guideliness to Banks and Financial Institutions" सुचना जारी भएको थियो। उक्त सुचना अनुसार "घ" श्रेणीका ईजाजत पत्र प्राप्त संस्थाहरुले आ. व. २०७३/०७४ देखिको वित्तिय विवरणहरु NFRS अनुसार तयार गर्नुपर्दछ। यस वित्तीय संस्थाको आ.व. २०७弓/०७९ को वित्तिय विवरण ने. रा.बैं को निर्देशन बमोजिम NFRS अनुसार समानान्तररुपमा तयार गरिएको भएतापनि यस आ.व को वार्षिक साधारण सभा प्रयोजनार्थ भने Previous GAAP अनुसारको वित्तिय विवरण अनुसार पेश गरिएको छ।
ख. यस लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाको वित्तीय विवरणहरु लेखाका सर्वमान्य सिद्धान्तहरु तथा नेपाल लेखामान (अन्यथा उल्लेख गरिएकोमा बाहेक), बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था सम्बन्धी ऐन, २०७३ तथा नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकद्बारा जारी गरिएका निर्देशनहरु र कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ लाई आधार मानी तयार गरिएको छ।

ग. यहाँ संलग्न वित्तीय विवरणहरु ऐतिहासिक लागतको अवधारणामा तयार गरिएका छन् ।
घ. यहाँ संलग्न वित्तीय विवरणहरु अन्यथा उल्लेख गरिएको अवस्थामा बाहेक प्रोदभावि लेखाड़नको आधारमा तयार गरिएका छन् ।

ङ. यस वित्तीय संस्थाको वित्तीय विवरण अविछिन्न निरन्तरताको आधारमा तयार पारिएको छ।
च.यस वित्तीय विवरणको सम्पुर्ण ढाँचाहरु नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशनमा तोकिए बमोजिम रहेका छन् जुन प्रचलित लेखामानले तोकेको ढाँचासँग नमिल्न पनि सक्छ।

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> कटहरी, मोरङ़

आ.व. २०७弓/०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु
૪. लेखामानवाट अतिक्रम (Deviations) :

कर्जा तथा सापटमा प्राप्त हुने व्याज नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार नगद प्राप्तिको आधारमा लेखाड्कन गरिएको छ। त्यस्तै सेवा शुल्क तथा कमिशनलाई नगद प्राप्तिको आधारमा लेखाड्कन गरिएको छ। यसरी आयलाई नगद प्राप्तिको आधारमा लेखाङ्कन गर्नु "नेपाल लेखामान-०७" (पुरानो) मा उल्लेख भए अनुसार, आयलाई प्राप्त रकम र प्राप्त हुन बाँकी रकमको निष्पक्ष (Fair) मूल्यमा लेखाङ्कन गर्नु पर्ने प्रावधान अनुरुप रहेको छैन।
४. आम्दानी/ खर्च लेखाङ्कन गर्ने नीतिहरु :

## अ. ब्याज आम्दानी :

क. कर्जा/सापटको ब्याज आम्दानी नेपाल राष्ट्र बैकको निर्देशन अनुसार नगद प्राप्तीको आधारमा जनाईने छ। यहाँ ब्याज आम्दानीलाई "नेपाल लेखामान-०७" (पूरानो) बमोजिम प्रोदभावी आधार (Accrual Basis) मा लेखाड़नन गरिने छैन। कर्जा तथा सापटमा पाकेको तर प्राप्त हुन नसकेको ब्याज नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशानुसार पाउन नसकेको ब्याज हिसावमा लेखी ब्याज मुल्तवी हिसाब (Interest Suspense Account) मा जम्मा गरिएको छ।
ख. लगानी तथा बैंक मौज्दातमा पाकेका व्याज आम्दानीलाई प्रोदभावी आधार (Accrual Basis) मा लेखाड़न गरिने छ।

आ. व्याज खर्चहरु :
निक्षेप दायित्व तथा लिईएको ॠण सापटीमा तिर्नुपर्ने व्याज रकम प्रोदभावी आधार (Accrual Basis) मा लेखाड्रन गरिने छ।

इ. अन्य आम्दानी तथा खर्चहरु :
क. ग्राहकहरुबाट प्राप्त गर्ने सेवा शुल्क र अन्य शुल्कहरु साथै लिइएको ॠण सापटीमा लाग्ने सेवा शुल्क र अन्य शुल्कहरुलाई कारोवार गरेकै दिनमा आम्दानी वा खर्चमा लेखाइ्कन गरिने छ।
ख. अन्य सबै आम्दानी तथा खर्चहरु प्रोदभावी आधार (Accrual Basis) मा लेखाड़न गरिने छ।
६. स्थिर सम्पत्ति तथा ह्रासकट्टि नीति :

क. वित्तीय संस्थाले खरिद गरिएको सम्पत्तिलाई ऐतिहासिक लागत अवधारणा (Historical Cost Concept) को आधारमा सम्पत्तिको परल मोल निर्धारण गर्दा स्थिर सम्पत्तिहरुलाई खरिद, निर्माण गर्दा लागेको लागत मुल्यको साथै सो सम्बन्धित अन्य खर्चहरुलाई समेत समावेश गरिएका छन्।
ख. ह्रासकट्टि गर्नुपर्ने प्रकृतिको कुनैपनि मालसामानको ह्रासकट्टि गर्दा त्यस्तो मालसामान खरिद भएको मिति वा प्रयोग भएको मिति मध्य जुन पहिले हुन्छ सोहि मिति कायम गरि ह्रासकट्टि गरिएको छ।
ग. वित्तीय संस्थाले पट्टामा लिएको भवनमा गरिने कुनै पनि स्थिर प्रकृतिको निर्माण, विद्युत जडान, नेटवर्किज्ञ, ए.सि. जडान, ट्रान्सफर्मर जडान, ढुकुटि कक्ष, भण्डार निर्माण तथा अन्य मर्मत सम्भारका कार्यहरु गर्दा आवश्यक खर्चहरु दश बर्ष ननाघ्ने गरि पट्टा अवधिको शुरुमै छुट्टै शिर्षक अन्तर्गत अपलेखन गरिनेछ।
घ. स्थिर सम्पत्तिको ह्रासकट्टि दर आयकर ऐन २०थॅ बमोजिम घट्दो ह्रास प्रणाली (Diminishing Balance Method) को आधारमा लेखांकन गरिएको छ।
भवन
कार्यालय संचालन उपकरण तथा कम्प्यूटर उपकरणहरु २ू\%
फर्निचर तथा फिक्सचर
२乡\%
सवारी साधन २०\%
ङ. अदृश्य सम्पत्तिलाई (जस्तै सफ्टवेयर) पाँच बर्षमा खर्च हुने गरी कुल रकमलाई पाँचले भाग गरी आउने रकम खर्च लेखिएको छ।

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड कटहरी, मोरङ़

आ.व. २०७弓/०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु
७. पूँजीकृत नगरिने सम्पत्तिहरु सम्बन्धी लेखाड्नन नीति :

वित्तीय संस्थाको व्यवस्थापनले प्रति इकाई रु.१,०००/- सम्म वा सो भन्दा कम मूल्य भएको तथा अल्प आयु एवं सजिलै सँग टुटफुट हुन सक्ने प्रकृतिका सम्पत्तिहरुलाई पुँजीकृत नगर्ने नीति लिएको छ।
5. कर्जा लगानी :

क. कर्जा लगानी रकम लक्षित ग्राहकहरुलाई सदस्य बनाई केन्द्रहरु मार्फत खुद्रा रुपमा प्रदान गर्ने गरिन्छ।
ख. कर्जा लगानीको निरन्तर रुपमा निरिक्षण गरिन्छ साथै नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार वर्गीकरण गर्ने गरिन्छ।
ग. सम्बन्धित ॠणीहरुबाट प्राप्त भुक्तानी रकम पाकेको ब्याजमा समायोजन गरिसकेपछि बाँकी रहेको रकमलाई मात्र कर्जाको तिर्नुपर्ने साँवामा समायोजन गर्ने गरिन्छ।
९. कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था :

वित्तीय संस्थाले कर्जाहरुलाई निम्न बमोजिम वर्गिकरण गरी नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन बमोजिमको दरमा कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था गर्ने गरेको छ :

| क.स. | विवरण | नोक्सानी व्यवस्था <br> दर |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| १ | असल कर्जा: भाखा ननाघेको कर्जा र १-३० सम्मको भाखा नाघेको | १.३० प्रतिशत |
| $२$ | सूक्ष्म निगरानी: ३१-९० दिन सम्म भाखा नाघेका कर्जा (बाँकी सावा रकम मात्र) | ц प्रतिशत |
| $३ ~$ | कमसल कर्जा : ९१-१६० दिन सम्म भाखा नाघेका कर्जा (बाँकी सावा रकम मात्र) | २乡 प्रतिशत |
| $\gamma$ | शंकास्पद कर्जा: १६१-३६ц दिन सम्म भाखा नाघेको कर्जा (बाँकी सावा रकम मात्र) | ц० प्रतिशत |
| $y$ | खराब कर्जा : ३६६ दिन देखि माथिका भाखा नाघेका कर्जा (बाँकी सावा रकम) | १०० प्रतिशत |

१०. खराब कर्जाहरुको अपलेखन नीति :

यस लघुवित्तको कर्जा अपलेखन विनियमावलिको व्यवस्था अनुसार कर्जाले भाखा नाघेको पाँच बर्ष भन्दा बढी समय व्यतित भएका वा खराब वर्गमा परि शत प्रतिशत कर्जा नोक्सानी ब्यवस्था भएका कर्जा लगायत आवश्यक अन्य शर्तहरु पुरा भएका कर्जाहरुलाई अपलेखन गर्ने गरिन्छ। कर्जा अपलेखन गर्दा नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार कर्जाको अपलेखनलाई नाफा नोक्सान हिसाबमा खर्च लेखिन्छ साथै उक्त कर्जा बापतको नोक्सानी व्यवस्थालाई कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्थाबाट फिर्ताको रुपमा नाफा नोक्सानी हिसाबमा आम्दानीको रुपमा लेखाड्कन गरिन्छ।
११. लगानी सम्बन्धी नीति :

क. लगानीहरुलाई नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार १) व्यापारिक लगानी २) भुक्तानी मितिसम्म धारण गर्ने लगानी र ३) विक्रीको लागि उपलब्ध लगानीको शिर्षकहरुमा वर्गिकरण गरिनेछ।
ख. स्टक एक्सेन्जमा सूचिकृत धितोपत्रहरुमा गरिएको लगानीको मूल्याइ़न परल मूल्य वा बजार मूल्य मध्ये जुन कम हुन्छ सोहि बराबर गरिनेछ । स्टक एक्सेन्जमा सूचिकृत नभएको धितोपत्रमा गरिएको लगानीको मुल्याइ्कन परल मुल्यमा गरिनेछ।
ग. लगानीको मुल्यमा भएको परिवर्तनलाई नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार आवश्यक नोक्सानी व्यवस्था गरिनेछ।
घ. लगानीको प्रिमियमलाई पूँजिकरण गरी खरिद गरेको मिति देखि लगानीको अवधि पुरा हुने अवधि सम्ममा अपलेखन गरिनेछ।

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड कटहरी，मोरड़

आ．व．२०७弓／०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु
१२．गैर बैंकिज्ञ सम्पत्ति सम्बन्धी नीति ：
क．गैर बैंकि़्न सम्पत्तिलाई सम्बन्धित ॠणिबाट असुल हुन बाँकि साँवा वा उत्त सम्पत्तिको बजार मुल्य मध्ये जुन कम हुन्छ सोहि रकम बराबर लेखाड़नन गरिनेछ।
ख．गैर बैंकिड़्न सम्पत्तिको नोक्सानि व्यवस्था नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्दैशन अनुसार गरिनेछ।
ग．गैर बैंकिड्ग सम्पत्ति बेचबिखन गरि प्राप्त रकम लेखाइ्कन गरिएको रकमभन्दा अन्तर पर्न गएमा उक्त रकमलाई नाफा नोक्सान हिसाबमा समायोजन गरिनेछ।

१३．साधारण जगेडा कोष ：
बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था सम्बन्वी ऐन २०७३ दफा ४४（१）बमोजिम भुक्तानी पुँजीको दोब्बर नभएसम्म प्रत्येक वर्षको खुद नाफाबाट बीस प्रतिशत रकम साधारण जगेडा कोषमा रकमान्तर गरिनेछ र यस वर्ष पनि गरिएको छ।
१४．सटही घटबढ समायोजन नीति ：
विदेशी मुद्रासँग सम्बन्धित सम्पत्ति，दायित्व तथा सटही घटबढ आम्दानी तथा खर्चहरु सम्बन्धी कारोबार हाल नरहेको हुनाले सो सम्बन्धमा कुनै नीति लिएको छैन।

१४．कर्मचारी बोनसको व्यवस्था ：
बोनस ऐन，२०३० अनुसार आयकर व्यवस्था अघिको नाफाबाट १० प्रतिशत रकम कर्मचारी बोनस वापत छुट्याईएको छ।
१६．प्रस्तावित लाभांश ：
आ．ब．२०७६／०७९ को आषाढ मसान्त सम्म कायम भएको कुल चुक्ता पूँजी रु．१०३，४२，६०，०००। को तपसिल अनुसार १४．$९ ९ ९ \%$（बोनश शेयर र नगद लाभांश）ले हुन आउने रकम रु．१थ，प१，४१，९१०．००।－（ अक्षरेपी पन्ध्र करोड एकाउन्न लाख एकचालिस हजार नौ सय दश रुपैया मात्र）कुल लाभांश प्रस्ताव गरेको छ। क）बोनश शेयर ：－२०७९ आषाढ मसान्त कायम रहेको चुक्ता पूँजी रु．१，०३，४२，६०，०००।－को १४．२६ц\％ले हुने रकम रु．१४，७७，Ц४，२००।－（अक्षरेपी चौध करोड सतहत्तर लाख चौवन्न हजार दुई सय रुपैया मात्र）
ख）नगद लाभांश（नगद तथा बोनस शेयरमा लाग्ने कर समेतका लागि）：－२०७९ आषाठ मसान्त कायम रहेको चुक्ता पूँजी रु．१，०३，४२，६०，०००।－को ०．७१४\％ले हुन आउने रकम रु．७३，६७，७१०००－（अक्षरेपी त्रिहत्तर लाख सतासी हजार सात सय दश रुपैया मात्र ）

१७．अवकाश कोष：
वित्तीय संस्थाले आफ्ना स्थायी कर्मचारीलाई निम्न लिखित् अवकाश सुविधाको व्यवस्था गरेको छ।
क）सक्चय कोष
कर्मचारी सेवा सर्त तथा सुविधा सम्बन्वी विनियमावली अनुसार सन्चय कोषको व्यवस्था गरिएको छ। सक्चय कोषमा योगदान गरिएको समयमा नै खर्च जनाइएको छ।

ख）उपदान सम्बन्धि व्यवस्था ：
श्रम ऐन २०७४ बमोजीम २०७४ श्रावण १ गते देखि नयाँ कर्मचारीको हकमा आधार तलव तथा ग्रेडको रकममा मासिक रुपमा $\varsigma . ३ ३ ~ प ् र त ि श त क ो ~ द र ल े ~ ह ु न ~ आ उ न े ~ र क म ~ उ प द ा न ~ व ा प त ~ प ् र द ा न ~ ग र ि ए क ो ~ छ । ~ स ो ~$ भन्दा अघिको कर्मचारीको हकमा यस वित्तीय संस्थाको कर्मचारी सेवा विनियमावली बमोजिम गणना गरी लेखांकन गरिएको छ।
（क）$乡$ वर्ष देखि १० वर्ष सम्म सेवा अवधिको लागि १५ दिनको तलब बराबर।
（ख）१० वर्ष भन्दा बढी १२ वर्ष सम्म सेवा अवधिको लागि १ महिनाको तलब बराबर।
（ग） $9 \%$ वर्ष भन्दा बढ़ी २० वर्ष सेवा अवधिकोलागि $१ . 乡$ महिनाको तलब बराबर।
（घ २० भन्दा माथि सेवा अवधिको लागि २ महिनाको तलब बराबर।
उपदान कोषमा योगदान गरिएको समयमा नै खर्च जनाईएको छ।

जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड कटहरी, मोरझ़
आ.व. २०७द/०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु
ग) संचित बिदा
वित्तीय संस्थाले २०७६ चैत्र मसान्त सम्मको कर्मचारीहरुको संचित बिरामी बिदा तथा घर बिदाको रकमलाई यस वर्षमा खर्च लेखेको छ।
१६. आयकर सम्बन्धि व्यवस्था :

क) यस वर्षको कर व्यवस्था :
आयकर ऐन, २०४६ तथा सोमा समय समयमा भएको शंसोधनको आधारमा कर निर्धारण गर्ने प्रयोजनको लागि कायम खुद मुनाफाको ३० प्रतिशतको दरले आयकर ब्यवस्था गरिएको छ। अग्रीम भुक्तानी भएको आयकर रकमलाई तिर्न बाँकी आयकरसँग समायोजन गरि सम्पत्ति/दायित्य शीर्षकमा वासलातमा देखाईने छ।

ख) स्थगन कर सम्पत्ति/दायित्व :
१. स्थगन कर सम्पत्ति/दायित्वहरुको करयोग्य आधार र लेखागत आधारबिचको समयान्तरको आधारमा लेखाट्टुन गरिएको छ। स्थगन कर सम्पत्ति/दायित्वलाई वासलातको मितिमा कायम रहेको आयकर दरको आधारमा परिमाणीकरण गरिने छ।
२. स्थगन गरिएको कर सम्पत्ति/दायित्वलाई भविष्यमा पर्याप्त करयोग्य आय सिर्जित भई उक्त करयोग्य आयमा समायोजन गर्न सकिन्छ भन्नेमा व्यवहारिक रुपले सुनिश्चितता नभएसम्म स्थगन कर सम्पत्तिलाई लेखाड्ठन गरिने छैन ।
३. नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन र नेपाल लेखामान - $९$ (Nepal Accounting Standard -9) बमोजिम स्थगन कर सम्पत्ति र स्थगन कर दायित्वलाई समायोजन गरी आवश्यकता अनुसार "अन्य सम्पत्ति" वा "अन्य दायित्व" अन्तर्गत देखाइनेछ।
१९. ब्याज दर र सेवा शुल्क सम्बन्धमा :-

दलित, मुक्त कमैया, वादी, हलिया, द्वृन्दू पिडित, एकल महिला, अपाड्न तथा जेष्ठ नागरिकहरुलाई लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुबाट प्रवाह हुने विपन्न वर्ग कर्जामा लिने ब्याज दरमा 9 प्रतिशत बिन्दुले सहुलियत दिने व्यवस्था गर्नुपर्नेछ। आर्थिक बर्ष २०७६।७९ मा ब्याजदर सम्बन्वी ब्यवस्था भएको अनुसार ॠणी सदस्यहरुलाई व्याज रकममा 9 प्रतिशत छुट गरिएको छ। नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट मिति २०७७०४।१३ मा जारी भएको परिपत्र बमोजिम ब्याजदर र सेवा शुल्क यस बित्तीय संस्थाले शाखा कार्यालयहरुमा २०७७०४।२२ गतेको चलानी नं.४९ बाट कर्जाको ब्याजदर बार्षिक १४ प्रतिशत र सेवा शुल्क १.ू० प्रतिशत लिने परिपत्र गरी निर्देशन गरिएको छ। कर्जा प्रवाह गर्दा संस्थाले स्वीकृत कर्जामा $9 . \nmid ०$ प्रतिशत सम्म सेवा शुल्क लिन सक्नेछन्। एक वर्षभन्दा कम अवधिको लागि कर्जा प्रवाह गरेको अवस्थामा यस्तो कर्जाको लागि वार्षिक $9.4 ०$ प्रतिशतमा नबढ्ने गरी कर्जा अवधिको आधारमा सो दरको दामासाही हिसाबले मात्र सेवा शुल्क लिइएको छ।
२०. अन्य नीतीहरु :
(क) पेन्सन बचतलाई निश्चित अवधी पश्चात तोकिएको रकम पुच्याएर भुक्तानी दिनु पर्ने हुनाले उक्त बचतको ब्याजलाई बचतमा हुने गरी जस्तै ब्याज खर्च गर्ने गरेको हुनाले व्याजलाई दिनुपर्ने ब्याज शीर्षकमा ४.६ मा लेखाकन गरिएको छ।
ने.रा.बैंकको निर्देशन पश्चात हाल पेन्सन बचत बन्द गरिएको छ भने पुरानो पेन्सन बचतकर्तालाई भने रहेको अवधीभर निरनतरता दिईएको छ।
(ख) मसलन्द मौज्दात :
कार्यालय प्रयोजनका लागि खरिद गरिएका मसलन्द सामानहरूलाई खरिद गरिएको समयमा नै खर्च लेख्ने गरिएको छ। तर छपाई गरिएको सामानहरु खपत गरिएको समयमा खर्च लेखिएको र वर्षको अन्तमा रहेको मौज्दातलाई वास्तविक लागतको आधारमा मुल्याड़नन गरि अन्य सम्पत्तिमा देखाइएको छ।
(ग) कर्मचारी सापटी :
वित्तीय संस्थाको कर्मचारी सेवा विनियमावली अनुरुप दिईएको सापटीलाई अन्य सम्पत्तिहरु अन्तर्गत कर्मचारी सापटी शिर्षकमा राखिएको छ।

जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड कटहरी，मोरड़
आ．व．२०७६／०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु
अनुसुची ४．२७

## लेखा सम्बन्द्वी टिप्पणीहरु

१．वर्षभरिमा प्रवाह भएको कर्जा सापट，असुली भएको र मिनाहा गरिएको साँवा तथा ब्याजको बिवरण निम्न अनुसार रहेको छ ：－

| ऋ．सं． | विवरण | यस वर्ष रकम（ने．रु．） | गत वर्ष रकम（ने．रु．） |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9. | वर्षभरिमा प्रवाह भएको कर्जा सापट | १，०७，२७，६९，७६，प९९．०० |  |
| $२$. | क）असुली भएको साँवा | ち३，४९，७६，१ち，৩৭০．०० |  |
|  | ख）असुली भएको व्याज | ३，२६，४७，२३，२००．০০ | २，29，६у，प०，990．00 |
| ३． | असुल हुन बाँकी साँवा |  | २०，૪ぬ，ち२，३৩，६६०．०० |

साथै यस बर्ष कुनै कर्जाको अपलेखन तथा मिनाहा गरिएको साँवा तथा ब्याज रहेको छैन ।
२．वर्षभरिमा परिवर्तन भएको निक्षेप दायित्व रकमको विवरण निम्न अनुसार रहेको छ।

| ऋ．सं． | विवरण | २०७६．०३．३१ को मौज्दात | यस बर्षको बाँकी बचत | वर्षभरिमा थप भएको बचत |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9. | अनिवार्य बचत | ३，०४२，२१९，९९३．९ぇ |  | ९०९，६७९，૪१३．३० |
| $२$. | ऐच्छिक बचत |  | २，१३ぬ，२弓ぁ，ちらマ．०९ |  |
| ३． | अन्य बचत | ३，990，9७९，४૪৭．9亏 | ३，૪у९，पО३，ОБ१．२२ | ३४Я，३२३，६૪०．०४ |
| ૪ | जम्मा बचत | द，090，४99，४२०．६२ | ¢，ム૪६，६९१，३७О．प९ |  |

३．वर्षको अन्त्यमा कुल बाँकी रहेको बचत रकम रु．९，६४६，६९१，३७०．६९／－रहेको छ। पेन्सन योजना अर्त्तगत भुक्तानी गर्नु पर्ने व्याज रकम लाई अन्य दायित्वमा जनाईएको छ।
४．कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था र कर्जाहरुको अपलेखन ：
यस बर्षको कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था देहाय बमोजिम रहेको छ ：
रकम（ने．रु．）

| क．स． | विवरण | कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | असल कर्जा：भाखा ननाघेको कर्जा तथा १－३० सम्मको भाखा नाघेको | ३०，ぬ४，Б४，४०२．२४ |
| २ | सूक्ष्म निगरानी：३१－९० दिन सम्म भाखा नाघेका कर्जा（बाँकी सावा रकम मात्र） | २४，१ぬ，ち६，३७ |
| ३ | कमसल कर्जा ：९१－१६० दिन सम्म भाखा नाघेका कर्जा （किस्ता रकम मात्र） | १，०ぬ，२३，३२ぬ．४६ |
| ૪ | शंकास्पद कर्जाः १६१－३६Ц दिन सम्म भाखा नाघेको बाकी साँवा कर्जा रकम मात्र） | ३，६१，०४，६३२．०૪ |
| $y$ | खराब कर्जा ：३६彑 दिन देखि माथिका भाखा नाघेका कर्जा रकम |  |
| $\xi$ | अतिरिक्त ：कर्जा सचना केन्द्रमा ॠणी सम्बन्धी विवरण नपठाईएको | ॅ，२२，乡९，९૪९．३० |
|  | जम्मा | पूप，४६，४९，१प६．९२ |

साथै यस वर्ष कुनै कर्जाको अपलेखन गरिएको छैन ।

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कटहरी，मोरड़
आ．व．२०७६／०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु
y．निक्षेप र कर्जाका भारित औषत ब्याज दरका अन्तर（Weighted Average Interest Rate Spread）

| क．सं． | विवरण | दर | दर |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| १． | ब्याज आर्जन गर्ने सम्पत्तीमा औषत प्रतिफल |  | १४．६९ |
| २． | निक्षेप तथा सापटीको औषत लागत कोष |  | ११．३६ |
| （क） | निक्षेपको लागत कोष | द．७९ |  |
| （ख） | सापटीको लागत कोष | १३．७७ |  |
| ३． | खुद औषत（१－२） |  | ३．乡३ |

६．तरलता सम्वन्धि जोखिम न्युनीकरण गर्न इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त संस्थाले आफ्नो दायित्व तथा सम्पत्तिलाई भुक्तानी अवधि（Maturity Period）को आधारमा विभिन्न समय अन्तरालमा वर्गिकरण गर्नु पर्ने सम्वन्धमा यस बैंकले दिएको निर्देशन अनुरुप सम्पत्ति र दायित्वको वर्गीकरण गरिएको छ। सोको विवरण देहाय बमोजीम रहेको छ।
（रकम रु हजारमा）

| विवरण | 9 देखि ९० दिन | ९१ देखि १६० दिन | १५१ देखि २७० दिन | २७१ देखि ३६प दिन | 9 वर्ष भन्दा बढि | कूल रकम |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| सम्पत्ति |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| नगद मौज्दात | ३०७ぬ२． 29 |  |  |  |  | ३०，Эม२．乡9 |
| बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थामा मौज्दात | ७९९७९ぇ．9ち |  |  |  |  | ७，९९，७९丂．१Б |
| कल मनि |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| कर्जा सापटी | २२९९७२．७ぇ | ちム२२३३．३१ | 94 $3499 \% .90$ | २૪२१६久१．६१ | १ち६९९弓れそ．०९ | २३७७९३ぬ७．ちち |
| अन्य | १०प२३९૪．9૪ |  |  |  |  | १०ц२३९૪．9४ |
| कूल सम्पत्ति | २११२९१п．ช० | Бム२२३३．३१ | १Ч $3299 \% .90$ | २૪२१६久१．६१ | १ち६९९ンちそ．09 | २Ц६६२३०३． 20 |
| दायित्व |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| चल्ती निक्षेप |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| बचत निक्षेप | ६६१३९०३．३้ | ૪६६६३．૪० | ૪६२७०．૪૪ | Эめप६९．९६ | २६९९१९९．७९ | $\rho \gamma ६ १ ६ ० ६ . \rho \gamma$ |
| मुद्धती निक्षेप |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| माग तथा अल्प सचना भुक्तानी |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| अन्य | ૪૪૪६४६०．प६ | १Оちマ२६ち．३丩 | $\bigcirc$ | ६00000．00 | э९९९४૪३．२ぬ | १००ら१६०६．९४ |
| कूल दायित्व | ११०६०३६३．९१ | ११२ち९३१．७૪ | ૪६२७०．૪૪ | ६७めц६९．9६ | ९ち¢ちを૪३．0प | २२弓О९७७९．१० |
| खुद वित्तीय सम्पत्ति | （弓¢૪७૪૪ぬ．久१） | （२७६६ち९弓．४૪） | १४२९६૪૪．६६ | १७૪६०ら१．६久 | ちद००९४२．०४ | २ちц२Ц२૪．ช० |
| संचित खुद वित्तीय सम्पत्ति | （弓९૪७૪૪ษ．乡१） | （९२२૪१૪३．९४） | （७६९૪૪९९．२९） | （ц९૪ヶ૪१७．६૪） | २ぁムマムマ૪．૪० | 0.00 |

७．अपलेखन गर्न बाँकी खर्च नरहेको।
5．वित्तीय संस्थाको सम्पत्ति र दायित्वसँग सम्बन्धित कारोबार र वासलात बाहिरको कारोबार कुनै एक व्यक्ति， परिवार वा संस्थामा ने．रा．बैं ले तोकेको सीमाभन्दा बढी अधिकेन्द्रित रहेको छैन।

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड कटहरी，मोरढ़

आ．व．२०७द／०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु

९．कर्मचारी संचित विदा ：
आर्थिक बर्षको अन्त्यमा सम्पुर्ण कर्मचारीहरुको संचित बिदा बापतको वास्तविक दायित्व गणना गरी नाफा नोक्सान हिसावमा खर्च लेखि वासलातमा अन्य दायित्व अन्तर्गत देखाईएको छ। आयकर ऐन २०४ॅ，बमोजिम संचित विदा वापतको रकमलाई भुक्तानिको आधारमा खर्च कट्टि गर्न पाईने हुनाले आयकर गणना गर्दा सो रकमलाई व्यवस्था गर्दा कट्टि गरिएको छैन साथै सो को कर प्रभावलाई स्थगन कर दायित्वमा हिसाव मिलान गरिएको छ।
यस वर्ष वित्तीय संस्थाको नीति वमोजिम संचित विदाको लागि रकम रु．१，६९，४૪，३प०．४० छुट्याएको छ भने यस बर्षको अन्तसम्म कर्मचारीहरुको विदा बापत रु $ॅ, ७ ॅ, ६ ०, ६ ६ ६ . ६ 弓 ~ स ं च ि त ~ ग र ी ~ द ा य ि त ् व ~ श ि र ् ष क म ा ~ र ा ख ि ए क ो ~$ छ।
१०．अवकाश भुक्तानी सम्बन्धि व्यवस्था ：
वित्तीय संस्थाले कर्मचारीलाई अवकाश उप्रान्त दिईने उपदानको लागि वित्तीय संस्थाको कर्मचारी सेवा विनियमावली अनुसार अवकाश भुक्तानी पाउन योग्य कर्मचारीहरुका लागि काम गरेको वर्षको आधारमा हुने रकम गणना गरी आएको रकम रु ३，१४，६०，४२३．०० लाई यस वर्ष खर्च लेखांकन गरी अन्य दायित्व अर्न्तगत पेन्सन／उपदान कोष मा लेखांकन गरिएको छ। यस कोषमा जम्मा रकम रु．१४，७६，०६，२४४．६३ भएको छ। संचयकोष कट्टी रकमलाई स्वक्ति प्राप्त अवकाश कोषमा जम्मा गरिएको छ।
११．ग्राहक सुंरक्षण कोष ：
（क）वित्तीय संस्थाको ग्राहक सुरक्षण कोषमा अघिल्लो आर्थिक वर्षको रु．२२，प७，९२२，६३२．६६ मौज्दात रहेकोमा यस वर्ष सदस्यको मृत्यु，श्रीमान्को मृत्यु，आफु बस्ने घरको क्षति तथा सदस्य सुत्केरी सुविधा लगायत अन्य सुविधाहरुको लागि रु．२，४३，६२，२०१．६६ खर्च भई बांकी रकम रु．२१，७९，६४，२३१．३६ रहन गएको छ। यस रकमलाई नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार अनुसुची ४．२ ग्राहक संरक्षण कोषमा सारिएको छ ।
（ख）त्यसैगरी वित्तीय संस्थाले ग्राहक सदस्यको हितका लागि नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन बमोजिम मुनाफाको $१$ प्रतिशत तथा १४ प्रतिशतभन्दा बढी प्रस्तावित लाभांश（नगद तथा बोनश शेयर）वितरण गर्ने भएमा उक्त रकमको ३ प्रतिशत समेत ग्राहक संरक्षण कोषमा（Client Protection Fund）राख्नु पर्ने व्यवस्था रहेतापनि सो कोषमा यस आ．व मा १४ प्रतिशतभन्दा कम लाभांश वितरण गरेको हुनाले यस वर्षको खुद मुनाफाको हुन आउने रकम रु．७४१९१४०．५० मात्र व्यवस्था गरिएको छ।

| क．सं． | विवरण | रकम रु． | कैफियत |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9. | यस आर्थिक वर्षको सुरुको मौज्दात | २२，प৩，९२，६२२．६६ |  |
| २． | ग्राहक संरक्षण कोषमा अन्य रकमान्तर | १，49，ち४૪．०० |  |
| ३． | गत आ．व को ब्याज आम्दानीको आय कर समायोजन | （2¢，0ヶ，प६૬७．9३） |  |
| $\gamma$. | यस वर्ष खुद मुनाफाको $9 \%$ ले हुने रकम | ७乡，99，9४०．4० |  |
| 2. | ग्राहक संरक्षण कोष उपभोग | （२，४३，Һ२，२०१．ちॅ） |  |
| ६． | ग्राहक संरक्षण कोषलाई Earmark गरी लगानीबाट प्राप्त यस आ．ब को ब्याज आम्दानी रकम | १，१७，११，३弓३．२० |  |
|  | जम्मा बचत | २१，७९，ぃ૪，२३१．३६ |  |

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आ．व．२०७६／०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु

१२．संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व कोष ：

नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकले＂घ＂वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुलाई जारी गरेको निर्देशन नं ६．१३ बमोजिम लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाले संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व सम्बन्धी कार्यमा थप क्रियाशील हुन आफ्नो हरेक आर्थिक वर्षको खुद मुनाफाको 9 प्रतिशत रकम छुट्टाई संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व कोष खडा गरी जम्मा गर्नुपर्ने प्रावधान बमोजिम यस वर्षको खुद मुनाफा ७४，१९，१४，०४९，९० को १ प्रतिशतले हुने रकम ७४，१९，१४०．५० लाई संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व कोषमा जम्मा गरी अनुसूची ४．२ मा संलग्न रहेको छ।

| क．सं | विवरण | रकम रु． | कैफियत |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9. | यस आर्थिक वर्षको सुरुको मौज्दात | ६г，०२，थॅ३．9\％ |  |
| २． | यस आ．व को जम्मा खर्च |  |  |
| ३． | बाँकी कोषको रकम | 0.00 |  |
| ૪． | जोड：यस वर्ष खुद मुनाफको $9 \%$ ले हुने रकम | งц，99，9४०．ц० |  |
|  | जम्मा कोष | ७ц，9¢，१४о．цо |  |

१३．कर्मचारीको दक्षता अभिवृद्धि कोष ：
नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकले＂घ＂वर्गका लघूवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुलाई जारी गरेको निर्देशन नं ६．प बमोजिम लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाले गत वर्ष कुल कर्मंचारी खर्चको न्यूनतम ३ प्रतिशत रकम कर्मचारीको तालिम तथा वृत्ति विकासमा खर्च गर्नुपर्ने र सो अनुसार खर्च हुन नसकेमा त्यस्तो बाँकी रकमलाई कर्मचारी दक्षता अभिवृद्धि कोषमा जम्मा गर्नुपर्ने प्रावधान अनुसार आ．व २०७द／२०७९ यस वित्तीय संस्थाले यस आर्थिक वर्षमा गत वर्षको कुल कर्मचारी खर्च रु．३४，ห१，६६，६०६，०० को ३ प्रतिशतले हुने रकम रु．१，०३，६४，९९६．२४ गर्नु पर्नेमा रु $६ ૬, \not ้ १, ४ ९ ० . ० ०$ मात्र भएकोले सो कोषमा रु．३४，०३，Ц०६．२४ बाँकी रहेको छ र सो कोष रकमलाई आगामी आ．व मा खर्च गरिने छ।

१४．क）आयकर ：
यस वर्ष आयकर बापत रु．३३，भ९，०४，६९४．१६ व्यवस्था गरिएको छ। आयकर हिसाब आयकर ऐन २०४ॅ तथा सोको नियमावलीका आधारमा गरिएको छ।

ख）स्थगन कर ：
स्थगन कर सम्पत्ति तथा दायित्वको हिसाव नेपाल लेखामान ९ अनुसार गरिएको छ। स्थगन कर दायित्वको गणना देहाय वमोजिम गरिएको छ：

| सि न नं | विवरण | लेखाको आधार | करको आधार | अन्तर रकम | करको दर <br> प्रतिशत | स्थगन कर <br> रकम आम्दानी ／（खर्च） |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9. | संचित विदा वापत व्यवस्था | 弓७ら弓О६६ら．६७ | $\bigcirc$ | 弓७ちらО६६ち．६७ | ३०\％ | २६३६૪२००．६० |
| २． | उपदान वापत व्यवस्था |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | ३०\％ | ૪७३૪२૪७३．७ぬ |
| ३． | खुद स्थिर सम्पत्ति | ちОО३२९३९．७७ | ら૪१૪३弓७३．७め | （४9909३३．९ち） | ३०\％ | १२३३२БО．२० |
| कुल स्थगन कर सम्पत्ति／（दायित्व） |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| सुरु मौज्दात सम्पत्ति／（दायित्व） |  |  |  |  |  | ६०૪७૪ฯ¢०．७९ |
| खुद स्थगन कर आम्दानी／（खर्च） |  |  |  |  |  | १૪૪६ц૪૪३．७६ |

जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड कटहरी，मोरङ़
आ．व．२०७弓／०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु

१४．वित्तीय संस्थाको ग्राहक तथा ॠणी सदस्यहरुको बृद्धि निम्न अनुसार देखिएको छ।

| ऋ．सं． | विवरण | गत बर्षको | यस बर्षको |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9. | शाखा संख्या | १३弓 | १¢9 |
| २． | समूह संख्या | ७२，૪૪૫．૦૦ | ¢०，७०२．०० |
| ३． | सदस्य संख्या | ३，०૪，६९9．0० | ३，३९，૪६२．०० |
| $\gamma$ ． | ऋणी सदस्य संख्या | १，९७，久०६．०० | २，२०，०७६．०० |

१६．प्रस्तावित लाभांश ：
यस आर्थिक वर्षमा वित्तीय संस्थाले नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार १४।९९९\％（प्रस्तावित नगद लाभांश ०．७१४，प्रस्तावित बोनस शेयर १४．२Б乡）लाभांश प्रस्ताव गरेको छ।

१७．न्युनतम पुँजी कोष सम्बन्धमा ：
वित्तीय संस्थाले नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार जोखिम भारित सम्पत्ति को आधारमा प्राथमिक पुँजी ४ प्रतिशत र कुल पुँजीकोष $\sqsubset$ प्रतिशत कायम गर्नुपर्नेमा यस आ．व मा ९．६६ प्रतिशत र ११．१० प्रतिशत कायम गरेको छ।

१६．सम्बन्धित पक्ष विवरण उद्घोष ：
संस्थाले आफ्नो संचालक समितिको वित्तीय स्वार्थ भएको कुनै पनि पक्षसंग वित्तिय कारोबार गरेको छैन । व्यवस्थापनका मुख्य व्यक्तिहरु
सञ्चालक तथा प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृतलाई व्यवस्थापनका प्रमुख व्यक्तिहरुको रुपमा लिईएको छ। सोको विवरण देहाय अनुसार रहेको छ।

श्री बिक्रराज सुवेदी
श्री श्यामचन्द्र खतिवडा
श्री प्रकाश कुमार श्रेष्ठ
श्री इन्द्र नारायण देव
श्री सोनिला शाक्य
श्री गोकर्ण खतिवडा
श्री अशोक सिटौला
श्री संजय कुमार मण्डल

अध्यक्ष संस्थापक
संचालक संस्थापक
संचालक संस्थापक
संचालक संस्थापक
स्वतन्त्र संचालक
सर्वसाधारण संचालक
सर्वसाधारण संचालक
प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत

## जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> कटहरी，मोरड़

आ．व．२०७६／०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु
व्यवस्थापनका मुख्य व्यक्तिहरुलाई प्रदान गरिएको सुविधा ：
－वित्तीय संस्थाका प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृतलाई यस बर्ष गरेको भुक्तानी विवरण

| विवरण | रकम रु． |
| :---: | :---: |
| तलब | २૪३०ООО |
| भत्ता | ३६ОООО |
| संचयकोष थप | २૪३००० |
| बोनस | こ¢७९Oy |
| औषधी वापतको खर्च | १३३१ฯ० |
| विमा खर्च | ९乡६१६ |
| पोशाक | こ000 |
| विदा | ३३マムᄃ |
| दशै भत्ता | マОマyOO |
| कुल तलव | ૪૪O३૪ぬ¢ |

－वित्तीय संस्थाका संचालकहरुको खर्च सम्वन्धि विवरण

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { बैंठक भत्ता रकम } & \text { रु. १, ६६,०००.०० } \\
\text { अन्य खर्च } & \text { रु.२,२४,९५१.०० }
\end{array}
$$

१९．निकटतम रुपैया ：
वित्तीय विवरणहरुलाई नेपाली रुपैयामा प्रस्तूत गरिएको छ र आवश्यकता अनुसार निकटतम र्रुपैयामा परिवर्तन गरिएको छ।

२०．हालसम्म यस वित्तीय संस्थासँग कुनै पनि किसिमको गैर बैंकिङ सम्पत्ति छैन।
२१．यस वित्तीय संस्थाको कुनै पनि किसिमको लगानी रहेको छैन ।
२२．यस वित्तीय संस्थाको आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६／२०७९ मा जम्मा रहेको बैंक मौज्दात मध्ये रु २१，००，००，०००．०० ग्राहक संरक्षण कोषको लागि EARMARK गरी छुटै लगानी गरिएको छ र त्यस लगानीबाट प्राप्त आम्दानीलाई यसै कोषमा जम्मा गरिएको छ।

२३．पेन्सन वचतलाई निश्चित अवधी पश्चात तोकिएको रकम पुयाएर भुक्तानी दिनु पर्ने हुनाले उक्त बचतको ब्याजलाई बचतमा हुने गरी जस्तै ब्याज खर्च गर्ने गरेकोमा विगतमा तथा यस आ．व．मा विभिन्न पेन्सन बचतमा एकल दरले व्याज खर्च गणना गरीएको तर निक्षेपको शर्त बमोजीम अवधिको आधारमा व्याज दर फरक पर्ने हुनाले वास्तविक व्याज गणना गर्दा हुने दायित्व रकमलाई लेखांकन गरी विगतमा तथा यस अवधीमा खुद अधिक खर्च जनाईएको रकम रु．४，६१，२९，६९४．९० लाई अनुसुची ४．२० मा गैर सन्चालन आम्दानी लेखांकन गरिएको छ।

२४．ने．रा．बैं ले समस्याग्रष्त घोषण गरेको बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थामा रहेको मौज्दातको शतप्रतिशत नोक्सानी गर्नुपर्ने व्यवस्था वमोजिम गत आ．व मा यस संस्थाले क्यापिटल मर्चेण्ट एण्ड फाइनान्स लि．मा रहेको रकम रु ३，४०，२२，९४२．७७ को शतप्रतिशत कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था गरेको थियो जसमध्ये यस आ．व मा रु ७७，००，०००．०० फिर्ता भई रु．२，६३，२२，९५२．६० को मात्र नोक्सानी व्यवस्था बाँकी रहेको छ।

आ.व. २०७弓/०७९ वित्तीय विवरणसँग सम्बन्धित प्रमुख लेखा नीति तथा टिप्पणीहरु
२४. ने.रा.बैंक ले जारी गरेको निर्देशन २०७६, बमोजिम लघुवित्त संस्थाले नयाँ कर्जाको हकमा कर्जा स्वीकृत भएको महिना समाप्त भएको मितिले १Ц दिनभित्र कर्जाको विवरण कर्जा सूचना केन्द्रमा पठाउनु पर्ने र त्यसैगरी ईजाजतपत्रपाप्त संस्थाले कर्जा स्वीकृत गर्नु अगावै कर्जा सूचना केन्द्रबाट अनिवार्य रुपमा कर्जा सूचना लिनु पर्ने र यस निर्देशन बमोजिम कार्य नभएको अवस्थामा कर्जा रकमको २ प्रतिशत विन्दुले थप कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था कायम गर्नुपर्ने छ। यसै व्यवस्था अनुसार यस लघुवित्त संस्थाको असार मसान्त सम्मलाई आधार लिदा यस आ.व मा कुल ११,२९,९७,४६१.३० रकम कर्जा सूचना केन्द्रमा अपडेट नभएको देखिएकोमा, यस रकमको २ प्रतिशत हुन आउने रु. २२,५९,९४९.३० थप कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्थामा लेखाड्कन गरिएको छ।
२६. यस संस्थाले आ.व २०७६/०७९ मा हालको परिस्थितीलाई मध्यनजर गदैै भविष्यमा पर्नसक्ते वित्तीय संकटको कारण सदस्यहरुको व्यवसाय तथा आय आर्जनमा समेत प्रभाव पर्न गई थप चुनौतीको सिर्जना हुनसक्न भएकाले संस्थाले यस आ.व मा थप रु. ఒ,००,००,०००.०० कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था गरेको छ।
२७. यस संस्थाले आ.व २०७द/०७९ मा चैत्र मसान्तमा निस्कृय कर्जामा रहेको तर अषाढ मसान्तमा असल तथा सुक्ष्म निगरानी कर्जामा परेको जम्मा रकम रु. १,६७,७२,६५४.०३ को सत् प्रतिशत कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था गरेको छ।
२६. यस संस्थाले आ.व २०७७/०७६ मा मर्जरको कममा सल्म लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लि.बाट शेयर वापत रु.६,००,०००.०० बढी प्राप्त गरेको रकमलाई कल्स ईन एड्भान्समा देखाईएको छ।
२९. वित्तीय संस्थाले सुरक्षणका रुपमा आफ्नो सम्पत्ति धितो राखी कुनै रकम लिएको छैन।
३०. पुन: वर्गिकरण तथा पुनः तालिकीकरण

गत वर्षको अंकहरुलाई आवश्यकता अनुसार पुनः वर्गिकरण र पुन: तालिकीकरण गरी देखाइएको छ।

| क.सं. | संस्थापक/संस्थ <br> संस्थापक/संस्थापक समुह अन्तर्गत पर्ने शेयरधनिको नाम | जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड <br> समुहका शेयरधनिले आफ्नो स्वामित्वमा रहेको शेयर अन्य बैक तथा बित्तीय संस्थामा धितो राखि कर्जा लिएको बिवरण |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | कैफियत |
|  |  | कुल कित्ता संख्या $\quad$ कुल चुक्ता पुजिंको प्रतिशत |  | कर्जा लिएको अन्य बैक/बित्तीय संस्थाको नाम | कर्जा रकम | धितोमा रहेको शेयर कित्ता संख्या |  |
| 9 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ३ |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\gamma$ |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $y$ |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | जम्मा | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Jeevan Bikas Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd
Comparision of Unaudited and Audited Financial Statement as of FY. 2078/79

| S.N | Particulars | As per unaudited financial statement | As per audited financial statement | Rs in '000 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | variance |  | Reasons for Variance |
|  |  |  |  | In Amount | In \% |  |
| 1 | Total Capital \& Liabilities (1.1 to 1.7) | 25,662,303.50 | 24,608,758.17 | 1,053,545.33 | 4.11\% |  |
| 1.1 | Paid Up Capital | 1,034,280.00 | 1,182,634.20 | $(148,354.20)$ | -14.34\% | Due to proposed Bonus Share and adj. of Calls in advance amount |
| 1.2 | Reserve and Surplus | 1,542,045.68 | 1,573,548.21 | $(31,502.53)$ | -2.04\% | recognition of defferred tax reserve, Appropriation \& account adiustment |
| 1.3 | Debenture and Bond |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.4 | Borrowings | 10,081,606.94 | 10,081,606.94 | - | - |  |
| 1.5 | Deposits (a+b) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | a) Members | 9,546,691.37 | 9,546,691.37 | - | - |  |
|  | b) Public |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.6 | Income Tax Liabilities | 335,115.98 | - | 335,115.98 | 100.00\% | Change in Taxable Income \& Adjustment of this liablities with advance tax. |
| 1.7 | Other Liabilities | 3,122,563.54 | 2,224,277.45 | 898,286.08 | 28.77\% | due to adj. of Income tax liabilities with advance tax and LLP shown senarately |
| 2 | Total Assets (2.1 to 2.7) | 25,662,303.50 | 24,616,145.88 | 1,046,157.62 | 4.08\% |  |
| 2.1 | Cash/Bank Balance | 830,550.69 | 830,253.29 | 297.40 | 0.04\% | adjustment of Bank Charges |
| 2.2 | Money at Call and Short Notice | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2.3 | Investments | - | - | - |  |  |
| 2.4 | Loan and Advance | 23,779,357.88 | 23,224,708.72 | 554,649.16 | 2.33\% | Net Balance is shown in Audited F.S whereas Gross balance is shown in unaudited F.S. |
| 2.5 | Fixed Assets | 84,515.93 | 84,509.56 | 6.38 | 0.01\% | adjustment of depreciation amount |
| 2.6 | Non-Banking Assets | - | - | - |  |  |
| 2.7 | Other Assets | 967,879.00 | 476,674.32 | 491,204.69 | 50.75\% | adjustment of Advance tax with Income tax provision and other account adiustment. |
| 3 | Profit and Loss Account |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.1 | Interest Income | 3,299,880.81 | 3,282,747.22 | 17,133.60 | 0.52\% | due to reclassifcation \& adiustment on interest income. |
| 3.2 | Interest Expenses | 1,706,042.77 | 1,706,042.77 | - | 0.00\% |  |
|  | A.Net Interest Income (3.1-3.2) | 1,593,838.05 | 1,576,704.45 | 17,133.60 | 1.07\% |  |
| 3.3 | Fees, Commision and Discount | - | 313,694.64 | $(313,694.64)$ | -100.00\% | due to reclasification of account head. |
| 3.4 | Other Operating Income | 380,538.65 | - | 380,538.65 | 100.00\% | due to reclassification of account head. |
| 3.5 | Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss (Net) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | B.Total Operating Income (A+3.3+3.4+3.5) | 1,974,376.69 | 1,890,399.09 | 83,977.60 | 4.25\% |  |
| 3.6 | Staff Expenses | 499,085.42 | 569,210.53 | $(70,125.11)$ | -14.05\% | due to reclassification of expenses. |
| 3.7 | Other Operating Expenses | 192,125.48 | 127,717.16 | 64,408.33 | 33.52\% | due to reclassification of expenses. |
|  | C. Operating Profit Before Provision (B-3.6-3.7 ) | 1,283,165.79 | 1,193,471.40 | 89,694.39 | 6.99\% |  |
| 3.8 | Provision for Possible Losses | 465,961.71 | 485,294.01 | $(19,332.30)$ | -4.15\% | due to effect of additonal LLP \& net off LLP \& write back here itself. |
|  | D.Operating Profit (C-3.8) | 817,204.08 | 708,177.39 | 109,026.69 | 13.34\% |  |
| 3.9 | Non-Operating Income / Expenses (Net) | - | - | - | - |  |
| 3.10 | Write Back of Provision for Possible Losses | 375,836.61 | 433,921.21 | $(58,084.60)$ | -15.45\% | due to adjustment of excess reserve of last vear. |
|  | E.Profit From Regular Activities ( $\mathrm{D}+3.9+3.10$ ) | 1,193,040.69 | 1,142,098.60 | 50,942.09 | 4.27\% |  |
| 3.11 | Extra Ordinary Income/Expenses (Net) | 48,129.59 | 48,129.59 | - | - |  |
|  | F.Profit Before Bonus and Taxes (E+3.11) | 1,241,170.29 | 1,190,228.20 | 50,942.09 | 4.10\% |  |
| 3.12 | Provision for Staff Bonus | 124,117.03 | 119,022.82 | $(5,094.21)$ | -4.10\% | due to change in figure of Profit \& Loss account. |
| 3.13 | Provision for Tax | 335,115.98 | 319,291.33 | 15,824.65 | 4.72\% | due to adjustment of Deferred tax assets. |
|  | G.Net Profit / Loss (F-3.12-3.13) | 781,937.28 | 751,914.05 | $(30,023.23)$ | -3.84\% |  |


|  |  |  |  | निर्देशन फा.नं. घ ४.२ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jeevan Bikas Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd |  |  |  |  |
| Unaudited Quarterly Financial Statement |  |  |  |  |
| As at 4th quarter of the Fiscal Year 2078/2079 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | (Rs. in '000) |
| S.N. | Particulars | This Quarter Ending | Previous Quarter Ending | Corresponding Previous Year Ouarter Ending |
| 1 | Total Capital \& Liabilities (1.1 to 1.7) | 25,662,303.50 | 24,526,766.98 | 22,744,847.00 |
| 1.1 | Paid-up Capital | 1,034,280.00 | 1,034,280.00 | 608,400.00 |
| 1.2 | Reserves and Surplus | 1,542,045.68 | 1,337,106.69 | 1,309,407.65 |
| 1.3 | Debenture and Bond |  |  |  |
| 1.4 | Borrowings | 10,081,606.94 | 9,820,470.84 | 9,924,749.77 |
| 1.5 | Deposits (a+b) | 9,546,691.37 | 9,054,817.08 | 8,090,419.42 |
|  | a. Domestic Currency | 9,546,691.37 | 9,054,817.08 | 8,090,419.42 |
|  | b. Foreign Currency |  |  |  |
| 1.6 | Income Tax Liabilities | 335115.98 | 247542.1245 | 295,525.02 |
| 1.7 | Other Liabilities | 3,122,563.54 | 3,032,550.24 | 2,516,345.14 |
| 2 | Total Assets (2.1 to 2.7) | 25,662,303.50 | 24,526,766.98 | 22,744,847.00 |
| 2.1 | Cash \& Bank Balance | 830,550.69 | 784,274.90 | 1,463,894.99 |
| 2.2 | Money at call and short Notice | - | - |  |
| 2.3 | Investments | - | - | - |
| 2.4 | Loans \& Advances | 23,779,357.88 | 22,834,766.15 | 20,458,237.66 |
| 2.5 | Fixed Assets | 84,515.93 | 88775.87421 | 87,632.90 |
| 2.6 | Non Banking Assets |  |  |  |
| 2.7 | Other Assets | 967,879.00 | 818950.0581 | 735,081.45 |
| 3 | Profit and Loss Accou |  |  |  |
| 3.1 | Interest income | 3,299,880.81 | 2420580.477 | 2,516,550.91 |
| 3.2 | Interest Expense | 1,706,042.77 | 1213621.307 | 1,099,839.23 |
| A | Net Interest Income (3.1-3.2) | 1,593,838.05 | 1,206,959.17 | 1,416,711.68 |
| 3.3 | Fees Commission and Discount | - | - | - |
| 3.4 | Other Operating Income | 380,538.65 | 281625.5462 | 405,533.69 |
| 3.5 | Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss (Net) | - - | - | - - |
| B | Total Operating Income (A+3.3+3.4+3.5) | 1,974,376.69 | 1,488,584.72 | 1,822,245.37 |
| 3.6 | Staff Expenses | 499085.42 | 374578.2134 | 454,462.45 |
| 3.7 | Other Operating Expenses | 192,125.48 | 159,139.64 | 222,272.45 |
| C | Operating profit Before Provision (B-3.6-3.7) | 1,283,165.79 | 954,866.86 | 1,145,510.48 |
| 3.8 | Provision for Possible Loss | 465,961.71 | 352,170.80 | 761,769.21 |
| D | Operating profit (C-3.8) | 817,204.08 | 602,696.06 | 383,741.26 |
| 3.9 | Non Operating Income/Expenses (Net) | - | - | - |
| 3.10 | Write Back of Provision for Possible Loss | 375,836.61 | 278,636.21 | 671,716.64 |
| E | Profit From Regular Activities (D+3.9+3.10) | 1,193,040.69 | 881,332.28 | 1,055,457.90 |
| 3.11 | Extraordinary Income/Expenses (Net) | 48,129.59 | 35,490.41 | 39,079.21 |
| F | Profit Before Bonus and Taxes (E+3.11) | 1,241,170.29 | 916,822.68 | 1,094,537.11 |
| 3.12 | Provision For Staff Bonus | 124,117.03 | 91,682.27 | 109,453.71 |
| 3.13 | Provision For Tax | 335,115.98 | 247,542.12 | 295,525.02 |
| G | Net Profit/Loss (F-3.12-3.13) | 781,937.28 | 577,598.29 | 689,558.38 |
| 4 | Ratios |  |  |  |
| 4.1 | Capital Fund to RWA | 11.60\% | 11.14\% | 9.72\% |
| 4.2 | Non Performing Loan (NPL) to Total Loan | 0.91\% | 0.83\% | 0.61\% |
| 4.3 | Total Loan Loss Provision to total NPL | 287.72\% | 317.22\% | 396.01\% |
| 4.4 | Cost of Funds | 10.24\% | 10.54\% | 7.24\% |
| 4.5 | CD Ratio (Calculated as per NRB Directives) | 249.08\% | 252.18\% | 252.87\% |

# Kinjal \& Associates 

## Chartered Accountants

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of JEEVAN BIKAS LAGHUBITTA BITTIYA SANSTHA LTD. KATAHARI, MORANG 

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Jeevan Bikas Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd. Which comprise the statement of financial position as at $\mathbf{3 2}{ }^{\text {nd }}$ Ashad 2079, and the statement of Profit or Loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in Equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and explanatory notes.

In our opinion and to the best of our knowledge and according to the explanation given to us the aforesaid financial statements present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of the company as at $\mathbf{3 2}{ }^{\text {nd }}$ Ashad 2079 and its financial performance, changes in equity, and its cash flows for the year then ended and summary of significant accounting policies and explanatory notes in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards(NFRS) with carve -outs and comply with the Company Act 2063 and Bank and Financial Institution Act 2073.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Nepal Standards on Auditing (NSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to the audit of the company under the provisions of Companies Act 2063, and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics for a Professional Accountants. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of standalone financial statements for the financial year ended Ashad end 2079.These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matters is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters describe below to the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.


## Kinjal \& Associates

Chartered Accountànts

| Key Audit Matters |
| :--- |
| Impairment of Loans and Advances |
| As per NAS 39 and carve-out for the |
| respective standard, impairment for loans |
| and advances has been measured as the |
| higher amount derived as per norms |
| prescribed by an NRB for loan loss |
| provision and amount derived as per para |
| 63 i.e. Expected Loss Method. |

## Information Technology System and control Impacting Financial Reporting

The information technology of the company is Complex and involves a large number of independent and interdependent IT system used in the operation of the company for processing and recording a large volume of transactions. As a result, there is a high degree of reliancẹ and dependency on such IT system for the financial reporting process of the company.
Appropriate IT General controls and application controls are required to ensure that such IT systems are able to process the data, as required completely, accurately and consistently for financial reporting.

We considered this as a key audit matters as any control lapses, validation failures, incorrect input data and wrong extraction of data may result in wrong reporting of data to management, stakeholders and regulators.

Auditor Response

Our audit approaches included clear understanding of the practice of the calculation of impairment of Loans and Advances.

Our Result: we agreed with the calculation of the impairment of Loans and Advances made by the management.

Our audit approach regarding Information Technology of the company is based upon the Information Technology Guidelines 2012 issued by NRB and it also included:

- Verification of the interest income and expenses booking regarding loans and deposits on test check basis with the CBS of the company.
- Reliance on the IT audit conducted by the company.
- Verifications of the provisions of the loans and advances based on ageing on test checks basis.

Our result: we considered the information technology system and their relevant controls to be adequate.

## Other Information:

Management is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statement does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
Our responsibilities are to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the information is materially inconsistence with the financial statements of our knowledge obtained in the course of audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Kinjal \& Associates 

## Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with NFRSs and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with the governance are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with NSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

As part of an audit in accordance with NSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting.
- Evaluate the overall presentations, structure and context of the financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.


## Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

We have determined to communicate the followings matters in accordance with the requirements of NRB directives, Companies Act 2063, BAFIA 2073 and other regulatory requirements.


Email: kinjal.kna@gmail.com
Email: kinjal.pokharel@gmail.com

## Kinjal \& Associates

## Chartered Accountants

- We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief, where necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- Based on our audit, proper books of account as required by the law have been kept by the company.
- Returns received from the branch offices of the company were adequate for the purposes of our audit though the statements are independently not audited.
- The capital fund, risk bearing fund and the provisions for possible impairment of assets of the company are adequate considering the Directives issued by Nepal Rastriya Bank.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and accordingly to the explanations and from our examination of the books of accounts of the company we have not come across any cases where the Board of Directors or any office bearer of the company have acted contrary to the provisions of law, or committed any misappropriation or caused any loss or damage to the company and violated Directives issued by NRB or acted in a manner, as would Jeopardize the interest and security of the company's, shareholders and its depositors.
- The business of the company has been conducted satisfactorily and operated within its jurisdictions and has been functioning as per NRB directives.
- Before this audit opinion, previously we have issued two audit opinion, $1^{\text {st }}$ dated 2023.02.20 from udin no: 230222CA009519CeQM and $2^{\text {nd }}$ dated 2023.03 .05 from udin no:230306CA00951tZLAj respectively and same was submitted to NRB for Approval. Due to change in NRB directive issued on dated 2023.02.22 about dividend declaration - and further letter issued by NRB to Bittiya Sanstha on dated 2023.03.22, NRB has instructed the institution to amend the proposed dividend. Thus, board has approved revised financial on 2023.3.23 on the basis of NRB direction. Hence, we have provided our, audit opinion on revised financial statement. Further, previous audit report issued by us has been repeal by this report.

The engagement proprietor on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is CA Kinjal Pokhrel.

CA Kinjal Pokhrel Proprietor Kinjal and Associates
Chartered Accountants


Biratnagar, Morang, Nepal
Date: - 2023-03-23
UDIN: 230326CA009518a7ZJ

Email: kinjal.kna@gmail.com
Email: kinjal.pokharel@gmail.com

Jeevan Bikas Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited
Statement of Financial Position
As at 32nd Ashadh 2079 (16 July 2022)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Note | As at <br> 32nd Ashadh 2079 | Restated* As at 31st Ashadh 2078 | Restated* As at 1st Shrawan 2077 |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 4.1 | 522,053,504 | 1,373,059,906 | 543,163,489 |
| Statutory Balances and Due from Nepal Rastra Bank | 4.2 | 98,500,000 | 90,500,000 | 46,500,000 |
| Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions | 4.3 | - | - | - |
| Derivative Financial Instruments | 4.4 | - | - | - |
| Other Trading Assets | 4.5 | - | - | - |
| Loans and advance to MFIs and cooperatives | 4.6 | - | - | - |
| Loans and advances to customers | 4.7 | 23,545,679,441 | 20,196,893,734 | 10,573,366,525 |
| Investment securities | 4.8 | 210,000,000 | - | - |
| Current tax assets | 4.9 | 96,284,599 | 19,216,622 | 37,584,811 |
| Investment properties | 4.10 | - | - | - |
| Property and Equipment | 4.11 | 173,524,901 | 88,164,048 | 52,062,635 |
| Goodwill and Intangible assets | 4.12 | 2,464,336 | 2,033,986 | - |
| Deferred Tax Assets | 4.13 | 40,778,663 | 38,470,485 | 23,421,290 |
| Other assets | 4.14 | 87,115,097 | 90,437,862 | 30,191,750 |
| Total Assets |  | 24,776,400,540 | 21,898,776,642 | 11,306,290,500 |
|  | Note | As at32nd Ashadh 2079 | Restated*As at31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Restated*As at1st Shrawan } \\ 2077 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Due to Bank and Financial Institutions | 4.15 | 9,481,606,939 | 9,172,260,060 | 3,385,937,730 |
| Due to Nepal Ratsra Bank | 4.16 | 600,000,000 | 750,000,000 | - |
| Derivative Financial Instrument | 4.17 | - | - | - |
| Deposits from customers | 4.18 | 9,546,691,371 | 8,090,419,421 | 5,623,185,510 |
| Borrowings | 4.19 | - | - | - |
| Current Tax Liabilities | 4.9 | - | - | - |
| Provisions | 4.20 | - | - | - |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities | 4.12 | - | - | - |
| Other liabilities | 4.21 | 2,232,959,640 | 1,721,744,072 | 1,181,899,280 |
| Debt securities issued | 4.22 | - | - | - - |
| Subordinated Liabilities | 4.23 | - | - | - |
| Total liabilities |  | 21,861,257,950 | 19,734,423,552 | 10,191,022,520 |
| Equity |  |  |  |  |
| Share Capital | 4.24 | 1,034,280,000 | 608,400,000 | 337,500,000 |
| Share Premium |  | - | - | - |
| Retained Earnings |  | 877,600,588 | 810,185,176 | 486,728,799 |
| Reserves | 4.25 | 1,003,262,002 | 745,767,914 | 291,039,180 |
| Total equity attributable to equity holders Non-controlling interest |  | 2,915,142,590 | 2,164,353,090 | 1,115,267,979 |
| Total Equity |  | 2,915,142,590 | 2,164,353,090 | 1,115,267,979 |
| Total Liabilities and Equity |  | 24,776,400,540 | 21,898,776,642 | 11,306,290,500 |
| Contingent Liabilities and commitment | 4.26 |  |  |  |
| Net Assets Value Per share |  | 282 | 356 | 330 |

Bikram Raj Subedi Chairman

Sanjay Kumar Mandal Chief Executive Officer

## Anjay Kumar Mandal

Chief Finance Officer

Shyam Chandra Khatiwada Director

Prakash Kumar Shrestha Director

Gokarna Khatiwoda Director

Indra Narayan Dev Waisya
Director

## Sonila Shakya

Director

## Ashok Sitoula

Director

CA. Kinjal Pokharel
Proprietor
Kinjal \& Associates
Chartered Accountants

Date:
Place:

Jeevan Bikas Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited Statement of Profit or Loss
For the year ended 32nd Ashadh 2079 (16 July 2022)
Figures in NPR

| Particulars | Note | Year ended <br> 32nd Ashadh 2079 | Restated* <br> Year ended 31st Ashadh 2078 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest income | 4.27 | 3,353,976,686 | 2,537,763,949 |
| Interest expense | 4.28 | (1,714,856,950) | $(1,091,756,497)$ |
| Net interest income |  | 1,639,119,736 | 1,446,007,452 |
| Fees and commission income | 4.29 | 268,264,172 | 367,961,496 |
| Fees and commission expense | 4.30 | $(10,003,233)$ | (6,402,681) |
| Net fee and commission income |  | 258,260,939 | 361,558,815 |
| Net interest and commission income |  | 1,897,380,674 | 1,807,566,267 |
| Net trading income | 4.31 | - | - |
| Other operating income | 4.32 | 28,468,737 | 27,550,709 |
| Total operating income |  | 1,925,849,411 | $\mathbf{1 , 8 3 5 , 1 1 6 , 9 7 5}$ |
| Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses | 4.33 | 59,072,803 | 90,052,575 |
| Net operating income |  | 1,866,776,608 | 1,745,064,400 |
| Operating expense |  |  |  |
| Personnel expenses | 4.34 | $(678,479,205)$ | $(598,664,470)$ |
| Other Operating expenses | 4.35 | $(71,854,422)$ | (110,846,378) |
| Depreciation and Amortisation | 4.36 | $(27,147,336)$ | $(18,158,789)$ |
| Operating Profit |  | 1,089,295,645 | 1,017,394,763 |
| Non operating Income | 4.37 | 55,831,025 | 54,015,098 |
| Non operating expense | 4.38 | $(408,174)$ | $(620,711)$ |
| Profit before income tax |  | 1,144,718,496 | 1,070,789,151 |
| Income tax expense | 4.39 |  |  |
| Current Tax Expense |  | 354,760,641 | 322,378,894 |
| Deferred Tax Expense/(Income) |  | (1,187,902) | (6,707,403) |
| Profit for the period |  | 791,145,756 | 755,117,660 |
| Profit attributable to: |  |  |  |
| Equity holders of the Bank |  | 791,145,756 | 755,117,660 |
| Non-controlling interests |  | - | - |
| Profit for the period |  | 791,145,756 | 755,117,660 |
| Earnings Per Share (EPS) |  |  |  |
| Basic EPS |  | 76.49 | 124.12 |
| Diluted EPS |  | 76.49 | 124.12 |

The accompanying notes are integral part of these financial statements.
As per our report of even date

Bikram Raj Subedi
Chairman

Sanjay Kumar Mandal
Chief Executive Officer

Anjay Kumar Mandal Chief Finance Officer

Shyam Chandra Khatiwada
Director

Prakash Kumar Shrestha
Director

Gokarna Khatiwoda
Director

Indra Narayan Dev Waisya Director

| Sonila Shakya |
| :---: |
| Director |
|  |
| Ashok Sitoula |
| Director |

CA. Kinjal Pokharel
Proprietor
Kinjal \& Associates Chartered Accountants

Date:
Place:

Jeevan Bikas Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited
Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the year ended 32nd Ashadh 2079 (16 July 2022)

| Particulars | Year ended 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year ended } \\ \text { 31st Ashadh } 2078 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit for the year | 791,145,756.12 | 755,117,659.77 |
| Other Comprehensive Income, net of income tax <br> a) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss <br> Gains / (Losses) from investment in equity instruments measured at fair value <br> Gains / (Losses) on revaluation <br> Actuarial Gains / (Losses) on defined benefit plans <br> Income tax relating to above items | $\begin{gathered} (3,734,254) \\ 1,120,276 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (27,805,970) \\ 8,341,791 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Net other Comprehensive Income that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss | (2,613,978) | $(19,464,179)$ |
| b) Items that are or may be reclassified to Profit or Loss <br> Gains (Losses) on cash flow hedge <br> Exchange gains (Losses) arising from translation financial assets of foreign operation Income tax relating to above items <br> Reclassify to Profit or Loss | - - - - | - - - - |
| Net other Comprehensive Income that are or may be reclassified to Profit or Loss | - | - |
| c) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted as per equited method | - | - |
| Other Comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax | (2,613,978) | $(19,464,179)$ |
| Total Comprehensive income for the year | 788,531,778 | 735,653,481 |
| Total Comprehensive income attributable to: Equity shareholder of the bank Non controlling interest | 788,531,778 |  |
| Total Comprehensive income for the period | 788,531,778 | 735,653,481 |

Bikram Raj Subedi
Chairman

Sanjay Kumar Mandal
Chief Executive Officer

Anjay Kumar Mandal
Chief Finance Officer

Shyam Chandra Khatiwada Director

Prakash Kumar Shrestha
Director

Gokarna Khatiwada
Director

Indra Narayan Dev Waisya Director

## Sonila Shakya

Director

Ashok Sitoula
Director

CA. Kinjal Pokharel Proprietor
Kinjal \& Associates
Chartered Accountants

Date:
Place:

Jeevan Bikas Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited
Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended 32nd Ashadh 2079 (16 July 2022)
Figures in NPR

| Particulars | Year ended 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | Year ended 31st Ashadh 2078 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES <br> Interest received <br> Fees and other income received <br> Dividend received <br> Receipts from other operating activities <br> Interest paid <br> Commission and fees paid <br> Cash payment to employees <br> Other expense paid | $\begin{array}{r} 3,299,707,522 \\ 268,264,172 \\ 84,299,762 \\ (1,714,856,950) \\ (10,003,233) \\ (632,703,141) \\ (98,944,819) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,516,783,620 \\ 367,961,496 \\ \\ 81,565,807 \\ (1,091,756,497) \\ (6,402,681) \\ (510,119,022) \\ (77,444,135) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities | 1,195,763,313 | 1,280,588,587 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in operating assets <br> Due from Nepal Rastra Bank <br> Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions <br> Other trading assets <br> Loans and advance to MFIs and cooperatives <br> Loans and advances to customers <br> Other assets | $\begin{array}{r} (8,000,000) \\ \\ (3,364,673,557) \\ 7,698,896 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (44,000,000) \\ \\ (9,824,239,576) \\ (57,806,372) \end{array}$ |
| Increase/(Decrease) in operating liabilities <br> Due to bank and financial institutions <br> Due to Nepal Rastra Bank <br> Deposit from customers <br> Borrowings <br> Other liabilities | $\begin{gathered} 309,346,880 \\ (150,000,000) \\ 1,456,271,950 \\ \\ 404,558,407 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,786,322,329 \\ 750,000,000 \\ 2,467,233,911 \\ \\ 443,535,217 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Net cash flow from operating activities before tax paid | $(149,034,112)$ | 801,634,096 |
| Income taxes paid | $(431,828,618)$ | (304,010,706) |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | $(580,862,730)$ | 497,623,390 |
| CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES <br> Purchase of investment securities <br> Receipts from sale of investment securities <br> Purchase of property and equipment <br> Receipt from the sale of property and equipment <br> Acquisition of intangible assets <br> Receipt from the sale of intangible assets <br> Purchase of investment properties <br> Receipt from the sale of investment properties <br> Interest received <br> Dividend received | $\begin{gathered} (210,000,000) \\ (15,598,810) \end{gathered}$ | (53,710,209) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (225,598,810) | (53,710,209) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES <br> Receipt from issue of debt securities <br> Repayment of debt securities <br> Reciepts from issue of subordinated liabilities <br> Repayment of subordinated liability <br> Receipts from issue of shares <br> Dividends paid <br> Interest paid <br> Other recepit/payment | $\begin{aligned} & (22,414,737) \\ & (22,130,125) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 270,900,000 \\ & 115,083,235 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Net cash from financing activities | $(44,544,862)$ | 385,983,235 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents <br> Cash and cash equivalents at begening of the period <br> Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents held | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \mathbf{( 8 5 1 , 0 0 6 , 4 0 2 )} \\ 1,373,059,906 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{8 2 9 , 8 9 6 , 4 1 6} \\ & 543,163,489 \end{aligned}$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 522,053,504 | 1,373,059,906 |

## Bikram Raj Subedi

 ChairmanSanjay Kumar Mandal
Chief Executive Officer

Anjay Kumar Mandal
Chief Finance Officer

Shyam Chandra Khatiwada Director

## Prakash Kumar Shrestha Director

Gokarna Khatiwoda
Director

Indra Narayan Dev Waisya Director

## CA. Kinjal Pokharel

 ProprietorKinjal \& Associates
Chartered Accountants


Jeevan Bikas Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited
Statement of Distributable profit or loss
For the year ended 32nd Ashadh 2079
As per NRB Regulation

| Particulars | Current Year | Previous Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Profit/(loss) as per Statement of Profit or Loss | 791,145,756 | 755,117,660 |
| Appropriation |  |  |
| a. General Reserve | $(158,229,151)$ | (299,359,031.48) |
| b. Foreign Exchange Fluctuation fund |  |  |
| c. Capital Redemption Reserve |  |  |
| d. Corporate Social Responsibility Fund | (7,911,458) | (6,802,583.15) |
| e. Employees Training fund |  |  |
| f. Client Protection Fund | (7,911,458) | (88,456,267.36) |
| g. Other |  |  |
| Profit/(loss) before regulatory adjustment | 617,093,690 | 360,499,778 |
| Regulatory Adjustments: |  |  |
| a. Interest Receivable (-)/previous accrued interest received(+) | $(29,963,484)$ | $(10,174,535)$ |
| b. Short loan loss provision in accounts(-)/reversal(+) |  |  |
| c. Short provision for possible losses on investment (-)/reversal( + ) |  |  |
| d. Short provision for possible losses on Non-Banking Assets (-)/reversal(+) |  |  |
| e. Deferred Tax Assets recognized(-)/reveral(+) | $(40,778,663)$ |  |
| f. Goodwill recognized (-)/Impairment of Goodwill( + ) |  |  |
| g. Bargain purchase gain recognized ( - )/reversal( + ) | $(34,830,000)$ |  |
| h. Actuarial Loss recognized ( - /reversal(+) | $(2,613,978)$ | (19,464,179) |
| i. Other (+/-) |  |  |
| Profit or (Loss) after Regulatory Adjustments | 508,907,566 | 330,861,063 |

## Jeevan Bikas Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd.

Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the Accounts

## 1 Reporting Entity

Jeevan Bikas Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited ('D-classMicrofinance Development Bank' or "the Company") is a public company incorporated under the Companies Act, 2063 and licensed by Nepal Rastra Bank to conduct banking transaction as a "D" Class Financial Institution under the Bank and Financial Institution Act, 2073. The Microfinance has itscentral Office at Katahari-1, Morang. The Microfinance received the license to commence banking operations on $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ Falgun, 2075 BS(Febraury 15, 2019 AD). The Microfinance's Equity Shares are listed in Nepal Stock Exchange. The objective of the Microfinance is to serve the poor backward communities of rural areas and to uplift the economic status of Nepal by investing in different economic sectors under economic liberalization policy, understanding diverse customer needs and providing broad mix of financial services to business and individuals.
The Authorized Capital of the company is Rupees $2,000,000,000 /-$ and the Issued Capital is $1,034,280,000.00 /$-. 67.5 percent of the Paid-Up Capital is held by the promoter and remaining 32.5 percent is held by the general public. The shares of the Company are listed at Nepal Stock Exchange Limited (NEPSE).The shareholder composition of the Microfinanceis as follows (as of 2079-03-32).

| S.N | Ownership | Percent |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | General Public | 32.5 |
| 2 | Other Institution | 43.41 |
| 3 | Other (Individual Promoter) | 24.09 |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |
| $\mathbf{S . N}$ | Ownership | Percent |
| 1 | Promoter Shares | $67.50 \%$ |
| 2 | Ordinary Shares | $32.50 \%$ |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |

## 2 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Microfinance have been prepared on accrual basis of accounting except the Cash flow information which is prepared, on a cash basis, using the indirect method. The interest income is recognized on effective interest rate method.
The financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss and Statement ofOther Comprehensive Income shown in two separate statements, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Notes to the Accounts. The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of financial statements are set out below in point number 3. These policies are consistently applied to all the years presented, except for the changes in accounting policies disclosed specifically.

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) adopted by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) of Nepal, pronounced by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN) and as per the directives no. 4 of Unified Directives, 2077 issued by Nepal Rastra Bank (NRB).

The financial statements have been prepared on the going-concern basis.
The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) adopted by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) of Nepal.

Uptothe year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ Ashadh 2078, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the requirements of previous GAAP, NRB Directive and Nepal Accounting Standard (NAS) issued by ASB of Nepal. This is the Company's first NFRS adopted financial statements. The date of transition to NFRS is 1st Shrawan 2078. Refer Note 5.11 for the details of significant first-time adoption exemptions availed by the Company and an explanation of how the transition from previous GAAP to NFRS has affected the Company's financial position, performance and cash flows. The financial statements have been prepared on the going-concern basis.
The Company has adopted all the NFRS and the adoption was carried out in accordance with NFRS 1, First Time Adoption of NFRS. Reconciliations and descriptions of the effect of the transition have been summarized in Notes that follows.

The Company presents its statement of financial position broadly in order of liquidity. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within twelve months after the reporting date (current) and more than twelve months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in the respective notes.

### 2.2 Reporting period and approval of financial statements

Reporting Period is a period from the first day of Shrawan (mid-July) of any year to the last day of Ashadh (mid-July) of the next year as per Nepalese calendar.
The current year period refers to $1^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan 2078 to $32^{\text {nd }}$ Ashadh 2079 as per Nepalese Calendar corresponding to $16^{\text {th }}$ July 2021 to $16^{\text {th }}$ July 2022 as per English Calendar and corresponding previous year period is $1^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan 2077 to $31^{\text {st }}$ Ashadh 2078 as per Nepalese Calendar corresponding to $16^{\text {th }}$ July 2020 to $15^{\text {th }}$ July 2021 as per English Calendar.

|  | Nepalese Calendar | English Calendar |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Current Year | $2078 / 79$ | $2021 / 22$ |
| Previous Year | $2077 / 78$ | $2020 / 21$ |
|  |  |  |
| Current Year Period | $12^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan 2078 to | $16^{\text {th }}$ July 2021 to |
|  | $16^{\text {th }}$ July 2022 |  |
|  |  | $16^{\text {th }}$ July 2020 to |
| Previous Year Period | $31^{\text {st }}$ Ashawan2079 2077 to | $15^{\text {th }}$ July 2021 |

The Financial Statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 2079/11/06 The Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Nepal Financial Reporting Standards.

### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Nepalese Currency (NPR) (rounded to the nearest Rupee unless otherwise stated), which is the company's functional currency. The Microfinancedetermines the functional currency and items included in the financial statements are measured using that functional currency.

### 2.4 Use of Estimates, assumptions and judgments

The preparation of the Microfinance's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.
Information about assumptions and estimation that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year are:

- Key assumptions used in discounted cash flow projections.
- Measurement of defined benefit obligations.
- Provisions, commitments and contingencies.
- Determination of net realizable value.
- Determination of useful life of the property, plants and equipment.
- Assessment of the Microfinance's ability to continue as going concern.
- Determination of fair value of financial instruments; and property and equipment.
- Impairment of financial and non-financial assets.
- Assessment of current as well as deferred tax.


### 2.5 Changes in Accounting Policies

The Company has consistently applied the accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements except for new or revised statements and interpretations implemented during the year. The nature and effect of new standards and interpretations are discussed in note that follows.

### 2.6 New standards in issue but not yet effective

A number of new standards and amendments to the existing standards and interpretations have been issued by IASB after the pronouncements of NFRS with varying effective dates. Those become applicable when ASB Nepal incorporates them within NFRS.The standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Microfinance'sfinancial statements are disclosed below. The Microfinanceintends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when theybecome effective.

- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

IFRS 17 is an International Financial Reporting Standard that was issued by the International Accounting Standards Board in May 2017. It will replace IFRS 4 on accounting for insurance contracts and has an effective date of 1 January 2021. In November 2018 the International Accounting Standards Board proposed to delay the effective date by one year to 1 January 2022.

A number of new standards and amendments to the existing standards and interpretations have been issued by IASB after the pronouncements of NFRS with varying effective dates. Those become applicable when ASB Nepal incorporates them within NFRS.

### 2.7 New Standards and interpretation not adapted

All Nepal Accounting Standards and Nepal Financial Reporting Standards and other interpretation issued by ASB of Nepal have been adapted while preparing financial statements.

### 2.8 Discounting

Non- current assets and liabilities are discounted where discounting is material.

## 3 Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied by the microfinancein the preparation of these financial statements are presented below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless stated otherwise.

### 3.1 Basis of Measurement

The financial statements are prepared on the historical-cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

- Investment property is measured at fair value.
- Liabilities for cash-settled, share-based-payment arrangements are measured at fairvalue.
- Available for sale financial assets are measured at fair value.
- Investments held-for-trade is measured at fair value.
- Derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value.
- Defined benefit schemes, surpluses and deficits are measured at fair value.
- Impairment of asset is measured at fair value and related disposal cost.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Company. Any revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised and in the future periods. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in notes that follow.

## Distinction of Current and Non-Current

## Assets

All the assets except the property, plant and equipments and deferred tax assets are classified as current assets unless specific additional disclosure is made in the notes.

## Liabilities

All the liabilities except the defined benefit plan obligations are classified as current liabilities unless specific additional disclosure is made in the notes.

## Materiality and Aggregation

In compliance with NAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements, each material class of similar items is presented separately in the financial Statements. Items of dissimilar nature or functions are presented separately unless they are material.

### 3.2 Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at vault and agency bank account balances, unrestricted balances with NRB, highly liquid financial assets with original maturity of 3 months from the date of its acquisition and are readily convertible to cash, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and Cash equivalent are measured at amortized cost in the statement of financial position.
Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared by using the 'Direct Method' in accordance with NAS 07- Statement of Cash Flows.

### 3.3 Financial assets and financial liabilities

## Recognition

The Microfinance initially recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Microfinance initially recognize loans and advances, deposits; and debt securities/ subordinated liabilities issued on the date that they are originated which is the date that the Microfinance becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Investments in equity instruments, bonds, debenture, Government securities, NRB bond or deposit auction, reverse repos, outright purchase are recognized on trade date at which the Microfinance commits to purchase/ acquire the financial assets. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are recognized on trade date.

## Classification

## i. Financial Assets

The Microfinance classifies the financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value on the basis of the Microfinance's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The two classes of financial assets are as follows:

## 1. Financial assets measured at amortized cost

The Microfinance classifies a financial asset measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:
a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

## 2. Financial asset measured at fair value

Financial assets other than those measured at amortized cost are measured at fair value. Financial assets measured at fair value are further classified into two categories as below:
a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) if they are held for trading or are designated at fair value through profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction costs are directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.

## b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading and at the initial recognition, the Microfinance makes an irrevocable election that the subsequent changes in fair value of the instrument is to be recognized in other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value though other comprehensive income. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

## ii. Financial Liabilities

The Microfinance classifies the financial liabilities as follows:

## a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) if they are held for trading or are designated at fair value through profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction cost are directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized
in Statement of Profit or Loss as incurred. Subsequent changes in fair value is recognized at profit or loss
b) Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

All financial liabilities other than measured at fair value though profit or loss are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

## Measurement

## Financial assets at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by instrument basis) to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income pertaining to investments in equity instruments. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the 'Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income'. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of the investments.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably. Dividends recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss are included in the 'Other income' line item.

## Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless the Company irrevocably elects on initial recognition to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for investments in equity instruments which are not held for trading.
Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria (see above) are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortised cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL.

A financial asset that meets the amortised cost criteria or debt instruments that meet the FVTOCI criteria may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.
Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. The net gain or loss recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'Other income' line item. Dividend on financial assets at FVTPL is recognised when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

## Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is held for trading or is designated as at FVTPL.
A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise;
- the financial liability forms part of a company of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the Company is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and NFRS 9 permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL in accordance with NFRS 9.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. The net gain or loss recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'Other income' line item.
However, for non-held-for-trading financial liabilities that are designated as at FVTPL, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, in which case these effects of changes in credit risk are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. The remaining amount of change in the fair value of liability is always recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk that are recognised in other comprehensive income are reflected immediately in retained earnings and are not subsequently reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss.

## Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

## De-recognition

## i. De-recognition of financial assets

The Microfinance derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Microfinance neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.
Any interest in such transferred financial assets that qualify for de-recognition that is created or retained by the Microfinance is recognized as a separate asset or liability. On de-recognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset, and the sum of
(i) The consideration received and
(ii) Any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.
The Microfinance enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its Statement of Financial Position, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets or a portion of them. If all or substantially all risks and rewards are retained, then the transferred assets are not derecognized. Transfers of assets with retention of all or substantially all risks and rewards include, for example repurchase transactions.

## ii. De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.

## Determination of fair value

'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in theprincipal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.
When available, the Microfinance measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Microfinance uses valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.
The fair value measurement hierarchy is as follows:
Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 valuations are those with quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and financial instruments valued using models where all significant inputs are observable.
Level 3 portfolios are those where there are unobservable inputs of the instruments. The inputs are not based on observable market data.

The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument at initial recognition is normally the transaction price i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received. If the Microfinance determines that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and the fair value is evidenced neither by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (Level 01 valuation) nor based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets (Level 02 valuation), then the financial instrument is initially measured at fair value, adjusted to defer the difference between the fair value at initial recognition and the transaction price. Subsequently, that difference is recognized in profit or loss on an appropriate basis over the life of the instrument but not later than when the valuation is wholly supported by observable market data or the transaction is closed out. In case the fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (Level 01 valuation), the difference between the transaction price and fair value is recognized in profit or loss immediately.

## Impairment

At each reporting date, the Microfinance assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss are impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset(s), and that the loss event has an impact on the future cash flows of the asset(s) that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired can include significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer, default or delinquency by a borrower, restructuring of a loan or advance by the Microfinance on terms that the Microfinance would not otherwise consider, indications that a borrower or issuer will enter bankruptcy, the disappearance of an active market for a security, or other observable data relating to a group of assets such as adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers in the group, or economic conditions that correlate with defaults in the group. In addition, for an investment in an equity security, a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost is objective evidence of impairment.

In case of financial difficulty of the borrower, the Microfinance considers to restructure loans rather than take possession of collateral. This may involve extending the payment arrangements and agreement of new loan conditions. Once the terms have been renegotiated, any impairment is measured using the original EIR as calculated before the modification of terms and the loan is no longer considered past due. Management continually reviews renegotiated loans to ensure that all criteria are met and that future payments are likely to occur. The loans continue to be subject to an individual or collective impairment assessment, calculated using the loan's original EIR.

## Impairment of financial assets measured at amortized cost

The Microfinance considers evidence of impairment for loans and advances and investment securities measured at amortized cost at both specific asset and collective level. The Microfinance first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant and that are not individually significant are assessed on collectively.

If there is objective evidence on that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognized in profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.
All individually significant loans and advances; and investment securities measured at amortized cost found not to be specifically impaired and those that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and advances with similar risk characteristics.

All individually significant loans and advances and investment securities are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities with similar risk characteristics.
Impairment of loans and advances portfolios are based on the judgments in past experience of portfolio behaviour. In assessing collective impairment, the Microfinance uses historical trends of the probability of default, the timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgment as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical trends. Default rates, loss rates and the expected timing of future recoveries are regularly benchmarked against actual outcomes to ensure that they remain appropriate.
Impairment losses on assets measured at amortized cost are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate.

Loans together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized or has been transferred to the Microfinance. If in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write off is later recovered, the recovery is recognized in the 'Other operating income'.

## Impairment of investment in equity instrument classified as fair value though other comprehensive income

Objective evidence of impairment of investment in an equity instrument is a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost. Impairment losses are recognized by reclassifying the losses accumulated in the fair value reserve in equity to profit or loss. The cumulative loss that is reclassified from equity to profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost, net of any principal repayment and the current fair value, less any impairment loss recognized previously in profit or loss.

### 3.4 Trading assets

Interest income on all trading assets are considered to be incidental to the microfinance's trading operations and are presented together with all other changes in fair value of trading assets and liabilities in net trading income.

Interest expense on all trading liabilities are considered to be incidental to the microfinance's trading operations and are presented together with all other changes in fair value of trading assets and liabilities in net trading income.

### 3.5 Property and Equipment

## a) Recognition and Measurement

Property and Equipment are recognized if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the assets will flow to the Finance and the cost of the asset can be reliably measured. The cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets. Cost of self-constructed assets includes followings:

- Cost of materials and direct labour;
- Any other cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to the working condition for their intended use; and
- Capitalized borrowing cost

Property and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss if any. Neither any class of the property and equipment are measured at revaluation model nor is their fair value measured at the reporting date.
Subsequent expenditure is capitalized if it is probable that the future economic benefits from the expenditure will flow to the entity. Ongoing repairs and maintenance to keep the assets in working condition are expensed as incurred.
Any gain or losses on de-recognition of an item of property and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

## b) Capital work in progress

Assets in the course of construction are capitalised in the assets under capital work in progress account (CWIP). At the point when an asset is capable of operating at management's intended use, the cost of construction is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment and depreciation commences. Where an obligation (legal or constructive) exists to dismantle or remove an asset or restore a site to its former condition at the end of its useful life, the present value of the estimated cost of dismantling, removing or restoring the site is capitalized along with the cost of acquisition or construction upon completion and a corresponding liability is recognized.

## c) Depreciation

Property and equipment's are depreciated based on the remaining useful life basis from the date of adoption of NFRS as determined by the Management. Depreciation is recognized in profit or loss. Land is not depreciated. Charging of depreciation is ceased from the earlier of the date from which the asset is classified as held for sale or is derecognized.
The estimated useful lives of significant items of property and equipment for current year and comparative periods are as follows:

| Class of Assets | Useful Life | Rate of depreciation |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Building | 20 years | $5.00 \%$ |
| Leasehold Assets | 10 Years | $10.00 \%$ |
| Vehicles | 10 years | $10.00 \%$ |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 7 Years | $14.29 \%$ |
| Machinery | 7 years | $14.29 \%$ |
| Equipment and Others | 7 years | $14.29 \%$ |

- The capitalized value of Software Purchase and installation costs are amortized over a maximum 5 years' period or within the ownership period.
- Assets costing less than Rs. 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of purchase. For assets purchased/sold during the year, depreciation is provided upto the date of use on pro-rata basis.


### 3.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.
Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash generating unit level. Such intangibles are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether
indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.
The intangible asset with finite useful lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.
Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.
Certain computer software costs are capitalized and recognised as intangible assets based on materiality, accounting prudence and significant benefits expected to flow therefrom for a period longer than one year.
The estimated useful lives of significant items of intangible assets for current year and comparative periods are as follows:

| Class of Assets | Useful Life | Rate of Depreciation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Computer software | 5 years | $20 \%$ |

### 3.7 Investment Property

Investment property is the land or building or both held either for rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in ordinary course of business and owner-occupied property. The Microfinance holds investment property that has been acquired through the enforcement of security over the loan and advances.
Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred. If the recognition criteria are met; and excludes the costs of day-to-day servicing of an investment property. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise. Investment property whichinitially measured at cost and subsequently at Cost Model. Accordingly, such properties are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss if any.
Fair values are evaluated annually by an accredited external, independent valuator.
Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of, or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the income statement in the year of retirement or disposal.

### 3.8 Income tax

The Company is subject to tax laws of Nepal. Income Taxes have been calculated as per the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 2058. Deferred tax is recorded on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, at the rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The ultimate realisation of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable profits during the periods in which those temporary differences and tax law carry-forwards become deductible. The company considers the expected reversal of deferred tax liabilities and projected future taxable income making this assessment. The amount of the deferred tax assets considered realisable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry-forward period are reduced.

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income.

## Current Tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable based on the taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible.

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Current income tax assets and liabilities also include adjustments for tax expected to be payable or recoverable in respect of previous periods.

## Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.
Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date and that are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reversed if it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised. The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.
Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised except:
i. Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
ii. In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.
Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

### 3.9 Deposits, debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities

Microfinance deposits consist of money placed into the Microfinance by its customers. These deposits are made to various saving deposit accounts. Details and further disclosures about deposits have been explained in Note that follows.

### 3.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and when the amount can be reliably estimated.
The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).
When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

A disclosure for contingent liabilities is made where there is:

- a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity; or
- present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognized because:
- it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
- the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.
Commitments include the amount of purchase order (net of advances) issued to parties for completion of assets.
Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each reporting period.

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract.

### 3.11 Revenue Recognition

Revenue comprises of interest income, fees and commission, foreign exchange income, cards income, disposal income etc. Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Microfinance and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is not recognized during the period in which its recoverability of income is not probable. The bases of incomes recognition are as below:

## Interest income

Interest income is recognized in profit or loss using effective interest method. Effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of financial asset or liability to the carrying amount of the asset or liability. The calculation of effective interest rate includes all transactions cost and fee and points paid or received that are integral part of the effective interest. The transaction costs include incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets.
Interest income presented in statement of comprehensive income includes:

- Interest income on financial assets measured at amortized cost calculated on an effective interest rate method. These financial assets include loans and advances including staff loans, investment in government securities, investment in corporate bonds, investment in NRB Bond and deposit instruments, reverse repos, inter banking lending etc.
- Interest on investment securities measured at fair value, calculated on effective interest rate.
- Income on discounted instruments like bills purchased, documents negotiation is recognized over the period of discounting on accrual basis using effective interest rate.

Interest income on all trading assets are considered to be incidental to the Microfinance's trading operations and are presented together with all other changes in fair value of trading assets and liabilities in net trading income.

## Fee and commission income

Fees and commission income that are integral to the effective interest rate on a financial asset are included in measurement of effective interest rate. Other fees and commission income including management fee, service charges, syndication fee, forex transaction commission, commission of issue of guarantee are recognized as the related services are performed.

## Dividend income

Dividend on investment in resident company is recognized when the right to receive payment is established. Dividend income are presented in net trading income, net income from other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss or other revenue based on the underlying classification of the equity instruments.

## Net trading income

Results arising from trading activities include all gains and losses from changes in fair value and related interest income or expense and dividends for financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading. This includes any ineffectiveness recorded in hedging transactions.

## Net income from other financial instrument at fair value through Profit or Loss

Financial assets and financial liabilities classified in this category are those that have been designated by management upon initial recognition. Management may only designate an instrument at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition when the following criteria are met, and designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis:

- The designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis.
- The assets and liabilities are part of a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both, which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.
- The financial instrument contains one or more embedded derivatives, which significantly modify the cash flows that would otherwise be required by the contract.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in Net gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in statement of Profit or Loss. Interest earned or incurred is accrued in Interest income or Interest expense, respectively, using the effective interest rate (EIR), while dividend income is recorded in other operating income when the right to the payment has been established.

### 3.12 Interest expense

Interest expense on all financial liabilities including deposits are recognized in profit or loss using effective interest rate method. Interest expense on all trading liabilities are considered to be incidental to the Microfinance's trading operations and are presented together with all other changes in fair value of trading assets and liabilities in net trading income.

### 3.13 Employees Benefits

## a) Short Term Employee Benefits

Short term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is also recognized for the amount expected to be paid under bonus required by the prevailing Bonus Actto pay the amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably under short term employee benefits.

Short-term employee benefits include all the following items (if payable within 12 months after the end of the reporting period):

- wages, salaries and social security contributions;
- paid annual leave and paid sick leave;
- profit-sharing and bonuses; and
- non-monetary benefits


## b) Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Post-employment benefit plan includes followings:

## i. Defined Contribution Plan

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays a fixed contribution to a separate entity and has no legal or constructive obligation to pay future amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognized as personnel expense in profit or loss in the periods during which the related service are rendered by employees. Pre-paid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that cash refund or reduction in future payments is available. Contributions to a defined contribution plan being due for more than 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee render the service are discounted at their present value. The following are the defined contribution plan provided by the Microfinance to its employees:

## a) Employees Provident Fund

In accordance with law, all employees of the Microfinance are entitled to receive benefits under the provident fund, a defined contribution plan in which both the employee and the Microfinance contribute monthly at a pre-determined rate (currently, $10 \%$ of the basic salary plus grades). Microfinance does not assume any future liability for provident fund benefits other than its annual contribution.

## ii. Defined Benefit Plan

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Microfinance's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Any unrecognized past service costs and the fair value of any plan assets are deducted. The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds, that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Microfinance's obligation and that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits are expected to be paid. The calculation of obligation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using projected unit credit method.
The Microfinance recognizes all actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans in other comprehensive income and all expenses related to defined benefits plans in employee benefit are expensed in profit or loss.
The following are the defined benefit plans provided by the Microfinance to its employees:

## a) Gratuity

Microfinance provides for gratuity on accrual basis covering eligible employees in terms of Employee Service Byelaws of the Microfinance. The plan provides for lump sum payments to vested employees at retirement or upon death while in employment or on termination of employment for an amount equivalent defined days' eligible salary payable for each completed years of service.

## b) Leave Salary

The employees of the Microfinance are entitled to carry forward a part of their unavailed/ unutilized leave subject to a maximum limit. The employees can encashunavailed/ unutilized leave partially in terms of Employee Service Byelaws of the Microfinance. The Microfinance accounts for the liability for entire accumulated outstanding leave balance on accrual basis as per Employee Service Byelaws of the Microfinance.

## c) Termination Benefits

Termination benefits are recognized as expense when the Microfinance is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal plan to provide termination benefits to employees as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits are recognized if the Microfinance has made an offer for voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted and the number of acceptance can be measured reliably. If the benefits are payable in more than 12 months after the reporting date, they are discounted to their present value.

### 3.14 Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease, or contains a lease, is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

## Company as a Lessee:

Microfinance has adopted NFRS 16 for the recognition and measurement of the leased assets. Under NFRS 16, as a lessee, the lease is not separated as an operating lease or finance lease rather the right of use asset is booked for the leased asset by the lessee with the corresponding lease liability booked in the present value discounted using the implicit rate of interest after deducting the direct expenses incurred. The microfinance has recognized the right of use assets and lease liability at date of adoption of NFRS or the agreement date whichever is later. The right of use assets is depreciated under straight line method for the lease period.

## Company as a Lessors

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same bases as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

### 3.15 Share capital and reserves

The Microfinance classifies the capital instruments as equity instruments or financial liabilities in accordance with the substance with the contractual terms of the instruments. Equity is defined as residual interest in total assets of an entity after deducting all its liabilities. Common shares are classified as equity of the Microfinance and distributions thereon are presented in statement of changes in equity.

The Microfinance is required to maintain the capital adequacy ratio imposed by the regulator. The ratio is fixed at $8 \%$ for current year and the Microfinance has maintained the required ratio.

Incremental costs directly attributable to issue of an equity instruments are deducted from the initial measurement of the equity instruments.

### 3.16 Earnings per share including diluted

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date.
There have been no transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of the completion of these financial statements which would require the restatement of earnings per share.

### 3.17 Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Microfinance that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relating to transactions with any of the Microfinance's other components, whose operating results are reviewed by the management to make decision about resource allocation to each segment and assess its performance. Since the Chief Operating Decision Makermonitors the activities of the Microfinance as a whole, the Microfinance has classified a single operating segment.

## 4 Explanatory Notes

The explanatory notes and significant disclosure relating to the financial statements are as follows:

### 4.1 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents consists of the total amount of cash-in-hand, balances with other bank and financial institutions, money at call and short notice, and highly liquid financial assets with original maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Microfinance in the management of its short-term commitments.

| Cash and Cash equivalent | (Figures in NPR) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ | As at <br> 1stShrawan 2077 |
| Cash in hand | $30,752,510$ | $44,846,113$ | $19,117,130$ |
| Balance with B/FIs | $491,300,994$ | $1,328,213,793$ | $524,046,359$ |
| Money at call and short notice | - | - | - |
| Other |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{5 2 2 , 0 5 3 , 5 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 7 3 , 0 5 9 , 9 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 4 3 , 1 6 3 , 4 8 9}$ |

### 4.2 Statutory Balance and Due from Nepal Rastra Bank

Statutory balances held with Nepal Rastra Bank for compulsory cash reserve, securities purchased from Nepal Rastra Bank under resale agreement and other deposits with and receivables from Nepal Rastra Bank has been presented under this account head.

| Due from Nepal Rastra Bank | (Figures in NPR) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh 2078 | As at $1^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan 2077 |
| Statutory Balances with NRB | 98,500,000 | 90,500,000 | 46,500,000 |
| Statutory Balance with BFIs |  |  |  |
| Securities Purchased under re-sale agreement |  |  |  |
| Other deposit and receivable from NRB |  |  |  |
| Total | 98,500,000 | 90,500,000 | 46,500,000 |

### 4.3 Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions

Placements with domestic as well as foreign bank and financial institutions with original maturities of more than three months from the acquisition date are presented under this account head.

| Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions(Figures in NPR) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| As at 32nd <br> Particulars | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 | As at 1 1 St Shrawan <br> 2077 |  |
| Placements with domestic B/Fis |  |  |  |
| Less: Allowances for Impairment |  |  |  |
| Total | - |  |  |

### 4.4 Derivative Financial Instruments

The derivative financial instruments held by the Microfinance during the year are as follows:

| Derivative Financial Instruments | (Figures in NPR) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Particulars | As at 32 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 | As at 1 1 Shrawan <br> 2077 |
| Held for trading |  |  |  |
| Interest rate swap |  |  |  |
| Currency swap |  |  |  |
| Forward exchange contract |  |  |  |


| Others |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Held for risk management |  |  |  |
| Interest rate swap |  |  |  |
| Currency swap |  |  |  |
| Forward exchange contract |  |  |  |
| Others |  |  |  |
| Total | - | - |  |

### 4.5 Other Trading Assets

The trading assets held by the Microfinance during the year are as follows:

| Particulars | As at 32 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Ashadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at 1 <br> 2ts Shrawan <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 7}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Treasury Bills |  |  |  |
| Government Bonds |  |  |  |
| NRB Bonds |  |  |  |
| Domestic Corporate Bonds |  |  |  |
| Equities |  |  |  |
| Other |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |
| Pledged |  |  |  |
| Non-pledged |  |  |  |

### 4.6 Loans and advances to MFIs and Cooperatives

| Particulars | As at 32 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at 1 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 7}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Loans to microfinance institutions |  |  |  |
| Loans to FIs |  |  |  |
| Loans to Cooperatives |  |  |  |
| Less:Allowance for impairment |  |  |  |
| Other |  |  |  |
| Less: Allowance for impairment |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |

### 4.6.1 Allowance for impairment

| Particulars | As at 32 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Ashadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at 1 1 <br> 2075 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Balance for ${ }^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan |  |  |  |
| Impairment loss for the year |  |  |  |
| Charge for the year |  |  |  |
| Recoveries/reversal |  |  |  |
| Amount written off |  |  |  |
| Balance at Ashadh end |  |  |  |

### 4.7 Loans and advances to customers

Outstanding amount of all loans and advances extended to the customers other than BFIs as well as bills purchased and discounted less the amount of impairment allowances shall be presented. Loan to employees provided according to the Employees Bylaws of the Microfinance has also be presented under this head.

| Particulars | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at 32 } 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Ashadh } \\ 2079 \end{gathered}$ | As at 31st Ashadh 2078 | As at $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan 2077 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans and advances measured at amortized cost | 24,100,328,601 | 20,692,470,090 | 10,854,552,798 |
| Less: | (554,649,160) | $(495,576,356)$ | $(281,186,274)$ |
| Impairment allowances | $(307,901,264)$ | $(269,959,007)$ | (230,089,613) |
| Collective Allowances | $(246,747,896)$ | $(225,617,350)$ | $(51,096,661)$ |
| Individual Allowances |  |  |  |
| Net amount | 23,545,679,441 | 20,196,893,734 | 10,573,366,525 |
| Loans and advances measured at FVTPL |  |  |  |
| Total | 23,545,679,441 | 20,196,893,734 | 10,573,366,525 |

### 4.7.1 Analysis of Loans and Advances- By Product

| Analysis of Loans and advances- By Product |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (Figures in NPR) |
| Particulars | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { As at 32nd Ashadh } \\ 2079 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { As at 31st Ashadh } \\ 2078 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at } 1_{2077}^{\text {st }} \text { Shrawan } \\ \end{gathered}$ |
| Product |  |  |  |
| Term Loans |  |  |  |
| Short term, term loan |  |  |  |
| Long term. Term loan |  |  |  |
| Hire purchase loan |  |  |  |
| Personal Residential Loans |  |  |  |
| Staff loans | 195,098,035 | 155,920,828 | 129,964,598 |
| Others | 23,779,357,878 | 20,458,237,660 | 10,662,426,655 |
| Sub Total | 23,974,455,914 | 20,614,158,488 | 10,792,391,253 |
| Interest receivable | 125,872,688 | 78,311,602 | 62,161,546 |
| Grand Total | 24,100,328,601 | 20,692,470,090 | 10,854,552,798 |

### 4.7.2 Analysis of Loans and advances- By Collateral

| Analysis of Loans and advances- By Collateral |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Figures in NPR) |  |  |
| Particulars | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at 32nd } \\ \text { Ashadh } 2079 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at 31st Ashadh } \\ 2078 \end{gathered}$ | As at $1^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan 2077 |
| Secured |  |  |  |
| Immovable assets | 455,790,383 | 454,566,391 | 579,148,865 |
| Government Guarantee |  |  |  |
| Collateral of Government securities |  |  |  |
| Collateral of fixed deposit receipt |  |  |  |
| Group Guarantee | 23,323,567,495 | 20,003,671,269 | 10,083,277,789 |
| Personal Guarantee |  |  |  |
| Other collateral |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 23,779,357,878 | 20,458,237,660 | 10,662,426,655 |
| Unsecured | 320,970,723 | 234,232,430 | 192,126,144 |
| Grand Total | 24,100,328,601 | 20,692,470,090 | 10,854,552,798 |

### 4.7.3 Allowances for Impairment

## Impairment of financial assets

At each reporting date, the Microfinance has assessed whether there exists objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss are impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset(s), and that the loss event has an impact on the future cash flows of the asset(s) that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired can include significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer, default or delinquency by a borrower, restructuring of a loan or advance by the Microfinance on terms that the Microfinance would not otherwise consider, indications that a borrower or issuer will enter bankruptcy, the disappearance of an active market for a security, or other observable data relating to a group of assets such as adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers in the group, or economic conditions that correlate with defaults in the group. In addition, for an investment in an equity security, a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost is objective evidence of impairment.

In case of financial difficulty of the borrower, the Microfinance considers to restructure loans rather than take possession of collateral. This may involve extending the payment arrangements and agreement of new loan conditions. Once the terms have been renegotiated, any impairment is measured using the original EIR as calculated before the modification of terms and the loan is no longer considered past due. Management continually reviews renegotiated loans to ensure that all criteria are met and that future payments are likely to occur. The loans continue to be subject to an individual or collective impairment assessment, calculated using the loan's original EIR.

## 1. Use of Carve Outs for Financial Assets

a. For Impairment Calculation

An entity shall assess at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets measured at amortised cost is impaired. If any such evidence exists, the entity shall apply paragraph 63 of NAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, to determine the amount of any impairment loss unless the entity is bank or financial institutions registered as per Bank and Financial Institutions Act, 2073. Bank and Financial Institutions shall measure impairment loss on loan and advances as higher of amount derived as per prudential norms prescribed by Nepal Rastra Bank and amount determined as per paragraph 63. However, bank and financial institutions shall apply paragraph 63 of NAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement to determine the amount of impairment loss on financial assets other than loan and advances.
b. For Using Effective Interest rate

During the reporting period Bank has used the exemption for not calculating Interest Income using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) as Bank has considered such calculation to be impracticable. Accordingly, Bank has used Normal interest rate to charge interest income.

## c. Interest calculation on Impaired Loan and advances

NAS 39 requires when a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is thereafter recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. However, the Microfinance has charged interest income by applying the Normal interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset unless the financial asset is written off either partially or fully.

## Impairment of financial assets measured at amortized cost

The Microfinance considers evidence of impairment for loans and advances and investment securities measured at amortized cost at both specific asset and collective level. The Microfinance first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant and that are not individually significant are assessed on collectively.
If there is objective evidence on that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognized in profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.
All individually significant loans and advances; and investment securities measured at amortized cost found not to be specifically impaired and those that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and advances with similar risk characteristics.

All individually significant loans and advances and investment securities are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and advances and held-to-maturity investment securities with similar risk characteristics.

Impairment of loans and advances portfolios are based on the judgments in past experience of portfolio behaviour. In assessing collective impairment, the Microfinance uses historical trends of the probability of default, the timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgment as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical trends. Default rates, loss rates and the expected timing of future recoveries are regularly benchmarked against actual outcomes to ensure that they remain appropriate.
Impairment losses on assets measured at amortized cost are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original Normal interest rate.
Loans together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized or has been transferred to the Microfinance. If in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account.

## Impairment allowance for Loans and Advances

The Microfinance,at each reporting date, assesses whether there is objective evidence that loans and advances carried at fair value through profit or loss are impaired and impairment provided for if impairment assessment indicates so. Loans and advances are impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset(s), and that the loss event has an impact on the future cash flows of the asset(s) that can be estimated reliably.
Objective evidence that loans and advances are impaired can include significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer, default or delinquency by a borrower, restructuring of a loan or advance by the Microfinance on terms that the Microfinance would not otherwise consider, indications that a borrower or issuer will enter bankruptcy, the disappearance of an active market for a security, or other observable data relating to a group of assets such as adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers in the group, or economic conditions that correlate with defaults in the group. In addition, for an investment in an equity security, a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost is objective evidence of impairment.
In case of financial difficulty of the borrower, the Microfinance considers to restructure loans rather than take possession of collateral. This may involve extending the payment arrangements and agreement of new loan conditions. Once the terms have been renegotiated, any impairment is measured using the Normal Interest rate as calculated before the modification of terms and the loan is no longer considered past due. Management continually reviews renegotiated loans to ensure that all criteria are met and that future payments are likely to occur. The loans continue to be subject to an individual or collective impairment assessment, calculated using the loan's Normal Interest rate.
Prior to this change in policy, the Microfinance used to provide for impairment loss of loans and advances at $1 \%$ to $100 \%$ on the basis of classification of loans and advances in accordance with the directives of Nepal Rastra Bank.
The Microfinance believes the new policy is preferable as it more closely aligns the accounting for these transactions with the NFRS and will aid comparability.

Following table below show the NFRS provision under two different model:

## LOAN LOSS PROVISION AS PER NRB DIRECTIVE:

Movement of Loan Loss Provision as per NRB directive (Figures in NPR)

| Particulars | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at 32ndAshadh } \\ 2079 \end{gathered}$ | As at 31st Ashadh 2078 | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at } \mathbf{1}^{\text {st }} \text { Shrawan } \\ 2077 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific allowance for impairment |  |  |  |
| Balance at Shrawan 1 | 225,617,350 | 51,096,661 | 16,713,355 |
| Impairment loss for the year |  |  |  |
| Charge for the year | 21,130,546 | 174,520,689 | 34,383,307 |
| Recoveries/reversal during the year |  |  |  |
| Write-offs |  |  |  |
| Exchange rate variance on foreign currency |  |  |  |
| Other Movement |  |  |  |
| Balance at Ashadh end | 246,747,896 | 225,617,350 | 51,096,661 |
| Collective allowance for impairment |  |  |  |
| Balance at Shrawan 1 | 269,959,007 | 230,089,613 | 92,532,197 |
| Impairment loss for the year |  |  |  |
| Charge/(reversal) for the year | 37,942,257 | 39,869,394 | 137,557,416 |
| Exchange rate variance on foreign currency |  |  |  |
| Other movement |  |  |  |
| Balance at Ashadh end | 307,901,264 | 269,959,007 | 230,089,613 |

### 4.8 Investment securities

Investments made by the Microfinance in financial instruments has been presented under this account head in three categories i.e. investment securities designated at fair value through profit or loss, investment securities measured at amortized cost and investment in equity measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Where income from the investment is received in the form of bonus shares, the valuation of investment shall be made by increasing the number of shares only without changing in the cost of investment.

| Investment securities |  | (Figures in <br> NPR) |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Particulars | As at 32 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Ashadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh2078 | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| Investment securities measured at <br> Amortised cost | $210,000,000$ |  |  |
| Investment Securities measured at <br> FVTOCI |  | - | - |
| Total |  | - | - |

### 4.8.1 Investment securities measured at amortized cost

Detail of Investment Securities measured at amortized cost is as follows:

| Investment securities measured at amortized cost | (Figures in NPR) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Particulars | As at 32ndAshadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st <br> Ashadh2078 | 1s at <br> shrawan <br> 2077 |
| Debt securities |  |  |  |
| Government bonds |  |  |  |
| Government treasury bills |  |  |  |
| Nepal Rastra Bank bonds |  |  |  |
| Nepal Rastra Bank deposits <br> instruments | $210,000,000$ |  |  |
| Other |  |  |  |
| Less: specific allowances for <br> impairment | $\mathbf{2 1 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |

### 4.8.2 Investment in equity

| Investment in equity measured at fair <br> valuethrough other comprehensive income |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Particulars | As at <br> 32ndAshadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh2078 | As at <br> $\mathbf{1}^{\text {sts }}$ Shrawan <br> 2077 |
| Equity instrument |  |  |  |
| Quoted equity instrument |  |  |  |
| Unquoted equity instrument |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |

### 4.8.3. Information relating to investment in equities

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ |  | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ |  | As at 1 st <br> 2077 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Cost | Fair value | Cost | Fair value | Cost | Fair value |
| Investment in Quoted Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment in Unquoted Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 4.9 Current Tax Assets and Liabilities

| Particulars | As at 32ndAshadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ | As at $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 7}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current Tax Assets |  |  |  |
| Current year income tax assets | $453,194,363$ | $341,595,517$ | $172,105,459$ |
| Tax assets of prior periods |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 5 3 , 1 9 4 , 3 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 1 , 5 9 5 , 5 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 2 , 1 0 5 , 4 5 9}$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| Current Tax Liabilities |  |  |  |
| Current year income tax liabilities | $354,760,641$ | $322,378,894$ | $134,520,648$ |
| Tax Liabilities of prior periods | $2,149,123$ |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 5 6 , 9 0 9 , 7 6 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 2 , 3 7 8 , 8 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 4 , 5 2 0 , 6 4 8}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{9 6 , 2 8 4 , 5 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 , 2 1 6 , 6 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 , 5 8 4 , 8 1 1}$ |

### 4.10 Investment Properties

Land or land and building other than those classified as property and equipment; and non-current assets held for sale under relevant accounting standard has been presented under this account head. This also includes land, land and building acquired as non-banking assets by the Microfinance but not sold. After Initial Recognition, the Microfinancechose either the fair value model to subsequently measure Investment Properties. No Investment properties are measured at cost. The detail of Investment properties measured at fair value is as follows:

| Particulars | As at 32 <br> nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at <br> 1 $^{\text {stShrawan 2077 }}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investment Properties measured at fair value |  |  |  |
| Balance as on Shrawan 1 |  |  |  |
| Addition/Disposal during the year |  |  |  |
| Net changes in fair value during the year |  |  |  |
| Adjustment/Transfer |  |  |  |
| Net Amount |  |  |  |
| Investment Properties measured at cost |  |  |  |
| Balance as on Shrawan 1 |  |  |  |
| Addition/Disposal during the year |  |  |  |
| Adjustment/Transfer |  |  |  |
| Accumulated depreciation |  |  |  |
| Accumulated impairment loss |  |  |  |
| Net Amount |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |

4.11 Property and Equipment

| Particulars | Land | Building | Lease <br> hold <br> Propertie <br> $\mathbf{S}$ | Computer and Accessories | Vehicles | Furniture \& Fixture | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mac } \\ & \text { hine } \\ & \text { ry } \end{aligned}$ | Equipmen t \& Other Assets | Rightofus eAssets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \begin{array}{l} \text { Asat32nd Ash } \\ \text { adh2079 } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Asat31 } \\ \text { adh2078 } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Total <br> Asat1 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ Shrawa <br> n2077 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance as on 1st Shrawan 2077 | 4,476,616 | 20,196,070 | 339,635 | 12,442,669 | 1,084,669 | 9,240,864 |  | 17,311,916 |  |  |  | 65,092,439 |
| Addition during the Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Acquisition |  |  | 91,668 | 6,741,332 | 27,909,837 | 6,094,026 |  | 11,012,451 |  |  | 51,849,315 |  |
| Capitalization |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Disposal during the year |  |  | $(31,660)$ | $(82,971)$ |  | $(53,970)$ |  | $(637,304)$ |  |  | $(805,906)$ |  |
| Adjustment/Rev aluation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Balance as on 31st Ashadh 2078 | 4,476,616 | 20,196,070 | 399,643 | 19,101,030 | 28,994,506 | 15,280,920 | - | 27,687,062 |  |  | 116,135,848 |  |
| Addition during the Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| Acquisition |  |  | 177,778 | 3,310,810 |  | 3,779,994 |  | 7,809,600 | 97,935,369 | 113,013,551 |  |  |
| Capitalization |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| Disposal during the year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adjustment/Rev } \\ & \text { aluation } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $(6,885)$ | $(166,290)$ |  | $(19,773)$ |  | $(235,624)$ |  | $(428,572)$ |  |  |
| Balance as on 32nd Ashadh 2079 | 4,476,616 | 20,196,070 | 570,536 | 22,245,550 | 28,994,506 | 19,041,141 | - | 35,261,038 | 97,935,369 | 228,720,827 |  |  |
| Depreciation and Impairment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Balance as on 1st Shrawan 2077 |  | 1,384,185 | 86,018 | 3,910,847 | 293,375 | 2,587,428 |  | 4,934,301 |  |  |  | 13,196,153.33 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Depreciation charge for the Year |  | 940,594 | 64,910 | 3,471,980 | 5,081,510 | 3,007,167 |  | 4,959,815 |  |  | 17,525,976 |  |
| Impairment for the year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Disposal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Adjustment |  |  | $(2,861)$ | $(10,264)$ |  | $(6,084)$ |  | $(165,986)$ |  |  | $(185,195)$ |  |
| Balance as on 31st Ashadh 2078 | - | 2,324,779 | 148,067 | 7,372,563 | 5,374,885 | 5,588,511 | - | 9,728,130 |  |  | 30,536,934 |  |
| Impairment for the year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| Depreciation charge for the Year |  | 1,210,775 | 42,863 | 3,42 1,946 | 2,944,400 | 2,848,368 |  | 4,824,666 | 11,335,468 | 26,628,486 |  |  |
| Disposals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| Adjustment |  |  | (380) | $(18,454)$ |  | $(1,845)$ |  | $(26,273)$ |  | $(46,952)$ |  |  |
| Balance as on 32nd Ashadh 2079 | - | 3,535,554 | 190,549 | 10,776,055 | 8,319,284 | 8,435,034 | - | 14,526,523 | 11,335,468 | 57,118,468 |  |  |
| Capital Work in Progress2077.03 . 31 |  |  |  |  |  | 166,349.00 |  |  |  |  |  | 166,349.00 |
| Capital Work in Progress 2078.03.31 |  |  |  |  |  | 2,565,134.00 |  |  |  |  | 2,565,134.00 |  |
| Capital Work in Progress 2079.03.31 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,922,541.60 |  |  |  | 1,922,541.60 |  |  |
| Net Book Value as on 31st Ashadh 2077 | 4,476,616 | 18,811,885 | 253,617 | 8,531,822 | 791,294 | 6,819,785 | - | 12,377,615 |  |  |  | 52,062,635 |
| Net Book Value as on 31st Ashadh 2078 | 4,476,616 | 17,871,291 | 251,577 | 11,728,467 | 23,619,622 | 12,257,543 | - | 17,958,933 |  |  | 88,164,048 |  |
| Net Book Value as on 32nd Ashadh 2079 | 4,476,616 | 16,660,516 | 379,987 | 11,469,495 | 20,675,222 | 12,528,649 | - | 20,734,515 | 86,599,901 | 173,524,901 |  |  |

4.12 Goodwill and Intangible Assets
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { account head. } & \text { Goodwill } & \text { Software } \\ \hline \text { Particulars } & \text { Purchased }\end{array}\right)$

### 4.13 Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets recognized as per NFRSs on temporary deductible differences, carry forward of unused tax losses, changes in tax rate etc. has been presented under this account head.

| Particulars | $\begin{gathered} \text { Deferred } \\ \text { Tax } \\ \text { Assets } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Deferred } \\ \text { Tax } \\ \text { Liabilities } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Net Deferred Tax Assets/ (Liabilities) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deferred Tax on Temporary differences on following items |  |  |  |
| Loans and Advances to B/FIs |  |  | - |
| Loans and Advances to customers |  |  |  |
| Investment Properties |  |  |  |
| Investment Securities |  |  |  |
| Property and equipment | 562,981 |  | 562,981 |
| Employees' defined benefit plan | 29,240,678 |  | 29,240,678 |
| Lease liabilities |  |  |  |
| Provisions |  |  |  |
| Other temporary differences | 8,666,826 |  | 8,666,826 |
| Deferred Tax on Temporary differences | 38,470,485 | - | 38,470,485 |
| Deferred Tax on carry forward of unused tax losses |  |  |  |
| Deferred tax due to changes in tax rate |  |  |  |
| Net Deferred tax asset/(liabilities) as on year end of 207778 |  |  | 38,470,485 |
| Deferred tax(asset)/liabilities as on shrawan1, 2077 |  |  | $(23,421,290)$ |
| Origination/(Reversal) during the year |  |  | 15,049,194 |
| Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised in profit or loss |  |  | $(6,707,403)$ |
| Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised in other comprehensive income |  |  | $(8,341,791)$ |
| Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised directly in equity |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | CurrentYear |
| Particulars | $\begin{gathered} \text { Deferred } \\ \text { Tax } \\ \text { Assets } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Deferred } \\ \text { Tax } \\ \text { Liabilities } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Net Deferred Tax Assets/ (Liabilities) |
| Deferred Tax on Temporary differences on following items |  |  |  |
| Loans and Advances to B/FIs |  |  |  |
| Loans and Advances to customers |  |  | - |
| Investment Properties |  |  |  |
| Investment Securities |  |  |  |
| Property and equipment |  | 2,916,623 | $(2,916,623)$ |
| Employees' defined benefit plan | 34,905,676 |  | 34,905,676 |
| Lease liabilities | 24,020,199 |  | 24,020,199 |
| Provisions |  |  | - |
| Other temporary differences | 10,749,381 | 25,979,970 | $(15,230,589)$ |
| Deferred Tax on Temporary differences | 69,675,256 | 28,896,594 | 40,778,663 |
| Deferred Tax on carry forward of unused tax losses |  |  | - |
| Deferred tax due to changes in tax rate |  |  | - |
| Net Defered tax (asset)/liabilities as on year end of 2078- $79$ |  |  | 40,778,663 |
| Deferred tax(asset)/liabilities as on shrawan1, 2078 |  |  | (38,470,485) |
| Origination/(Reversal) during the year |  |  | 2,308,178 |
| Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised in profit or loss |  |  | $(1,187,902)$ |
| Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised in other comprehensive income |  |  | $(1,120,276)$ |
| Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised directly in equity |  |  |  |

### 4.14 Other assets

| Particulars | $\begin{array}{c}\text { As at } \\ \mathbf{3 2}^{\text {nd }} \text { Ashadh } \\ \mathbf{2 0 7 9}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { As at 31st Ashadh } \\ \mathbf{2 0 7 8}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { As at 1 } \\ \text { st }\end{array}$ Shrawan |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 7}$ |  |  |  |$]$

### 4.15 Due to Bank and financial institution

The balances in accounts maintained with the institution by other local and foreign banks and financial institution has been presented under this head. Interbank borrowing, interbank deposit, balances on settlement and clearing accounts as well as other amount due to bank and financial institution has also been presented under this account head.

| Particulars | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at } 32^{\text {nd }} \text { Ashadh } \\ 2079 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { As at 31st Ashadh } \\ 2078 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { As at } \mathbf{1}^{\text {st }} \text { shrawan } \\ 2077 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Borrowing from BFIs | 9,481,606,939 | 9,172,260,060 | 3,385,937,730 |
| Settlement and clearing accounts |  |  |  |
| Other |  |  |  |
| Total | 9,481,606,939 | 9,172,260,060 | 3,385,937,730 |

### 4.16 Due to Nepal Rastra Bank

This account head shall also contain the amount of payable to Nepal Rastra Bank. Amount payable to NRB shall include amount of refinance facilities, standing liquidity facility, lender of last resort, sale and repurchase agreements, deposit from NRB etc.

| Particulars | As at <br> $\mathbf{3 2}$ nd <br> Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at <br> $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan <br> 2077 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Refinance from NRB | $600,000,000$ | $750,000,000$ |  |
| Standing liquidity facility |  |  |  |
| Lender of last report facility from NRB |  |  |  |
| Securities sold under repurchase agreement |  |  |  |
| Other payable to NRB |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 5 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  |

### 4.17 Derivative financial instruments

The derivative financial instruments held by the Microfinance during the year are as follows:

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ | As at 1st Shrawan <br> 2077 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Held for trading |  |  |  |
| Interest rate swap |  |  |  |
| Currency swap |  |  |  |
| Forward exchange contract |  |  |  |
| Others |  |  |  |
| Held for risk management |  |  |  |
| Interest rate swap |  |  |  |
| Currency swap |  |  |  |
| Forward exchange contract |  |  |  |
| Others | - |  | - |
| Total |  |  |  |

### 4.18 Deposits from Customers

All deposit accounts other than deposit from BFIs (local and foreign) and NRB has been presented under this account head.

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh 2078 | As at 1st Shrawan <br> 2077 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Institutions Customers: |  |  |  |
| Team deposits |  |  |  |
| Call Deposits |  |  |  |
| Other |  |  |  |
| Subtotal: |  |  |  |
| Individual Customers: |  |  |  |
| Team deposits | $9,546,691,371$ |  |  |
| Saving Deposits | $\mathbf{9 , 5 4 6 , 6 9 1 , 3 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 0 9 0 , 4 1 9 , 4 2 1}$ |  |
| Saving from members | $\mathbf{9 , 5 4 6 , 6 9 1 , 3 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 0 9 0 , 4 1 9 , 4 2 1}$ |  |
| Other |  | $\mathbf{5 , 6 2 3 , 1 8 5 , 5 1 0}$ |  |
| Subtotal: |  | $\mathbf{5 , 6 2 3 , 1 8 5 , 5 1 0}$ |  |
| Total |  |  |  |

### 4.19 Borrowing

| Particulars | As at 32ndAshadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 | As at 1stShrawan <br> 2077 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Domestic Borrowing: |  |  |  |
| Nepal Government |  |  |  |
| Other licensed institution |  |  |  |
| Other |  |  |  |
| Sub total |  |  |  |
| Foreign Borrowing: |  |  |  |
| Foreign Bank and Financial Institutions |  |  |  |
| Multilateral Development Bank |  |  |  |
| Other institutions |  |  |  |
| Sub total |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |

### 4.20 Provisions

| Particulars | As at 32ndAshadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 | As at 1 ${ }^{\text {st Shrawan }}$ <br> 2077 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Provisions for redundancy |  | - |  |
| Provision for restructuring |  | - |  |
| Pending legal issues and tax litigation |  | - |  |
| Onerous contract |  | - |  |
| Other |  | - |  |
| Total | - | - |  |

### 4.20.1 Movement in provision

| Particulars | As at 32 <br> nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Balance at shrawan 1st |  |  |  |
| Provisions made during the year |  |  |  |
| Provisions used during the year |  |  |  |
| Provisions reversed during the year |  |  |  |
| Unwind of discount |  |  |  |
| Balance at Ashadh End |  |  |  |

### 4.21 Other liabilities

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh 2078 | As at 1st Shrawan 2077 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liability for employees defined benefit obligations | 116,352,254 | 97,468,928 | 53,685,920 |
| Liability for long-service leave | 35,831,271 | 28,889,419 | 23,438,019 |
| Short-term employee benefits |  |  |  |
| Bills payable |  |  |  |
| Creditors and Accruals | 97,028,054 | 12,615,855 | 9,345,802 |
| Interest payable on deposit | 1,559,871,078 | 1,268,894,785 | 979,162,859 |
| Interest payable on borrowing | 11,593,965 | 12,560,204 | - |
| Liabilities on deferred grant income |  |  |  |
| Unpaid Dividend |  |  |  |
| Unreconciled interbranch balance | $(10,005)$ | 159,351 |  |
| Liabilities under finance lease |  |  |  |
| Employee bonus payable | 127,190,944 | 110,383,328 | 50,003,554 |
| Others | 284,102,079 | 190,772,202 | 66,263,126 |
| i) Provision for medicine to employee | 43,291,835 | 35,671,929 | 27,401,173 |
| ii)Audit Fee | 508,500 | 506,625 | 339,000 |
| iii) Tax Liabilities (TDS) | 15,838,441 | 1,561,976 | 4,056,876 |
| iv) Staff Retirement Fund | 32,954,912 | - | - |
| v) Staff Salary Account | 20,485,517 | 22,544,385 | - |
| vi) Lease Liability | 80,067,329 | - | - |
| vii) Other Payable | 13,962,126 | 19,674,932 | - |
| viii)Other Liabilities | 76,993,418 | 110,812,355 | 34,466,076 |
| Total | 2,232,959,640 | 1,721,744,072 | 1,181,899,280 |

### 4.21.1 A. Defined benefit obligation

The Microfinance provides Pension \& Gratuity Plan, Retirement Plan and Leave Encashment Plan (in terms of Annual Leave and Sick Leave) as defined benefits to its employees. These benefits are post-employment benefit plans and are paid based on length of service. These benefit plans are funded whereas the Microfinance makes earmark investment of these funds. The gratuity plan provides for lump sum payments to vested employees at retirement or upon death while in employment or on termination of employment for an amount equivalent defined days' eligible salary payable for each completed year of service.

The pension plan provides for lump sum payments to vested employees at retirement or equated payment till death of the employee (and half thereafter to the spouse of the employee). Further, employees of the Microfinance are entitled to avail Annual Leave and Sick Leave. The employees can carry forward the un-availed leave and are entitled to encash the cumulative leave at the time of the retirement. The obligation under these plans are calculated by a qualified actuary every year using projected unit credit method. The disclosure relating to defined benefit plans are as follows:

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Present value of funded obligations | $116,352,254$ | $97,468,928$ | $53,685,920$ |
| Total present value of obligations | $\mathbf{1 1 6 , 3 5 2 , 2 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{9 7 , 4 6 8 , 9 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 3 , 6 8 5 , 9 2 0}$ |
| Fair value of plan assets |  |  | - |
| Present value of net obligations | $116,352,254$ | $97,468,928$ | $53,685,920$ |
| Recognised liability for defined benefit obligation | $\mathbf{1 1 6 , 3 5 2 , 2 5 4 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 7 , 4 6 8 , 9 2 8 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 3 , 6 8 5 , 9 2 0 . 0 0}$ |

### 4.21.2 Plan Assets

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equity securities |  |  |  |
| Government bonds |  |  |  |
| Bank deposits |  |  |  |
| Other |  |  |  |
| Total | - | - |  |

### 4.21.3 Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligations

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Defined benefit obligation at Shrawan 1 |  |  |  |
| st | $97,468,928$ | $53,685,920$ | $60,220,995$ |
| Actuarial (Gains) / losses | $3,734,254$ | $27,805,970$ | $(16,540,093)$ |
| Benefit paid by the plan | $(8,584,391)$ | $(464,681)$ | $(3,827,334)$ |
| Current service cost and interest | $23,733,463$ | $16,441,719$ | $13,832,352$ |
| Defined benefit obligation at Ashadh end | $\mathbf{1 1 6 , 3 5 2 , 2 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{9 7 , 4 6 8 , 9 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 3 , 6 8 5 , 9 2 0}$ |

### 4.21.4 Movement in the fair value of plan assets

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Fair value of plan assets at Shrawan 1 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ |  |  |  |
| Contributions paid into the plan |  |  |  |
| Benefit paid during the year |  |  |  |
| Actuarial (losses) gains |  |  |  |
| Expected return on plan assets |  |  |  |
| Fair value of plan assets at Ashadh end |  | - |  |

### 4.21.5 Amount recognised in profit or loss

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current service cost | $15,935,949$ | $12,146,845$ | $10,219,092$ |
| Interest on obligation | $7,797,514$ | $4,294,874$ | $3,613,260$ |
| Expected return on plan assets |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 3 , 7 3 3 , 4 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 , 4 4 1 , 7 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 8 3 2 , 3 5 2}$ |

4.21.6 Amount recognised in other comprehensive income

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: |
| Actuarial (gains) / losses | $3,734,254.00$ | $27,805,970.00$ | $(16,540,093.00)$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 7 3 4 , 2 5 4 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 , 8 0 5 , 9 7 0 . 0 0}$ | $(16,540,093.00)$ |

### 4.21.7 Actuarial assumptions

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ | As at 1st Shrawan <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 7}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Discount rate | $8.50 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| Expected return on plan assets | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Future salary increase | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| Withdrawal rate | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ |

4.21.1 B. Liability for long service leave

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Present value of funded obligations | $35,831,271$ | $28,889,419$ | $23,438,019$ |
| Total present value of obligations | $\mathbf{3 5 , 8 3 1 , 2 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 , 8 8 9 , 4 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 , 4 3 8 , 0 1 9}$ |
| Fair value of plan assets |  |  |  |
| Present value of net obligations | $35,831,271$ | $28,889,419$ | $23,438,019$ |
| Recognised liability for defined benefit obligation | $\mathbf{3 5 , 8 3 1 , 2 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 , 8 8 9 , 4 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 , 4 3 8 , 0 1 9}$ |

### 4.21.2 Plan Assets

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equity securities |  |  |  |
| Government bonds |  |  |  |
| Bank deposits |  |  |  |
| Other |  |  |  |
| Total | - | - |  |

4.21.3 Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligations

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ | As at 1st Shrawan <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 7}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Defined benefit obligation at Shrawan $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ | $28,889,419$ | $23,438,019$ | $30,664,105$ |
| Actuarial (Gains) / losses | $4,510,480$ | 986,999 | $(10,669,200)$ |
| Benefit paid by the plan | $(3,199,208)$ | $(1,214,029)$ | $(2,129,059)$ |
| Current service cost and interest | $5,630,580$ | $5,678,430$ | $5,572,173$ |
| Defined benefit obligation at Ashadh end | $\mathbf{3 5 , 8 3 1 , 2 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 , 8 8 9 , 4 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 , 4 3 8 , 0 1 9}$ |

### 4.21.4 Movement in the fair value of plan assets

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 | As at 1st Shrawan <br> 2077 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Fair value of plan assets at Shrawan 1 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ |  |  |  |
| Contributions paid into the plan |  |  |  |
| Benefit paid during the year |  |  |  |
| Actuarial (losses) gains |  |  |  |
| Expected return on plan assets |  |  |  |
| Fair value of plan assets at Ashadh end | - | - |  |

### 4.21.5 Amount recognised in profit or loss

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ | As at 1st Shrawan <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 7}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current service cost | $3,319,426$ | $3,803,388$ | $3,732,327$ |
| Interest on obligation | $2,311,154$ | $1,875,042$ | $1,839,846$ |
| Expected return on plan assets |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{5 , 6 3 0 , 5 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 6 7 8 , 4 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 5 7 2 , 1 7 3}$ |

### 4.21.6 Actuarial assumptions

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ | As at 1st Shrawan <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 7}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Discount rate | $8.50 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| Expected return on plan assets | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Future salary increase | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| Withdrawal rate | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ |

### 4.22 Debt securities issued

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Debt securities issued designated at fair value through <br> profit or loss |  |  |  |
| Debt securities issued at amortised cost |  |  |  |
| Total | - | - |  |

### 4.23 Subordinated Liabilities

Subordinated Liabilities has been issued by the Microfinance are as follows:

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at 1st Shrawan <br> 2077 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Redeemable preference shares |  |  |  |
| Irredeemable cumulative preference shares |  |  |  |
| Other |  |  |  |
| Total | - |  |  |

### 4.24 Share Capital

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ordinary shares | $1,034,280,000.00$ | $608,400,000.00$ | $337,500,000.00$ |
| Convertible preference share(Equity component) |  |  |  |
| Irredeemable preference share(Equity component) |  |  |  |
| Perpetual debt(Equity component only) |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 0 3 4 , 2 8 0 , 0 0 0 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 8 , 4 0 0 , 0 0 0 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 7 , 5 0 0 , 0 0 0 . 0 0}$ |

### 4.24.1 Ordinary Shares

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ | As at 1st Shrawan <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 7}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Authorized capital: |  |  |  |
| 20000000 ordinary share of Rs.100 each | $2,000,000,000.00$ | $1,000,000,000.00$ | $500,000,000.00$ |
| Issued capital: |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 4 2 8 0 0}$ ordinary share of Rs.100 each | $1,034,280,000.00$ | $608,400,000.00$ | $200,000,000.00$ |
| Subscribed and paid of capital: |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 4 2 8 0 0}$ ordinary share of Rs.100 each | $1,034,280,000.00$ | $608,400,000.00$ | $140,000,000.00$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 0 3 4 , 2 8 0 , 0 0 0 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 8 , 4 0 0 , 0 0 0 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0 . 0 0}$ |

### 4.24.2 Ordinary share ownership

| Particulars | As at 32ndAshadh 2079 |  | As at 31st Ashadh 2078 |  | As at 1 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan 2077 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount |
| Domestic ownership(promoter) | 100.00\% | 1,034,280,000 | 100.00\% | 608,400,000 | 100.00\% | 337,500,000 |
| Nepal Government |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| "A" class licensed institution |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other licensed institutions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other institutions | 43.41\% | 449,024,400 | 43.41\% | 264,132,000 | 64\% | 217,550,000 |
| Other | 24.09\% | 249,114,600 | 24.09\% | 146,538,000 | 36\% | 119,950,000 |
| Domestic ownership(public) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nepal Government |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| "A" class licensed institution |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other licensed institutions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other institutions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other | 32.50\% | 336,141,000 | 32.50\% | 197,730,000 |  |  |
| Foreign ownership Promoter |  |  | 0.00\% | - | 0.00\% | - |
| Foreign ownership Public | 0.00\% | - | 0.00\% | - | 0.00\% | - |
| Total | 100.00\% | 1,034,280,000 | 100.00\% | 608,400,000 | 100.00\% | 337,500,000 |

### 4.25 Reserves

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Statutory General Reserve | $621,465,540$ | $463,236,389$ | $113,675,741$ |
| Capital reserve |  | - | - |
| Exchange equalization reserve |  |  |  |
| Investment adjustment reserve |  |  |  |
| Corporate social responsibility reserve | $7,911,457.56$ | $6,802,583$ | $3,814,931$ |
| Client protection Fund | $218,376,548.42$ | $225,792,633$ | $134,386,734$ |
| Capital redemption reserve | $176,986,612.46$ |  |  |
| Regulatory reserve |  |  | $39,161,774$ |
| Assets revaluation reserve |  |  |  |
| Fair value reserve |  |  |  |
| Dividend equalization reserve | $(22,078,156.80)$ | $(19,464,179)$ |  |
| Actuarial reserve |  |  |  |
| Special reserve |  |  |  |
| Debenture redemption reserve | $600,000.00$ | 600,000 |  |
| Other reserve | $\mathbf{1 0 0 3 , 2 6 2 , 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 4 5 , 7 6 7 , 9 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 1 , 0 3 9 , 1 8 0}$ |
| Total |  |  | - |

### 4.25.1 General Reserve

General Reserve is created as per Section 44 of the Banks and Financial Institutions Act 2073 equivalent to $20 \%$ of the net profit earned during the year until the reserve is twice the paidup share capital of the Bank after which $10 \%$ of the net profit earned during the year shall be set aside as General Reserve.

Such reserve could not be expensed or transferred to other heads without prior approval of Nepal Rastra Bank.

### 4.25.2 Exchange EqualizationReserve

Exchange Equalization Reserve is the reserve created as per Section 44 of the Banks and Financial Institutions Act 2073 equivalent to $25 \%$ of the foreign exchange gain realized on the translationof foreign currency to the reporting currency during the year other than Indian Rupees.
Such reserve could not be expensed or transferred to other heads without prior approval of Nepal Rastra Bank other than to set off revaluation loss incurred, if any during the year.

### 4.25.3 Investment Adjustment Reserve

Investment Adjustment Reserve is created as per the regulatory requirement equivalent to $2 \%$ of investment securities classified as available for sale which are not listed within the prescribed time except on investment on shares specifically allowed by Nepal Rastra Bank. It is presented within other reserve in Statement of changes in equity.

### 4.25.4 Fair Value Reserve

The fair value reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of financial assets that are measured at fair value and the changes in fair value is recognized in other comprehensive income, until the assets are derecognized. The cumulative amount of changes in fair value of those financial assets has been presented under this account head.

### 4.25.5 Assets Revaluation Reserve

Any reserve created from revaluation of assets (such as Property \& Equipment, Intangible Assets, Investment Property) has been presented under this heading. Revaluation reserves often serve as a cushion against unexpected losses but may not be fully available to absorb unexpected losses due to the subsequent deterioration in market values and tax consequences of revaluation.

### 4.25.6 Regulatory Reserve

The amount that is allocated from profit or retained earnings of the Microfinance to this reserve as per the Directive of NRB for the purpose of implementation of NFRSs and which has not been regarded as free for distribution of dividend (cash as well as bonus shares) has been presented under this account head. The amount allocated to this reserve includes interest income recognized but not received in cash, difference of loan loss provision as per NRB directive and impairment on loan and advance as per NFRSs (in case lower impairment is recognized under NFRSs), amount equals to deferred tax assets, actuarial loss recognized in other comprehensive income, amount of goodwill recognized under NFRSs etc.

### 4.25.7 Corporate Social Responsibility Fund

The fund created for the purpose of corporate social responsibility by allocating $1 \%$ of net profit after tax has been presented under this account head.

### 4.25.8 Client Protection Fund

The fund created for the purpose of members by allocating $1 \%$ of net profit after tax has been presented under this account head.
4.26 Contingent Liabilities and Commitment

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 | As at 1st Shrawan <br> 2077 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Contingent Liabilities |  |  |  |
| Undrawn and undisbursed facilities |  |  |  |
| Capital commitment |  |  |  |
| Lease commitment |  |  |  |
| Litigation |  |  |  |
| Total | - | - |  |

### 4.26.1 Capital commitments

Capital expenditure approved by relevant authority of the institution but provision hasnotbeen made in financial statements

| Particulars | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { As at } \\ \text { 32 }^{\text {nd }} \text { Ashadh } \\ 2079 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { As at } \\ \text { 31 }^{\text {st Ashadh }} \\ \text { 2078 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | As at $1^{\text {st }}$ Shrawan 2077 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capitals commitments in relation to Property and Equipment |  |  |  |
| Approved and contracted for |  |  |  |
| Approved bur not contracted for |  |  |  |
| Sub total | - | - | - |
| Capital commitments in relation to Intangible assets |  |  |  |
| Approved and contracted for |  |  |  |
| Approved bur not contracted for |  |  |  |
| Total | - | - | - |

### 4.26.2 Lease commitments

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 | As at 1st <br> Shrawan 2077 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Operating lease commitments <br> Future minimum lease payments under non <br> cancellable operating lease,where the institution is <br> lessee |  |  |  |
| Not later than 1 year |  |  |  |
| Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years |  |  |  |
| Later than 5 years |  |  |  |
| Subtotal |  |  |  |
| Finance lease commitments <br> Future minimum lease payments under non <br> cancellable operating lease,where the institution is <br> lessee |  |  |  |
| Not later than 1 year |  |  |  |
| Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years |  |  |  |
| Later than 5 years |  |  |  |
| Sub total |  | - |  |
| Grand Total |  | - | - |

### 4.26.3 Litigation

Explanatory paragraphs are required for litigation contingent liabilities as per their own case of each institution.

### 4.27 Interest Income

The interest income recognized as per NFRSs has been presented under this head. This includes interest income on loan and advance, investment securities except on those investment securities measure at fair value through profit or loss, cash and cash equivalent, due from Nepal Rastra Bank, due from BFIs, loan and advances to staff etc.

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash and cash equivalents | $18,024,012$ | $18,744,039$ |
| Due from Nepal Rastra Bank |  |  |
| Placement with Banks and Financial Institutions |  |  |
| Loans and Advances to Financial Institutions |  |  |
| Loans and advances to customers | $3,313,480,314$ | $2,500,363,451$ |
| Investment securities | $22,470,723$ | $18,656,459$ |
| Loans and advances to staff | 1,636 |  |
| Other | $\mathbf{3 , 3 5 3 , 9 7 6 , 6 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 5 3 7 , 7 6 3 , 9 4 9}$ |
| Total interest income |  |  |

### 4.28 Interest Expenses

The interest expenses recognized as per NFRS have been presented under this head. The interest expenses include accrued on deposits collected, debt securities issued, borrowings obtained, subordinated liabilities, amount due to bank and financial institutions, due to NRB etc.

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Due to Bank and Financial Institutions | $939,053,025$ | $467,213,860$ |
| Due to Nepal Rastra Bank |  |  |
| Deposits from customers | $766,989,742$ | $624,542,637$ |
| Borrowing |  |  |
| Debt securities issued |  |  |
| Subordinated liabilities | $8,814,183$ |  |
| Other | $\mathbf{1 , 7 1 4 , 8 5 6 , 9 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 9 1 , 7 5 6 , 4 9 7}$ |
| Total interest expense |  |  |

### 4.29 Fees and Commission Income

Fee income is earned for diverse ranges of services provided by the Microfinance to its customers. Fee income arises on the execution of a significant act completed or from provision of services like service fees, Loan documentation fee, loan management fee, consortium fee, commitment fee, card issuance and renewal fees, prepayment and swap fee, remittance fee, investment banking fee, asset management fee, brokerage, commission on letter of credit, commission on guarantee, locker rental income, etc.

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Loan Administration fees |  |  |
| Service fees | $264,365,295$ | $364,760,859$ |
| Commitment fees |  |  |
| Card Issuance fees |  |  |
| Pepayment and swap fees |  |  |
| Brokerage fees | $2,296,915$ | $2,107,472$ |
| Remittance fees |  |  |
| Other Fees and Commission Income | $1,601,961.59$ | $1,093,165$ |
| Total Fees and Commission Income | $\mathbf{2 6 8 , 2 6 4 , 1 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 6 7 , 9 6 1 , 4 9 6}$ |

### 4.30 Fees and Commission Expense

Payment on account of fee and commission for services obtained by the Microfinance has been presented under this account head. This account head shall include card related fees, guarantee commission, brokerage expenses etc.

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Brokerage |  |  |
| ATM management fees |  |  |
| VISA/Master card fees |  |  |
| Guarantee commission |  |  |
| Brokerage |  |  |
| DD/TT/Swift fees |  |  |
| Remittance fees and commission |  |  |
| Other Fees and Commission Expense | $10,003,233$ |  |
| Total Fees and Commission Expense | $\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 3 , 2 3 3}$ |  |

### 4.31 Net trading income

Trading income comprises gains less losses relating to trading assets and liabilities, and includes all realized interest, dividend and foreign exchange differences as well as unrealized changes in fair value of trading assets and liabilities has been presented under this account head.

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Changes in fair value of trading assets |  |  |
| Gain/loss on disposal of trading assets |  |  |
| Interest income on trading assets |  |  |
| Dividend income on trading assets |  |  |
| Gain/Loss Foreign Exchange Transaction |  |  |
| Other |  |  |
| Total Net trading income | - |  |

### 4.32 Other operating income

Receipt of all other operating income not specifically, provided under the income heads above has been booked and presented under this head. This includes foreign exchange revaluation gain, gain/loss on sale of available for sale securities, dividend on available for sale securities, gain/loss on sale of property and equipment, gain/loss on sale of investment properties, operating lease income, gain/loss on sale of gold and silver, income of Finance lease etc.

| Particulars | As at 32nd <br> Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Foreign Exchange Revaluation Gain |  |  |
| Gain/loss on sale of investment Securities |  |  |
| Fair value gain/loss on investment property |  |  |
| Dividend on equity instruments |  |  |
| Gain/loss on sale of property and equipment |  |  |
| Gain/loss on sale of investment property |  |  |
| Operating lease income |  |  |
| Gain/loss on sale of gold and silver |  |  |
| Other | $28,279,737$ |  |
| Total other operating income | $\mathbf{2 8 , 4 6 8 , 7 3 7}$ |  |

### 4.33 Impairment charge/(reversal) for loan and other losses

It includes impairment charge/reversal on loan and advances to customers, loan and advances to bank and financial institutions, investment securities, placement with bank and financial institutions, property and equipment, goodwill and intangible assets, investment properties etc

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st <br> Ashadh 2078 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Impairment charge/(reversal) on loan and advances to B/FIs |  |  |
| Impairment charge/(reversal) on loan and advances to customer | $59,072,803$ | $90,052,574.69$ |
| Impairment charge/(reversal) on financial Investment |  |  |
| Impairment charge/(reversal) on placement with bank and <br> financial institutions |  |  |
| Impairment charge/(reversal) on property and equipment |  |  |
| Impairment charge/(reversal) on goodwill and intangible assets |  |  |
| Impairment charge/(reversal) on investment property |  | $\mathbf{9 0 , 0 5 2 , 8 0 3}$ |
| Total impairment charge/(reversal) for loan and other losses | $\mathbf{9 0 , 5 7 5}$ |  |

### 4.34 Personnel Expense

All expenses related to employees of the Microfinance has been included under this head. Expenses covered under this head include employees' salary, allowances, pension, gratuity, contribution to provident fund, training expenses, uniform expenses, insurance, staff bonus, Microfinance expense under NFRSs, cash-settled share-based payments etc.

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Salary | $275,992,387$ | $252,965,095$ |
| Allowances | $99,523,253$ | $92,201,513$ |
| Gratuity expenses | $23,733,463$ | $16,441,719$ |
| Provident fund | $27,602,934$ | $24,980,349$ |
| Uniform | $6,787,653$ | $5,072,000$ |
| Training \& Development Expense | $6,851,490$ | $1,674,134$ |
| Leave encashment | $10,141,060$ | $6,665,429$ |
| Medical | $9,350,213$ | $8,640,324$ |
| Insurance | $21,566,987$ | $19,830,668$ |
| Employees Incentive |  |  |
| Cash-settled share-based payments |  |  |
| Pension Expense |  |  |
| Voluntary Resignation scheme |  | $4,830,273$ |
| Finance expenses under NFRS |  | $54,979,638$ |
| Other Expenses Related to Staff | $6,708,078$ | $\mathbf{4 8 8 , 2 8 1 , 1 4 2}$ |
| Subtotal | $\mathbf{~}$ |  |
| Employees Bonus | $127,190,940,742$ | $10,383,328$ |
| Total personal expenses | $\mathbf{6 7 8 , 4 7 9 , 2 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{5 9 8 , 6 6 4 , 4 7 0}$ |

### 4.35 Other operating expense

All operating expense other than those relating to personnel expense are recognized and presented under this account head. The expenses covered under this account head includes office administration expense, other operating and overhead expense, directors' emoluments, remuneration and non-audit fee paid to auditors, professional and legal expense, branch closure cost expense, redundancy cost expense, expense of restructuring, impairment of non-financial assets, expense of corporate social responsibility, onerous lease provisions etc.

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh 2078 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Directors' fee | 193,000 | 283,000 |
| Directors' expense | 219,981 | 9,000 |
| Auditors' remuneration | 508,500 | 452,000 |
| Other audit related expense | $1,316,660$ | 483,784 |
| Professional and legal expense | $55,975,302$ | $51,128,919$ |
| Office administration expense | 775,446 | $21,920,905$ |
| Operating lease expense |  |  |
| Operating expense of investment properties | $6,993,545$ | $3,814,931$ |
| Corporate Social Responsibility Expense |  |  |
| Client Protection expense |  | $40,176,920.16$ |
| Onerous lease provision | $\mathbf{1 1 8 , 2 6 9 , 4 6 0}$ |  |
| Other |  |  |
| Total other operating expense | $\mathbf{7 1 , 8 5 5 , 4 8 2}$ |  |

### 4.35.1 Office Administration Expenses

Office Administration expenses is the expenses incurred in the operation of the organization specifically incurred by the office. It includes water and electricity, repair and maintenance, insurance, printing and stationery, newspaper, advertisement, donation, security, deposit and guarantee premium, travel allowance and expenses, entertainment, annual general/special general meeting expenses, internet expenses, etc.

| Particulars | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at 32nd Ashadh } \\ 2079 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at 31st Ashadh } \\ 2078 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Water and electricity | 3,329,865 | 2,773,403 |
| Repair and maintenance | 3,539,525 | 1,667,909 |
| (a) Building | 24,195 | 1,500 |
| (b) Vehicle | 1,551,529 | 758,272 |
| (c) Computer and accessories | 748,544 | 200,115 |
| (d) Office equipment and furniture | 965,284 | 493,756 |
| (e) Other | 249,973 | 214,266 |
| Insurance | 2,225,604 | 1,428,704 |
| Postage, telex, telephone, fax | 9,000,103 | 8,621,234 |
| Printing and stationery | 4,738,383 | 5,414,868 |
| News paper, books and journals | 27,954 | 50,630 |
| Advertisement | 574,746 | 945,440 |
| Donation |  | - |
| Security expense |  |  |
| Deposit and loan guarantee premium |  |  |
| Travel allowance and expense | 4,159,704 | 2,577,143 |
| Entertainment | 952,599 | 660,183 |
| Annual/special general meeting expense | 590,930 | 283,795 |
| Other | 26,835,889 | 19,282,529 |
| Fuel Expenses | 11,274,742 | 5,232,270 |
| Bank Charges | - | 1,190,765 |
| Registration, Renewal \& Membership Expenses | 3,186,239 | 484,770 |
| Wages | 2,647,735 | 2,248,761 |
| Workshop Expenses | 96,330 | - |
| Software Maintenance Expenses | 5,106,845 | 3,004,670 |
| Others | 4,523,997 | 7,121,293 |
| Total | 55,975,302 | 43,705,837 |

### 4.36 Depreciation \& Amortisation

Depreciation is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an asset over its useful life. Amortization is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an intangible asset over its useful life. Depreciation measured and recognized as per NFRSs on property and equipment, and investment properties, and amortization of intangible assets has been presented under this account head.

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> 2079 | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Depreciation on Property and Equipment | $26,628,486$ | $17,525,976$ |
| Depreciation on investment property |  | 632,814 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 518,850 | $\mathbf{1 8 , 1 5 8 , 7 8 9}$ |
| Total depreciation and amortization | $\mathbf{2 7 , 1 4 7 , 3 3 6}$ |  |

### 4.37 Non-operating income

The income and expenses that have no direct relationship with the operation of transactions of the Microfinance has been presented under this head. The income/expense covered under this account head includes loan written off, recovery of loan, redundancy provision, expense of restructuring etc.

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Recovery of loan written off |  |  |
| Other income | $55,831,025$ | $54,015,098$ |
| Total non-operating income | $\mathbf{5 5 , 8 3 1 , 0 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{5 4 , 0 1 5 , 0 9 8}$ |

### 4.38 Non-Operating Expenses

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Loan Written Off |  |  |
| Redundancy provision |  |  |
| Expenses of restructuring |  |  |
| Other expense | $408,174.35$ | $620,710.63$ |
| Total non-operating Expenses | $\mathbf{4 0 8 , 1 7 4 . 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 2 0 , 7 1 0 . 6 3}$ |

### 4.39 Income tax Expense

The amount of income tax on net taxable profit has been recognized and presented under this account head. This account head shall include current tax expense and deferred tax expense/deferred tax income.

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 8}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Current tax expense | $\mathbf{3 5 9 , 3 1 9 , 2 8 2 . 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 2 , 3 7 8 , 8 9 4 . 3 0}$ |
| Current year | $356,909,765$ | $322,378,894$ |
| Adjustment for prior years | $(2,149,123)$ |  |
| Deferred tax expense | $\mathbf{( 1 , 1 8 7 , 9 0 2 )}$ | $(6,707,403)$ |
| Origination and reversal of temporary differences | $(1,187,902)$ | $(6,707,403)$ |
| Changes in tax rate |  |  |
| Recognition of previously unrecognized tax losses |  |  |
| Total income tax expense | $\mathbf{3 5 3 , 5 7 2 , 7 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 5 , 6 7 1 , 4 9 1}$ |

### 4.39.1 Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit

| Particulars | As at 32nd Ashadh <br> $\mathbf{2 0 7 9}$ | As at 31st Ashadh <br> 2078 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Profit before tax | $\mathbf{1 , 1 4 4 , 7 1 8 , 4 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 7 0 , 7 8 9 , 1 5 1}$ |
| Tax amount at tax rate of 30.\% | $343,415,549$ | $321,236,745$ |
| Add: Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible <br> for tax purpose | $32,584,178$ | $20,890,975$ |
| Less: Tax effect on exempt income |  |  |
| Add/less: Tax effect on other items | $(19,089,962)$ | $(19,748,826)$ |
| Total income tax expense | $\mathbf{3 5 6 , 9 0 9 , 7 6 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 2 , 3 7 8 , 8 9 4}$ |
| Effective tax rate | $31.18 \%$ | $30.11 \%$ |

## 5 Disclosures \& Additional Information

### 5.1 Risk Assessment andManagement

## Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Microfinance may be unable to meet short term financial demands. This usually occurs due to the inability to convert a security or hard asset to cash without a loss of capital and/or income in the process.

Factors of Liquidity Risk includes Deterioration in quality of credit portfolio Concentrations in either assets or liabilities, Rapid asset growth funded by highly volatile large deposits, A large size of off-balance sheet exposure.
The Microfinance has applied following mitigates for the management of Liquidity Risk:

- Appropriate composition of assets and liabilities
- Diversified and stable sources of funds
- Access to inter-bank market
- Contingency funding plan for crisis situations
- Regular stress testing
- Cushion of liquid assets held
- Consistent analysis using liquidity ratios
- Review of Deposit Mix Concentration.

Such mitigates are monitored by BOD, Finance and Credit Department, Internal Audit Department.

## Credit Risk

A credit risk is the risk of default on a debt that may arise from a borrower failing to make required payments. In the first resort, the risk is that of the lender and includes lost principal and interest, disruption to cash flows, and increased collection costs. Factors for the credit risk includes Counterparty Risk, Concentration Risk and Securitization Risk.
The Microfinance has applied following mitigates for management of Credit Risk factors:

- Independent and ongoing credit quality review
- Limiting credit exposures
- Problem credit management system
- Diversification of risk asset portfolio among several sectors and sub sectors of the economy over a large number of customers
- Deposit of borrower in bank, cash margin and additional collateral at individual level
- Proper valuation, storage, maintenance and insurance of collaterals.

Such mitigates are monitored by Board of Directors, Risk Management Committee which is Board Level Committee, Credit Risk Management Department, NRB Inspection team and Internal Audit Department of the Microfinance

## Fair value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Fair Value of financial assets and liabilities risk management includes effective portfolio management by finance department which is monitored by BOD, and other high level officials

### 5.2 Capital Management

The capital management approach of the Microfinance is driven by its desire to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business and to meet the regulatory capital requirements at all times.
As Capital is the centrepiece of the Microfinance's performance matrix, a sound capital management forms the very core of the overall performance landscape to ensure that the Microfinance delivers on its objective of maximizing the shareholder's value. The senior management of the Microfinance is engaged and responsible for prudent capital management at all times. In compliance with the regulatory
requirement of increasing the capital base as prescribed by the Central Bank, the Microfinance is comfortable in meeting the minimum capital requirements and is strongly positioned to meet the performance benchmarks.

1. Capital Structure and a Breakdown of its Components:

Tier 1 Capital and a breakdown of its components is as follows:


Tier 2 Capital and a breakdown of its components is as follows:

2. Statement of Risk Weighted Assets (RWA)

## A. On Balance Sheet Items

(Rs. In '000)

| S.N. | Description | Weight (\%) | Current period |  | Previous period |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amount | RWA | Amount | RWA |
| 1 | Cash Balance | 0 | 30,752.51 | - | 44,846.11 | - |
| 2 | Gold (Tradable) | 0 |  | - |  | - |
| 3 | NRB Balance | 0 | 98,500.00 | - | 90,500.00 | - |
| 4 | Investment to Govt. Bond | 0 |  | - |  | - |
| 5 | Investment to NRB Bond | 0 |  | - |  | - |
| 6 | Loan against Own FD | 0 |  | - |  | - |
| 7 | Loan against Govt. Bond | 0 |  | - |  | - |
| 8 | Accrued interests on Govt. bond | 0 |  | - |  | - |
| 9 | Investment to Youth and Small Entrepreneurs Self-employment Fund | 0 |  | - |  | - |
| 10 | Balance on domestic banks and financial institutions | 20 | 701,300.99 | 140,260.20 | 1,328,213.79 | 265,642.76 |
| 11 | Loan against other banks' and financial institutions' FD | 20 |  | - |  | - |
| 12 | Foreign bank balance | 20 |  | - |  | - |
| 13 | Money at call | 20 |  | - |  | - |
| 14 | Loan against internationally rated bank guarantee | 20 |  | - |  | - |
| 15 | Investment to internationally rated Banks | 20 |  | - |  | - |
| 16 | Inter-bank lending | 20 |  | - |  | - |
| 17 | Investment on shares/debentures/bonds | 100 |  | - |  | - |
| 18 | Other investments | 100 |  | - |  | - |
| 19 | Loans \& advances, bills purchase/discount | 100 | 23,545,679.44 | 23,545,679.44 | 20,196,893.73 | 20,196,893.73 |
| 20 | Fixed assets | 100 | 175,989.24 | 175,989.24 | 90,198.03 | 90,198.03 |
| 21 | Net interest receivables (Total IR - 8Interest supsense) | 100 |  | - |  | - |
| 22 | Net Non-Banking Asset | 100 |  | - |  | - |
| 23 | Other assets (Except advance tax payment) | 100 | 127,893.76 | 127,893.76 | 128,908.35 | 128,908.35 |
| 24 | Real estate/residential housing loans exceeding the limits | 150 |  | - |  | - |
|  | Total On-Balance-sheet Items (A) |  | 24,680,115.94 | 23,989,822.64 | 21,879,560.02 | 20,681,642.87 |

B. Off Balance Sheet Items

| S.N. | Description | Weight (\%) | Current period |  | Previous period |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amount | RWA | Amount | RWA |
| 1 | Bills collection | 0 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 2 | Forward foreign exchange contract | 10 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 3 | L/C with maturity less than six months (Outstanding value) | 20 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 4 | Guarantee against International rated bank's counter guarantee | 20 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 5 | L/C with maturity more than six months (Outstanding value) | 50 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 6 | Bid bond, performance bond and underwriting | 50 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 7 | Loan sale with repurchase agreement | 50 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 8 | Advance payment guarantee | 100 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 9 | Financial and other guarantee | 100 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 10 | Irrevocable loan commitment | 100 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 11 | Possible liabilities for income tax | 100 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 12 | All types of possible liabilities including acceptance | 100 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 13 | Rediscounted bills | 100 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 14 | Unpaid portion of partly paid share investment | 100 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 15 | Unpaid guarantee claims | 200 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 16 | Amount to be maintained for operational risk ( $2 \%$ of Total Assets) | 100 | 495,528.01 | 495,528.01 | 437,975.53 | 437,975.53 |
|  | Total Off-Balance-sheet Items (B) |  | 495,528.01 | 495,528.01 | 437,975.53 | 437,975.53 |
|  | Total Risk Weighted Assets (A) + (B) |  | 25,175,643.95 | 24,485,350.65 | 22,317,535.55 | 21,119,618.41 |

- Amount of NPAs (Both Gross and Net)

| S. <br> No. | Particulars | Gross NPA <br> (Rs.) | Loan-Loss <br> Provision (Rs.) | Net NPA <br> (Rs.) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| a. | Substandard | $42,093,301.83$ | $10,523,326.21$ | $31,569,975.62$ |
| b. | Doubtful | $72,211,264.08$ | $36,105,634.32$ | $36,105,629.76$ |
| c. | Bad | $117,858,986.47$ | $117,858,986.47$ | 0.00 |
|  | Total | $23,21,63,552.38$ | $16,44,87,947.00$ | $67,675,605.38$ |

## - NPA Ratios:

| $>$ Gross NPA to Gross Advances | $: 0.98 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $>$ Net NPA to Net Advances | $: 0.29 \%$ |

- Movement of Non-Performing Assets

| Particulars | Current Year | Previous Year | Changes \% |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Non-Performing Assets | $232,163,552.38$ | $125,143,144.69$ | $85.52 \%$ |
| Non-Performing Assets (\%) | $0.98 \%$ | $0.61 \%$ | $59.50 \%$ |

- Write off of Loans and Interest Suspense

Following Loans and Interest Suspense have been written off during the year 2021-22.

- None
- Movements in Loan Loss provision and Interest Suspense:

| Particulars | Loan Loss Provision | Interest Suspense |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Opening balance | $495,576,353.51$ | $94,796,620.00$ |
| Write Back/off in the years |  |  |
| Addition in the year | $59,072,803.41$ | $65,819,884.38$ |
| Balance as at 16 ${ }^{\mathbf{h}}$ July $\mathbf{~ 2 0 2 2}$ | $612,733,755.09$ | $160,616,504.38$ |

- Details of Subordinated Term Debt:

The Microfinance hasnot issued any subordinated term debt in the F/Y 2021/22.

- Details of Additional Loan Loss Provision:

Additional Loan Loss Provision of Rs. 8,22,59,949.30 has been made during the year 202122. Out of this amount Rs $2,259,949.30$ is done for non updating of Loan data with CIB of Rs $112,997,461.30$ calculated at the rate of $2 \%$ as required by NRB directives to MFs to do such provision.
Remaining $8,00,00,000.00$ provision is done to overcome the present situation of Liquidity crises in the market due to which the regular transaction of members may also be affected and hence to face challenge if any, in the future the additional provision is done.

- Segregation of Investment Portfolio

| S. No. | Investment Category | Amount Rs. |
| ---: | :--- | ---: |
| 1. | Held for Trading | $210,000,000$ |
| 2. | Held to Maturity |  |
| 3. | Available for Sale |  |

## 3. Risk Management Function

Jeevan BikaslaghubittaBittiya Sanstha Limited (JBLB) is exposed to various types of risks including credit, market, liquidity, operational, legal, compliance and reputation risks. The objective of the risk management framework at the Microfinance is to ensure that various risks are understood, measured and monitored and that the policies and procedures established to address these risks are strictly adhered to. the Microfinance has set up a strong control and monitoring environment for comprehensive risk management at all levels of operation.

## Measurement of Risks for Capital Adequacy Purpose:

Under Pillar 1 of the specific NRB guidelines, the Microfinance company currently follows Simplified Standardized Approach for Credit Risk, Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk and Net Open Position approach for Market risk.

## A. Credit Risk

## Strategies and Process:

All credit related aspects are governed by Operation Manual of MLBSL. These documents outline the type of products that can be offered, customer categories, credit approval process and limits. These documents are approved by the Board of directors.

The Microfinance Company's main emphasis is on SME credit. Different limits of lending power have been assigned at branch level, department head level and the credit committee level. Every aspect relating to credit such as procedure, documentation etc. are clearly defined in the Operation Manual and the Credit Policy of the Microfinance.

## Pre-Sanction:

The branch managers have the authority to approve the credit within their permissible limits after due scrutiny of background of the promoter, nature of business, turnover in the account, other financial indicators, income, collateral and security. Loans above the authority of branch are recommended to head office for further decision.

## Credit Risk Assessment Process:

Risk Management Department carries out a comprehensive credit risk assessment process that encompasses analysis of relevant quantitative and qualitative information to ascertain credit rating of the borrower. The credit rating process involves assessment of risk emanating from various sources such as market risk, management risk, environmental risk, financial risk and security risk taking into consideration as much as 30 sub-parameters under each of these categories. Credit thresholds have been set for forwarding the credit files for risk rating before they are submitted for approval in the credit committee by the concerned credit units.

## Post Sanction Monitoring/ Follow up:

Concerned branch are required to obtain regular information of the business. In case of revolving loans, the drawing power is checked commensurate with the existing level of stocks and working capital checked and verified at regular interval. The credit units at the Head Office are also required to prepare quarterly credit report to submit at higher level as a part of formal monitoring process.

## B. Operation Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems, or from external events. Operational risk is inherent in the Microfinance's business activities.
The board level committee that undertakes supervision and review of operational risk aspects are the Risk Management Committee and Audit Committee. The board and the risk committee review the operational risk level and the material operational risk exposure. The Audit committee supervises audit and compliance related aspects. Internal Audit department on the other hand carries out audit according to the audit plan and reports findings to the audit committee.

## Risk Arising from breakdown of Information and Operating System:

The Microfinance has implemented centralized software Empower Accounting Software and has improved in its MIS infrastructure in order to ensure the associated operational risks being brought down to an acceptably low level.

To safeguard the probable losses resulting from system failure or natural disaster, the Microfinance has taken following policies to minimize the risk:
a. Back up - Daily back up of all balances are taken at the end of the day. the Microfinance is developing a system of auto back up in the near future.
b. Disaster Recovery Site - the Microfinance has established disaster recovery site.
c. Validation of Entry and Password control - There is a system of maker and checker for entry validation before posting. Access authority for data entry, update, modification and validation has been given on the basis of levels of staffs.
d. Exception Reporting - The system creates exception report as and when required.

## Risk Arising from Procedural Lapses and Internal control:

The company has defined every banking procedures in the Operation Manual related to banking transactions. Internal circulars are issued whenever required. Reporting by branches is regular.

## Corporate Governance:

NRB Guidelines with respect to Corporate Governance are duly complied with.

## C. Market Risk

## a. Investments

Currently MLBSL has not made any investment for trading purpose. The investment in government securities have been made to hold till maturity. The investment in equity of listed institutions has been held as available for sale.
b. Foreign Exchange

The company's policy is to maintain the net open position of convertible foreign currency where exchange rate risk persists in matching position.
5.3 Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities

| Particulars | Fair Value through PL | Amortized Cost | Fair Value through OCI | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial Assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents |  | 522,053,504 |  | 522,053,504 |
| Due from Nepal Rastra Bank |  | 98,500,000 |  | 98,500,000 |
| Loans and advances to B/FIs |  |  |  |  |
| Loans and advances to customers |  | 23,545,679,441 |  | 23,545,679,441 |
| Investment securities (Govt. \&Development Bonds) |  | 210,000,000 |  | 210,000,000 |
| Investment securities (Equity) |  |  |  |  |
| Other Financial assets |  | 56,545,720 |  | 56,545,720 |
| Total financial Assets | - | 24,432,778,665 | - | 24,432,778,665 |
| Financial Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Due to Bank and Financial Institutions |  | 9,481,606,939 |  | 9,481,606,939 |
| Due to Nepal Rastra Bank |  | 600,000,000 |  | 600,000,000 |
| Deposits from customers |  | 9,546,691,371 |  | 9,546,691,371 |
| Other Financial Liabilities |  | 98,536,554 |  | 9,83,87,394 |
| Debt securities issued |  | - |  | - |
| Total financial Liabilities | - | 19,726,834,864 | - | 19,726,834,864 |

### 5.4 Operating segment Information

## 1. General Information

The Microfinance's operation is managed centrally through Head Office. All strategic, financial and operational policies and operations are controlled and directed from the head office. The microfinance operates in 148 branches though has a single jurisdiction

The Microfinancehas identified following segments as reportable:
a. Banking Segment involves functions like collecting deposits and lending activities among other similar activities.
b. Treasury Segment involves short term and long-term investment activities like investing in T-Bills, Bonds, Shares of companies etc.
c. Remittance Segment involves activities of transferring / receiving funds locally and/or globally.

There is no inter-unit cost transfer mechanism within the microfinance.
2. Information about profit or loss, assets and liabilities are presented below:

| Particulars | Banking | Treasury | Remittance | All Other <br> Segments |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. Revenues from external <br> customers | $3,622,240,857$ |  |  | $84,299,762$ |
| b. Intersegment revenues |  |  |  |  |
| c. Net Revenue | $3,622,240,857$ |  |  |  |
| d. Interest revenue | $3,353,976,686$ |  |  |  |
| e. Interest Expense | $1,706,042,767$ |  |  |  |
| f. Net interest revenue (b) | $1,647,933,919$ |  |  |  |
| g. Depreciation and <br> amortization* |  |  |  |  |
| h. Segment Profit / (Loss) | $1,647,933,919$ |  |  |  |
| i. Other Material non cash item | $24,166,232,945$ | $210,000,000$ |  |  |
| k. Impairment of assets | $19,628,298,310$ |  |  |  |
| l. Segment Assets** |  |  |  |  |
| m. Segment liabilities** |  |  |  |  |

*Depreciation and amortization cannot be allocated to reportable segment from internal data record keeping system.
**The presented assets and liabilities exclude assets such as PPE, Intangibles, Advances and payables that are not allocable to particular segment.

## 3. Measurement of operating segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

(a) Basis of accounting for any transactions between reportable segments.
(b) Nature of any differences between the measurements of the reportable segments' profits or losses and the entity's profit or loss before income tax.
(c) Nature of any differences between the measurements of the reportable segments' assets and the entity's asset.
(d) Nature of any changes from prior periods in the measurement methods used to determine reported segment profit or loss and the effect, if any, and
(e) Nature and effect of any asymmetrical allocations to reportable segments.
4.Reconciliation of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities:
a) Revenue

| Total revenue of reportable segments | $3,622,240,857$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Other revenue | $84,299,762$ |
| Elimination of intersegment revenue |  |
| Entity's revenues | $\mathbf{3 , 7 0 6 , 5 4 0 , 6 2 0}$ |

b) Profit or Loss

| Total profit or loss for reportable segments | $1,647,933,919$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Other profit or loss |  |
| Elimination of intersegment profits |  |
| Unallocated amounts: | $(503,081,179)$ |
| Profit before income tax | $\mathbf{1 , 1 4 4 , 7 1 8 , 4 9 6}$ |

c) Assets

| Total assets for reportable segments | $24,376,232,945$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Other assets |  |
| Unallocated amounts | $\mathbf{2 4 , 7 7 6 , 4 0 0 , 5 4 0}$ |
| Entity's assets |  |

d) Liabilities

| Total liabilities for reportable segments | $19,628,298,310$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Other liabilities | $2,232,959,640$ |
| Unallocated liabilities | $\mathbf{2 1 , 8 6 1 , 2 5 7 , 9 5 0}$ |
| Entity's liabilities |  |

## 5.Information about product and service

Revenue from each type of product and services described in point 1 (b) above.
a) Banking
3,622,240,857
b) Treasury
c) All Other Segments 84,299,762

## 6.Information about geographical areas

Revenue from following geographical areas:

| a) | Domestic | Revenue Amount |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Province 1 | $2,579,337,950.21$ |
|  | Province 2 | $522,665,488.19$ |
|  | Bagmati Province | $162,719,766.48$ |
|  | Gandaki Province |  |
|  | Lumbini Province |  |
|  | Karnali Province |  |
|  | Sudur Paschim Province | $\mathbf{3 , 2 6 4 , 7 2 3}, 204.88$ |

## 7.Information about major customer:

None of the customer individually or as a group contributes to $10 \%$ or more of the Microfinance's revenue.

### 5.5 Share options and share based payment

There is no share-based payment made by the Microfinance.

### 5.6 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Litigation is a common occurrence in the banking industry due to the nature of business undertaken. The Microfinance company has formal controls and policies for managing legal claims. Once professional advice has been obtained and the amount of loss reasonably estimated, the microfinance makes adjustment to account for adverse effect which the claims may have on its financial standing. Contingent liabilities on other matters have already been disclosed in notes 4.26.

### 5.7 Related party disclosures

The related parties of the Microfinance which meets the definition of related parties as defined in "NAS 24 Related Parties Disclosure" are as follows:

## i. Key Management Personnel (KMP)

The key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility of planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly including any director. The key management of the Microfinance includes members of its Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and other higher-level employee of the Microfinance. The name of the key management personnel who were holding various positions in the office during the year were as follows:

| Name of the Key Management Personnel | Post |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bikram Raj Subedi | BOD Chairman |
| Shyamchandra Khatiwada | Director |
| Prakash Kumar Shrestha | Director |
| Indra Narayan Dev | Director |
| Sonila Sakya | Director |
| Gokarna Khatiwada | Director |
| Ashok Sitoula | Director |
|  |  |
| Sanjay Kumar Mandal | Chief Executive Officer |
|  | Deputy Chief Executive Officer/Company |
| DamodarRegmi | Secretary |
| Bijay Kumar Mandal | Senior Manager |
| Sudip Kumar Mandal | Senior Manager |
| Manoj Shah | Manager |
| Binod Prasad Shah | Manager |
| Ramesh Ray | Manager |
| Anjay Kumar Mandal | Manager |
| Sabitri Shrestha | Manager |
| Ramnarayan Yadav | Manager |

### 5.7.1 Compensation to Key Management Personnel

The members of Board of Directors are entitled for meeting allowances. Salary and allowances are provided to Chief Executive Officer and other member of Key Management Personnel (KMP). Salary and Allowances paid to the Chief Executive Officer is based on the contract entered by the Microfinance with him whereas compensation paid to other member of KMP are governed by Employees Byelaws and decisions made by management time to time in this regard. In addition to salaries and allowances, non- cash benefits like vehicle facility, subsidized rate employees loan, termination benefits are also provided to KMP.
The details relating to compensation paid to key management personnel (directors only) were as follows:

| Particulars | Current Year |
| :--- | ---: |
| Meeting Fees | $188,000.00$ |
| Other Expenses | $224,981.00$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 1 2 , 9 8 1 . 0 0}$ |

The details relating to compensation paid to key management personnel other than directors were as follows:

| Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | :---: |
| Short term employee benefits(including Bonus and Paid Leave) | $6,679,852.00$ |
| Vehicle Facility |  |
| *Other Benefits |  |
| Other long-term benefits | Mentioned in Note 3.15(b) |
| **Post-Employment |  |

*Other benefits and payments include Finance cost calculated towards subsidized Loans and advances provided to staffs.
**Post employment benefit includes Provident fund, Gratuity and Leave provision created, the bifurcation of which is not quantifiable separately to KMPs. The provision is made on lump sum as per the Actuarial Valuation.

### 5.8 Merger and acquisition

No any Merger and acquisition has taken in the years presented.

### 5.9 Additional Disclosure of Non-consolidated entities

Since, the Microfinance company does not have any subsidiaries, there are no such nonconsolidated entities.

### 5.10 Events after reporting date.

There are no material events that have occurred subsequent to 32 ndAshadh 2079 till the signing of this financial statement.

### 5.11 Disclosure effect of transition from previous GAAP to NFRSs

## 1.Reconciliation of Equity

| Particulars | Explanat <br> ory note | Date of <br> Transition | End of last period <br> presented under <br> previous GAAP |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Equity as per GAAP |  | $\mathbf{1 , 0 3 0 , 2 7 5 , 3 8 4 . 0 7}$ |  |
| Adjustments for NFRS |  |  |  |
| Impairment on loan and advances |  |  |  |
| Fair value and employees benefit accounting of staff loan |  |  |  |
| Lease accounting |  |  |  |
| Measurement of investment securities at fair value |  |  |  |
| Revaluation of property and equipment |  |  |  |
| Recognition of investment property | 2 | $13,856,027.96)$ | $(22,004,026.06)$ |
| Amortisation of debt securities issued |  |  | $20,698,556.98$ |
| Deferred tax |  | $62,161,545.78$ | $78,311,602.00$ |
| Defined benefit obligation of employees | 4 | $18,925,436.91$ | $37,948,609.87$ |
| Goodwill/Bargain purchase gain |  |  | $22,414,736.83$ |
| Interest Income | 5 |  | $\mathbf{1 3 7 , 3 6 9 , 4 7 9 . 6 3}$ |
| Other | 4 | $\mathbf{8 4 , 9 9 2 , 5 9 5 . 3 6}$ |  |
| Liability for long-service leave |  |  |  |
| Proposed Dividend |  |  |  |
| Total Adjustments to Equity |  |  |  |

## 2. Reconciliation of profit or loss

| Particulars | Explanatory note | End of last period presented under previous GAAP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Previous GAAP |  | $\mathbf{6 8 0 , 2 5 8 , 3 1 5 . 3 0}$ |
| Adjustments for NFRS |  |  |
| Interest income | 3 | 16,150,056.22 |
| Impairment of loans and advances |  |  |
| Employees benefit amortization under staff loan |  |  |
| Defined benefit obligation of employee | 2 | 34,742,886.35 |
| Operating lease expense |  |  |
| Amortisation expense of debt securities |  |  |
| Other operating income |  |  |
| Interest expense |  |  |
| Depreciation and Amortisation |  |  |
| Other |  |  |
| Leave Expenses | 4 | 19,023,172.96 |
| Deferred Tax | 1 | $(2,479,853.07)$ |
| Others | 6 | 7,423,082.00 |
| Total Adjustments to profit or loss |  | 74,859,344.46 |
| Profit or loss under NFRSs |  | 755,117,659.77 |
| Other comprehensive income |  | (19,464,179.00) |
| Total Comprehensive income under NFRSs |  | 735,653,480.77 |

## Explanatory Notes:

1. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is revised due to adjustments made in NFRS financials and deferred tax income/expenses is revised. Deferred tax on Fair Value of Investment and Actuarial Gain/(loss) on remeasurement of DBO is adjusted through equity.
2. Defined benefit obligation of employees

The amount adjusted above is for loss/(gain) on remeasurement of Defined benefit Obligation(Gratuity) as per actuarial valuation which has been adjusted through OCI to equity.
3. Interest Income

The accrued interest receivable on end of reporting period except for bad loan has been booked on accrual basis in the retained earnings through the interest income.

## 4. Liability for long service leave

The amount adjusted above is for remeasurement of long service leave as per actuarial valuation.

## 5. Proposed Dividend

The proposed dividend is disclosed in the notes to the accounts and not accounted under equity in the year when it is declared.
6. Others

The share issue expenses has been recognized through the equity rather than statement of profit or loss since the cost incurred for the issue of share capital.
3.Effect of NFRSs Adoption for the statement of financial position.

|  | Explanatory Notes | As per Old GAAP As at 1st Shrawan 2077 | Adjustments for NFRS | Restated* As at 1st Shrawan 2077 | As per Old GAAP As at 32 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Ashadh 2078 | Adjustments for NFRS | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Restated* } \\ \text { As at } \\ \text { 32 }^{\text {nd }} \text { Ashadh } 2078 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents |  | 543,163,489.27 | - | 543,163,489.27 | 1,373,059,905.51 | - | 1,373,059,905.51 |
| Statutory Balance and Due from Nepal Rastra Bank |  | 46,500,000.00 | - | 46,500,000.00 | 90,500,000.00 | - | 90,500,000.00 |
| Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Derivative Financial Instruments |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other Trading Assets |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Loans and advances to MFIs and Cooperatives |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |
| Loans and advances to customers | 1 | 10,381,240,380.91 | 192,126,143.63 | 10,573,366,524.54 | 19,962,661,303.82 | 234,232,429.70 | 20,196,893,733.52 |
| Investment securities |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Current tax assets | 2 | - | 37,584,810.58 | 37,584,810.58 |  | 19,216,622.27 | 19,216,622.27 |
| Investment property |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Property and Equipment | 3 | 51,896,285.51 | 166,349.00 | 52,062,634.51 | 87,632,900.37 | 531,147.56 | 88,164,047.93 |
| Goodwill and Intangible assets | 4 | - | - | - |  | 2,033,986.44 | 2,033,986.44 |
| Deferred Tax Assets | 5 | 33,277,318.36 | (9,856,027.96) | 23,421,290.40 | 60,474,510.79 | $(22,004,026.06)$ | 38,470,484.73 |
| Other assets | 6 | 197,907,507.89 | (167,715,757.43) | 30,191,750.46 | 268,140,445.66 | (177,702,583.96) | 90,437,861.70 |
| Total Assets |  | 11,253,984,981.94 | 52,305,517.82 | 11,306,290,499.76 | 21,842,469,066.15 | 56,307,575.95 | 21,898,776,642.10 |


|  | Explanatory Notes | As per Old GAAP As at 1st Shrawan 2078 | Adjustments for NFRS | Restated* As at 1st Shrawan 2078 | As per Old GAAP As at 32 $^{\text {nd }}$ Ashadh 2079 | Adjustments for NFRS | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Restated* } \\ \text { As at } \\ \mathbf{3 2}^{\text {nd }} \text { Ashadh } 2079 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Due to Bank and Financial Institutions |  | 3,385,937,730.21 | - | 3,385,937,730.21 | 9,172,260,059.53 | - | 9,172,260,059.53 |
| Due to Nepal Ratsra Bank |  | - | - | - | 750,000,000.00 |  | 750,000,000.00 |
| Derivative Financial Instrument |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Deposits from customers |  | 5,623,185,509.69 | - | 5,623,185,509.69 | 8,090,419,420.62 | - | 8,090,419,420.62 |
| Borrowings |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Current Tax Liabilities |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Provisions |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities |  |  | - | - |  | - |  |
| Other liabilities | 7 | 1,214,586,357.96 | (32,687,077.54) | 1,181,899,280.42 | 1,802,805,975.36 | (81,061,903.69) | 1,721,744,071.66 |
| Debt securities issued |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Subordinated Liabilities |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Total liabilities |  | 10,223,709,597.86 | $(32,687,077.54)$ | 10,191,022,520.32 | 19,815,485,455.51 | $(81,061,903.69)$ | 19,734,423,551.81 |
| Equity |  |  | - | - |  | - |  |
| Share Capital | 8 | 337,500,000.00 | - | 337,500,000.00 | 1,034,880,000.00 | (426,480,000.00) | 608,400,000.00 |
| Share Premium |  | - | - | - |  | - |  |
| Retained Earnings | 9 | 407,620,659.49 | 79,108,139.88 | 486,728,799.36 | 200,967,494.90 | 609,217,681.16 | 810,185,176.07 |
| Reserves | 10 | 285,154,724.58 | 5,884,455.48 | 291,039,180.07 | 791,136,115.75 | $(45,368,201.53)$ | 745,767,914.21 |
| Total Equity |  | 1,030,275,384.07 | 84,992,595.36 | 1,115,267,979.43 | 2,026,983,610.65 | 137,369,479.63 | 2,164,353,090.28 |
| Total Liabilities and Equity |  | 11,253,984,981.94 | 52,305,517.82 | 11,306,290,499.76 | 21,842,469,066.16 | 56,307,575.94 | 21,898,776,642.09 |

1. Adjustments made to loans and advances to customers is for interest income recognised in accrual basis and amortisation of staff loan and also due to
Current tax is recognized net of current tax liabilities as per NFRS. Therefore the difference can be observed in above statement
2. Adjustments made to Property and Equipment is for segregation of intangible assets which was previously included in property and equipment and Deferred tax asset is revised as per NFRS and adjusted as per NFRS calculation.
Adjustment in other assets is for deferred employee expenditure as per staff loan amortisation and reclassification adjustment.
Adjustments made to other liability includes actuarial liability adjustments as per actuarial valuation of defined benefit obligation. Adjustment made for Equity Share Capital is for proposed Bonus Shares
3. Retained earnings adjustments can be verified through note 6.9.1
4. Adjustments for reserve can be verified through note no. 6.9.

## 4.Effect of NFRSs adoption for statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

| Particulars | Explanatory <br> Notes | $\begin{aligned} & \text { As per Old GAAP } \\ & \text { As at } \\ & \text { 32nd Ashadh } 2079 \end{aligned}$ | Adjustments for NFRS | Restated* <br> As at 32 $^{\text {nd }}$ Ashadh 2079 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest income | 1 | 2,502,957,433.85 | 34,806,515.36 | 2,537,763,949.21 |
| Interest expense |  | (1,091,756,497.20) | - | $(1,091,756,497.20)$ |
| Net interest income |  | 1,411,200,936.65 | 34,806,515.36 | 1,446,007,452.01 |
| Fees and commission income | 2 | 424,274,283.16 | (56,312,787.55) | 367,961,495.61 |
| Fees and commission expense | 3 | $(48,570.00)$ | (6,354,111.09) | (6,402,681.09) |
| Net fee and commission income |  | 424,225,713.16 | $(62,666,898.64)$ | 361,558,814.52 |
| Net interest and commission income |  | 1,835,426,649.81 | $(27,860,383.28)$ | 1,807,566,266.53 |
| Net trading income |  | - | - |  |
| Other operating income | 4 | - | 27,550,708.66 | 27,550,708.66 |
| Total operating income |  | 1,835,426,649.81 | $(309,674.62)$ | 1,835,116,975.19 |
| Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses | 5 | 124,075,527.46 | $(34,022,952.77)$ | 90,052,574.69 |
| Net operating income |  | 1,711,351,122.35 | 33,713,278.15 | 1,745,064,400.50 |
| Operating expense |  |  | - | - |
| Personnel expenses | 6 | (647,600,256.87) | 48,935,786.70 | (598,664,470.17) |
| Other Operating expenses | 7 | (109,380,117.80) | $(1,466,259.82)$ | $(110,846,377.62)$ |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 8 |  | $(18,158,789.23)$ | $(18,158,789.23)$ |
| Operating Profit |  | 954,370,747.68 | $\mathbf{6 3 , 0 2 4 , 0 1 5 . 8 0}$ | 1,017,394,763.48 |
| Non-operating Income | 9 | 39,079,205.52 | 14,935,892.36 | 54,015,097.88 |
| Non-operating expense | 10 | - | $(620,710.63)$ | (620,710.63) |
| Profit before income tax |  | 993,449,953.20 | 77,339,197.53 | $\mathbf{1 , 0 7 0 , 7 8 9 , 1 5 0 . 7 3}$ |
| Income tax expense |  |  | - | - |
| Current Year Income Tax |  | 322,378,894.30 | - | 322,378,894.30 |
| Deferred Tax income | 11 | (9,187,256.40) | 2,479,853.07 | (6,707,403.33) |
| Profit for the period |  | 680,258,315.30 | 74,859,344.46 | 755,117,659.77 |
| Other comprehensive Income | 12 | - | $(19,464,179.00)$ | $(19,464,179.00)$ |
| Total Comprehensive |  | 680,258,315.30 | 55,395,165.46 | 735,653,480.77 |

## Explanatory Notes:

1. Interest income has been booked on accrual basis.
2. Reclassification of other operating income
3. Reclassification of other operating expenses
4. Reclassification of other operating income
5. Provision booked for investment has been reversed from the impairment charge.
6. Remeasurement of gratuity and leave expenses has been made by actuarial valuation and calculation of finance expenses under NFRS for staff loan.
7. Reclassification of other operating expenses
8. Segregation of depreciation from other operating expenses
9. Reclassification of other operating income
10. Reclassification of other operating expenses
11. Deferred tax calculation has been made as per NFRS.
12. Adjustment for investment remeasurement and Actuarial valuation has been made throughOCI.

## 5.Effect of NFRS adoption for statement of cash flows

|  | For the Year ended 32.03.2079 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Explanatory Notes | Previous GAAP | Effect of transition to NFRS | Amount as per <br> NFRS |
| Net cash flows from operating activities | 1 | $(5,757,920,316.49)$ | 6,255,543,706.93 | 497,623,390.44 |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | 2 | $(54,516,114.72)$ | 805,905.79 | (53,710,208.93) |
| Net cash flows from financing activities | 3 | 6,686,332,847.45 | (6,300,349,612.72) | 385,983,234.73 |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalent |  | 873,896,416.24 | $(44,000,000.00)$ | 829,896,416.24 |
| Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period | 4 | 589,663,489.27 | $(46,500,000.00)$ | 543,163,489.27 |
| Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the period |  | 1,463,559,905.51 | $(90,500,000.00)$ | 1,373,059,905.51 |

## Explanatory Notes

1. Under NFRS, the net cash flows from operating activities includes the movement of Dues to/from Nepal Rastra Bank, placements with BFI's and money at call and short notice. Dues from Nepal Rastra Bank were previously included in cash and cash equivalents whereas money at call and short notice is included in cash and cash equivalent as of now. Now the same has been included in investment activities except that having maturity period 3 months or less which is included in cash and cash equivalent.
2. Under NFRS, the investing activities also include the movement of capital WIP previously included in (Increase)/ Decrease in other assets in net cash flows from operating activities.
3. Under NFRS, the financing activities include expenses incurred for Client Protection fund and CSR expenses too and non-recognition of the amounts recognized from merger under GAAP.
4. NAS 7 defines cash equivalents as 'short-term' highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value'. Under previous GAAP, the cash and cash equivalent included Balance at Nepal Rastra Bank however the same has been shown under dues from Nepal Rastra Bank under NFRS.

### 5.12 Loan Loss Provision as per NRB Directives No. 2

| Category | LoanAmount | Provision \% | ProvisionAmount |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Good | $23,498,877,098.51$ | $1.3 \%$ | $305,485,402.28$ |
| Watchlist | $48,317,227.46$ | $5 \%$ | $2,415,861.37$ |
| Substandard | $42,093,301.83$ | $25 \%$ | $10,523,326.21$ |
| Doubtful | $72,211,264.08$ | $50 \%$ | $36,105,634.32$ |
| Bad | $117,858,986.47$ | $100 \%$ | $117,858,986.47$ |
| Additional |  |  | $82,259,949.30$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 3 , 7 7 9 , 3 5 7 , 8 7 8 . 3 5}$ |  | $\mathbf{5 5 4 , 6 4 9 , 1 5 6 . 9 2}$ |

### 5.13 Disclosure of Shareholders holding more than $\mathbf{0 . 5 \%}$ of total Shareholding

| Name of Shareholder | Number of <br> Share | Holding \% | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| DamodarRegmi | $55,250.00$ | $0.53 \%$ | $5,525,000.00$ |
| Shyam Mandal | $56,950.00$ | $0.55 \%$ | $5,695,000.00$ |
| AnjulaDunganaSubedi | $63,750.00$ | $0.62 \%$ | $6,375,000.00$ |
| Ribol Mandal | $66,045.00$ | $0.64 \%$ | $6,604,500.00$ |
| Shyam Chandra Khatiwoda | $80,750.00$ | $0.78 \%$ | $8,075,000.00$ |
| Indra Narayan Dev | $85,000.00$ | $0.82 \%$ | $8,500,000.00$ |
| SamudaayikMahilaBikas Centre | $88,400.00$ | $0.85 \%$ | $8,840,000.00$ |
| Shiv Narayan Mandal | $125,630.00$ | $1.21 \%$ | $12,563,000.00$ |
| Ganga Prasad Mandal | $132,600.00$ | $1.28 \%$ | $13,260,000.00$ |
| Lalchand Mandal | $170,170.00$ | $1.65 \%$ | $17,017,000.00$ |
| Anita Gachhadhar | $178,777.00$ | $1.73 \%$ | $17,877,700.00$ |
| Rohit Bhandari | $194,480.00$ | $1.88 \%$ | $19,448,000.00$ |
| Shanti Mandal | $204,425.00$ | $1.98 \%$ | $20,442,500.00$ |
| NIC Asia Bank Ltd. | $220,932.00$ | $2.14 \%$ | $22,093,200.00$ |
| Bharat Lal Bahardaar | $361,737.00$ | $3.50 \%$ | $36,173,700.00$ |
| Solve Nepal | $482,562.00$ | $4.67 \%$ | $48,256,200.00$ |
| S R Hydro \& Investment Pvt. Ltd. | $742,475.00$ | $6.16 \%$ | $74,247,500.00$ |
| Samriddhi Capital Limited | $935,850.00$ | $9.05 \%$ | $93,585,000.00$ |
| Jeevan Bikas Samaj | $2,125,000.00$ | $20.55 \%$ | $212,500,000.00$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 , 3 7 0 , 7 8 3 . 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 . 5 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 3 7 , 0 7 8 , 3 0 0}$ |

### 5.14 Additional Disclosure for Accrued Interest Receivable (AIR)

| Particulars | Amount(Rs.) |
| :--- | ---: |
| 2077.04.01 |  |
| Total Outstanding Interest as on 2077.03.31 | $6,074,046.58$ |
| Less: Outstanding interest of loans overdue for more than 12 months | $3,912,500.80$ |
| AIR to be booked | $\mathbf{6 2 , 1 6 1 , 5 4 5 . 7 8}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 7 / 7 8}$ | $94,796,620.00$ |
| Total Outstanding Interest as on 2078.03.31 | $16,485,018.00$ |
| Less: Outstanding interest of loans overdue for more than 12 months | $\mathbf{7 8 , 3 1 1 , 6 0 2 . 0 0}$ |
| AIR to be booked | $62,161,545.78$ |
| AIR Already booked in FY 2076/77 | $\mathbf{1 6 , 1 5 0 , 0 5 6 . 2 2}$ |
| AIR to be booked for the period | $160,616,504.38$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 8} / \mathbf{7 9}$ | $34,743,816.88$ |
| Total Outstanding Interest as on 2079.03 .32 | $\mathbf{1 2 5 , 8 7 2 , 6 8 7 . 5 0}$ |
| Less: Outstanding interest of loans overdue for more than 12 months | $\mathbf{7 8 , 3 1 1 , 6 0 2 . 0 0}$ |
| AIR to be booked | $\mathbf{4 7 , 5 6 1 , 0 8 5 . 5 0}$ |
| AIR Already booked till FY 2077/78 |  |
| AIR to be booked for the period |  |

### 5.15 Additional Disclosure

### 5.15.1 Regulatory Reserve

Regulatory Reserve is composed of AIR income included in Interest Income as per Accrual Basis of Accounting, Losses on remeasurement of Actuarial Liabilities, deferred tax assets and
amount equal to bargain purchase gain. Allocation to Regulatory Reserve is made out of profit of FY 2078-79. Compositions of Regulatory Reserve are as follows:
a. Interest Receivable as on 2079.03.32 (net of tax and bonus effect).
b. Losses on remeasurement of Defined Benefit Obligation (net of tax effect) which has been charged to OCI, is allocated to Regulatory Reserve.
c. Amount equal to Deferred Tax Assets.
d. Bargain Purchase gain amount obtained on acquisition.

| Particulars | Creation Due to |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AIR | Actuarial Loss | Deferred Tax Assets | Bargain Purchase Gain | Fair Value |  |
| Opening Regulatory <br> Reserve as on 2077.04.01 | 39,161,774 |  |  |  |  | 39,161,774 |
| Creation | 10,174,535 | 19,464,179 |  |  |  | 29,638,714 |
| Reversal |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Closing As on 2078.03.31 | 49,336,309 | 19,464,179 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 68,800,488 |
| Creation | 29,963,484 | 2,613,977.80 | 40,778,663 | 34,830,000.00 |  | 108,186,124 |
| Reversal |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Closing As on 2079.03.32 | 79,299,793 | 22,078,157 | 40,778,663 | 34,830,000 | 0 | 176,986,612 |

### 5.15.2 Proposed Distributions (Dividends and Bonus Shares)

The Board has recommended $14.285 \%$ as Bonus Share and $0.714 \%$ (including tax) as cash dividend for the reported year, 2078-79. This proposal of the Board of Directors is subject to the ratification by the annual general meeting of the shareholders. The proposed distribution shall be recognized in equity in the period in which they are paid.
Principal Indicators of Last 5 Years

| Statement of Financial Position | As per Unaudited | As per Audited | Variance |  | Reasons for Variance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Financial Statement | Financial Statement | Amount | \% |  |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 830,550,689 | 522,053,504 | -308,497,185 | -37.14\% | Due to reclassification of assets |
| Statutory Balances and Due from Nepal Rastra Bank | - | 98,500,000 | 98,500,000 | 0.00\% | Due to reclassification of assets |
| Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions |  | - | - | 0.00\% |  |
| Derivative Financial Instruments |  | - | - | 0.00\% |  |
| Other Trading Assets |  | - | - | 0.00\% |  |
| Loans and advance to MFIs and cooperatives | - | - | - | 0.00\% |  |
| Loans and advances to customers | 23,779,357,878 | 23,545,679,441 | -233,678,437 | 0.00\% | Change in Amortization of Loans |
| Investment securities |  | 210,000,000 | 210,000,000 | 0.00\% | Due to reclassification of assets |
| Current tax assets |  | 96,284,599 | 96,284,599 | 0.00\% | Included in other Assets |
| Investment properties |  | - | - | 0.00\% |  |
| Property and Equipment | 84,515,931 | 173,524,901 | 89,008,970 | 105.32\% | Included in other Assets |
| Goodwill and Intangible assets |  | 2,464,336 | 2,464,336 | 0.00\% | Included in other Assets |
| Deferred Tax Assets |  | 40,778,663 | 40,778,663 | 0.00\% | Included in other Assets |
| Other assets | 967,879,005 | 87,115,097 | -880,763,908 | -91.00\% | Included in other Assets |
| Total Assets | 25,662,303,503 | 24,776,400,540 | -885,902,962 | -3.45\% | Consequential effect of above items. |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Due to Bank and Financial Institutions | 10,081,606,939 | 9,481,606,939 | -600,000,000 | -5.95\% | Due to reclassification of liability |
| Due to Nepal Rastra Bank | - | 600,000,000 | 600,000,000 | 0.00\% | Due to reclassification of liability |
| Derivative Financial Instrument |  | - | - | 0.00\% | - |
| Deposits from customers | 9,546,691,371 | 9,546,691,371 | - | 0.00\% |  |
| Borrowings |  | - | - | 0.00\% |  |


| Current Tax Liabilities | 335,115,978 | - | -335,115,978 | $100.00 \%$ | Due to reclassification of liability |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provisions |  | - | - | 0.00\% | - |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities |  | - | - | 0.00\% | - |
| Other liabilities | 3,122,563,538 | 2,232,959,640 | -889,603,898 | -28.49\% | Due to reclassification of liability |
| Debt securities issued |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subordinated Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Liabilities | 23,085,977,826 | 21,861,257,950 | $1,224,719,876$ | -5.31\% | Consequential effect of above items. |
|  |  |  | - | 0.00\% | Due to decimal adjustement of bonus shares |
| Equity |  | - | - | 0.00\% |  |
| Share Capital | 1,034,280,000 | 1,034,280,000 | - | 0.00\% | Due to reclassification from Reserve \& Surplus |
| Share Premium |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retained Earnings |  | 877,600,588 | 877,600,588 | 0.00\% |  |
| Reserves | 1,542,045,677 | 1,003,262,002 | -538,783,675 | -34.94\% | Due to reclassification to Retained earning |
| Total Equity Attributable to Equity Shareholders | 2,576,325,677 | 2,915,142,590 | 338,816,913 | 13.15\% |  |
| Non Controlling Interest |  |  |  |  | Consequential effect of above items. |
| Total Equity | 2,576,325,677 | 2,915,142,590 | 338,816,913 | 13.15\% | Due to reclassification of assets |
| Total Equity and Liabilities | 25,662,303,503 | 24,776,400,540 | -885,902,962 | -3.45\% | Due to reclassification of assets |


| Statement of Profit and Loss | As per Unaudited Financial Statement | As per Audited Financial Statement | Variance |  | Reasons for Variance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amount | \% |  |
| Interest Income | 3,299,880,815 | 3,353,976,686 | 54,095,871 | 1.64\% | AIR considered as Income |
| Interest Expenses | $(1,706,042,767)$ | (1,714,856,950) | $(8,814,183)$ | 0.52\% |  |
| Net Interest Income | 1,593,838,048 | 1,639,119,736 | 45,281,688 | 2.84\% |  |
| Fee and Commission Income |  | 268,264,172 | 268,264,172 | 0.00\% | Includiing Commission incomes previously classified under Oother Operating Income |
| Fee and Commission Expenses |  | $(10,003,233)$ | $(10,003,233)$ | 0.00\% | Due to reclassification of other operating expenses |
| Net Fee and Commission Income | - | 258,260,939 | 258,260,939 | 0.00\% | - |
| Net Interest, Fee and Commission Income | 1,593,838,048 | 1,897,380,674 | 303,542,627 | 19.04\% | - |
| Net Trading Income |  | - | - | 0.00\% | - |
| Other Operating Income | 380,538,646 | 28,468,737 | $(352,069,909)$ | -92.52\% | Few Commission incomes previously classified under Other Operating Income |
| Total Operating Income | 1,974,376,694 | 1,925,849,411 | $(48,527,282)$ | -2.46\% | - |
| Impairment Charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses | 90,125,097 | 59,072,803 | $(31,052,293)$ | -34.45\% | Due to recalculation of impairment |
| Net Operating Income | 1,884,251,597 | 1,866,776,608 | $(17,474,989)$ | -0.93\% | - |
| Operating Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personnel Expenses | $(623,202,448)$ | $(678,479,205)$ | $(55,276,757)$ | 8.87\% | Revised calculation of Interest on staff loan |
| Other Operating Expenses | $(192,125,485)$ | $(71,854,422)$ | 120,271,063 | -62.60\% | Depreciation included within other operating expense. |


| Depreciation \& Amortization |  | $(27,147,336)$ | $(27,147,336)$ | 0.00\% | Depreciation included within other operating expense. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Profit | 1,068,923,664 | 1,089,295,645 | 20,371,981 | 1.91\% | - |
| Non Operating Income | 48,129,595 | 55,831,025 | 7,701,430 | 16.00\% | Due to reclassification of other operating income |
| Non Operating Expenses |  | $(408,174)$ | $(408,174)$ | 0.00\% | Due to reclassification of other operating expenses |
| Profit before Income Tax | 1,117,053,259 | 1,144,718,496 | 27,665,237 | 2.48\% | - |
| Income Tax Expenses |  | - | - | 0.00\% | - |
| Current Tax | 335,115,978 | 354,760,641 | 19,644,664 | 5.86\% | Due to change in profit |
| Deferred Tax |  | $(1,187,902)$ | $(1,187,902)$ | 0.00\% | Deferred tax calculation not made. |
| Profit for the Period | 781,937,282 | 791,145,756 | 9,308,475 | 1.18\% | Consequential effect of above items. |
| Consolidated Statement of | As per Unaudited | As per Audited | Varianc |  |  |
| Comprehensive Income | Financial Statement | Financial Statement | Amount | \% | Reasons for Variance |
| Profit/(Loss) for the period | 781,937,282 | 791,145,756 | $(9,208,475)$ | -1.18\% | - |
| Other Comprehensive Income | - | $(2,613,978)$ | 2,613,978 | 0.00\% | NFRS Adjustment and Change in Actuary Valuation |
| Total Comprehensive Income | 781,937,282 | 788,531,778 | $(6,594,497)$ | -0.84\% | Consequential effect of above items. |

## नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक



केन्द्रीय कार्यालय बालुखाटार，काठमाडौं
फोन：४४१२६२३
फ्यावस न．४ ४८२२२४
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## लघुवित्त संस्था सुपरिवेक्षण विभाग

पत्र संख्या：ल．वि．सं．सु．वि．／गैर－स्थलगत／जीवन विकास／०७९／ऽ०／2て० मिति ：२०७९／१२／०ち

## श्री जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था लिमिटेड कटहरी，मोरङ।

विषय ：वार्षिक वित्तीय विवरण प्रकाशित गर्ने स्वीकृति सम्बन्धमा।
महाशय，
त्यस संस्थाको आर्थिक वर्ष २०७弓／७९ को लेखापरीक्षण भएको वासलात，नाफा नोक्सान हिसाब，सोर्संग सम्बन्धित अनुसूचीहरू，बाह्य लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन，लड्न फर्म अडिट रिपोर्ट समेतका आधारमा गैरस्थलगन सुपरिवेक्षण गर्दों देखिएका कैफियतहरूका सम्बन्धमा दिइएका देहायका निर्देशनहरू शेयरधनीहरूको जानकारीकों लागि संस्थाको वार्षिक प्रतिवेदनको छुदै पानामा प्रकाशित तथा कार्यान्वयन गर्ने गरी संस्थाको आधिंक वर्ष २०७७／७弓 सम्मको सञ्चित मुनाफा र आर्थिक वर्ष २०७弓／७९ को खुद नाफाबाट २०७९ असार मसान्तमा कायम चुक्ता पुँजी रु．१，०३，४२，६०，०००।－（अक्षरेपी एक अर्व तीन करोड बयालीस लाख असी हजार मात्र）को १४ प्रतिशतले हुन आउने लाभांश रकम रु．१४，४१，४२，०००।－（अक्षेरेपी पन्ध करोड एकाउन्न लाख बयालीय हजार मात्र）（नगद वा बोनस तथा कर प्रयोजनको लागि समेत）आयकर ऐन तथा नियमावली र अन्य प्रच्चलित कानूनी व्यवस्थाको समेत पालना गर्ने गरी साधारण सभाबाट स्वीकृत गरे पश्चात् वितरण गर्ने स्वीकृति प्रदान गरिएको तथा संस्थाको वार्षिक साधारण सभा प्रयोजनको लागि आर्थिक वर्ष २०७弓／७९ को वित्तीय विवरणहरू प्रकाशन गर्न सहमति प्रदान गरिएको व्यहोरा निर्णयानुसार अनुरोध गर्दछ्छ।
（क）यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्रप्राप्त＂घ＂वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुलाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन， २०७६ को निर्देशन नं．११／०७द को बुँदा नं．२ को उपबुँदा नं．२．२ मा भएको व्यवस्था बमोजिम कर्जा सम्बन्धी विवरण महिना भुक्तान भएको १४ दिनभित्र कर्जा सूचना केन्द्रमा अद्यावधिक गर्नु पर्नेछ भन्ने व्यवस्थाको पूर्णपालना गर्नु हुन ।
（ख）यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्रप्राप्त＂घ＂वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरूलाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन， २०७६ को निर्देशन नं．३／०७६ को बुँदा नं．२（ग）बमोजिम समूहमा आवद्ध भएका सदस्यलाईं एकै अवधिमा समूह कर्जा वा धितो कर्जामध्ये कुनै एक कर्जा मात्र प्रवाह गर्न सकिनेछ भन्ने व्यवस्थाको पूर्णपालना गर्नु हुन।
（ग）यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्रप्राप्त＂घ＂वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुलाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन， २०७६ को निर्देशन नं．२／०७द को बुँदा नं．३ मा व्यवस्था भए अनुसार किस्ता बन्दीमा भुक्तानी हुने गरी कर्जा प्रवाह गर्नु हुन र लामो समयसम्म ग्रेस अवधि राखी कर्जा प्रवाह गर्ने कार्य तुरुन्त बन्द गनुं हुन । साथै，संस्थाले प्रवाह गरेको शिक्षा कर्जा（Education Loan）मा सोही निर्देशनको बुँदा नं १ अनुसार कर्जा वर्गीकरण गरी बुँदा नं．२ अनुसार कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था कायम गर्नु हुन ।
（घ）यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्रप्राप्त＂घ＂वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरूलाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन， २०७द को निर्देशन नं．१९／०७द को बुंदा नं．२（ख）मा भएको व्यवस्था बमोजिम सेवा शुल्क लिने गनुं हुन।
（ङ）यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्रप्राप्त＂घ＂वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थालाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन， २०७६ को निर्देशन नं．१४／0७६ को बुँदा नं．$\Varangle$ मा भएको व्यवस्था बमोजिम दलित，मुक्त कमैया，बादी， हलिया，दून्द पिडित，एकल महिला，अपाह्र तथा जेष्ठ नागरिकहरुलाई लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुलाई प्रवाह हुने विपन्न वर्ग कर्जामा लिने व्याजदरमा १ प्रतिशत विन्दुले सहुलियत दिने व्यवस्थाको पूर्णरुपमा पालना गर्नु हुन ।
（च）यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्रप्राप्त＂घ＂वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थालाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन， २०७६ को निर्देशन नं．४／0७६ को बुँदा १ को（ज）（आ）मा भएको व्यवस्था बमोजिम ग्राहक संरक्षण


## नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक

लघुवित्त संस्था सुपरिवेक्षण विभाग

केन्द्रीय कार्यालय
वालुखाटार, काठमाहौं
फोन: ช४१२द२₹
प्याक्स ने $\quad$ ४८१२२२\%
E-mail : nrbmfpsd@nrb.org.np Web site : www.nrb.org.np पोप्टबक्स : ७३

कोषमा अधिल्लो आर्थिक वर्षको नाफाबाट जम्मा हुने रकमको न्यूनतम् र० प्रतिशत रकम पछिल्लो आर्थिक वर्षमा खर्च गर्नु पन्नेछ भन्ने व्यवस्थाको पालना गर्नु हुन।
(छ) संस्थाको २०७९ असार मसान्तसम्म कायम रहेको चुक्ता पुँजी रु.१,०३,४२,Ь०,०००- को १४ प्रतिशतले
 वा वोनस तथा कर प्रयोजनको लागि समेत) वितरण गर्न स्वीकृति प्रदान गरिएको कारण संस्थाको आधिक वर्ष २०७६/७९ को लेखापरीक्षण भएको वित्तीय विवरणमा उल्लेखित प्रस्ताबित लाभांशलाई नेपाल राप्ट्र बैंकको पत्र संख्या: वै.वि.नि.वि./नीति/परिपत्र/घ/ぬ/०७९/६० मिति २०७९/१९/१० को निर्देशन बमोजिम समायोजन गर्नु हुन ।
(ज) संस्थाले तयार गरेको नेपाल वित्तीय प्रतिवेदनमान (NFRS) बमोजिमको वित्तीय विवरण वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन पुस्तिकामा प्रकाशित गर्नु हुन ।
(भ) संस्थाको आन्तरिक लेखापरीक्षण र बाह्य लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा औंल्याइएका थप अन्य कैफियतहरू पुनः नदोहोरिने गरी सुधार गर्नु हुन ।


उप-निर्देशक
बोधार्थ:
१. नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक, बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था नियमन विभाग ।
२. कार्यान्वयन इकाई, लघुवित्त संस्था सुपरीवेक्षण विभाग।


च．नं．（Ref．）：

केन्द्रीय कार्यालय
कटहरी，मोरन्र
फोन नं：०२१－प२६૪६२

मिति：२०७९／१२／१२
नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक
श्री लघुवित्त संस्था सुपरिवेक्षण विभाग
बालुवाटार，काठमाडौं

विषय ：वार्षिक वित्तीय विवरणहरु प्रकाशन गर्ने स्वीकृति पत्रबाट दिइएको सुभावहरुको कार्यान्वयन सम्बन्धमा ।

महाशय，
उपर्युक्त सम्बन्धमा，त्यस बैंकको मिति २०७९／१२／०亏 गतेको वार्षिक वित्तीय विवरणहरु प्रकाशन गर्ने स्वीकृति विषयको पत्र संख्या ल．वि．सं．सु．वि．／जीवन विकास／०७९／६०／२६० को पत्रानुसार यस वित्तीय संस्थाको आर्थिक वर्ष २०७६／७९ को लेखापरीक्षण भएको वासलात，नाफा नोक्सान हिसाव， सोसँग सम्बन्धित अनुसूचीहरु，लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन，लड़फर्म अडिट रिपोर्ट समेतका आधारमा गैर－स्थलगत सुपरिवेक्षण गर्दा देखिएका कैफियतहरुका सम्बन्धमा निम्नानुसार गरिएको व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ।

## तपसिल：

क）त्यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त＂घ वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुलाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृति निर्देशन，२०७弓 को निर्देशन नं．११／०७弓 को बुँदा नं．२ को उपबुँदा नं．२．२ मा भएका व्यवस्था बमोजिम कर्जा सम्बन्धी विवरण महिना भुक्तान भएको १४ दिनभित्र कर्जा सुचना केन्द्रमा अद्यावधिक गर्नु पर्नेछ भन्ने व्यवस्था अनुसार नै भइ रहेको र यस कार्यलाई अभ्क प्रभावकारी बनाइदै लैजाने ब्यहोरा अनुरोध छ।
ख）त्यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त＂घ＂वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुलाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन，२०७弓 को निर्देशन नं．३／O७द को बुँदा नं．२（ग）बमोजिम समूहमा आवद्ध भएको सदस्यलाई एकै अवधिमा समूह कर्जा वा धितो कर्जामध्ये कुनै एक कर्जा मात्र प्रवाह गर्ने व्यवस्था अनुसार नै भइ रहेको व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ।
ग）त्यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त＂घ＂वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुलाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन，२०७६ को निर्देशन नं．२／०७६ को बुँदा नं．३ मा व्यवस्था भए अनुसार किस्ता बन्दीमा भुक्तानी हुने गरी कर्जा प्रवाह भईरहेको छ। शिक्षा कर्जामा विद्यार्थीको अध्ययन अवधिभर ग्रेसको व्यवस्था रहेको छ। विद्यार्थीको २ वर्षको अध्ययन अवधि भएमा बांकी ३ वर्षमा किस्ताबन्दीमा नै कर्जा असुल हुने गरेको व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ।
घ）त्यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त＂घ＂वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुलाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन，२०७६ को निर्देशन नं．१९／०७६ को बुँदा नं．२（ख）मा भएको व्यवस्था बमोजिम नै सेवा शुल्क लिने गरिएको व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ।
ङ）त्यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त＂घ＂वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुलाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन，२०७६ को निर्देशन नं．१४／०७६ को बुँदा नं．$y$ मा भएको व्यवस्था बमोजिम दलित，मुक्त कमैया，वादी，हलिया，दून्दू पिडितलाई विपन्न वर्ग कर्जामा 9 प्रतिशत ब्याज छुटको नीतिगत व्यवस्था रहे वमोजिम सदस्यहरुले प्रमाण पत्र शाखामा पेश गर्ने तथा सो सदस्यहरुको शाखाबाट आएको सिफारिसको आधारमा वित्तीय संस्थाले 9 प्रतिशत ब्याज छुटको व्यवस्था गरेको

छ। एकल महिला तथा जेष्ठ नागरिकको हकमा जानकारी प्राप्त भए पश्चात् 9 प्रतिशत छुट हुने व्यवस्था मिलाई निर्देशनको पुर्ण पालना गरिएको ब्यहोरा अनुरोध छ।
च) त्यस बैंकबाट इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त "घ" वर्गका लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाहरुलाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन, २०७弓 को निर्देशन नं. ४/०७弓 को बुँदा नं. १ को (ज ((आ) मा भएको व्यवस्था बमोजिम ग्राहक संरक्षण कोषमा अघिल्लो आर्थिक वर्षको नाफाबाट जम्मा हुने रकमको न्यनतम् पू० प्रतिशत रकम पछिल्लो आर्थिक वर्षमा खर्च गर्नु पर्नेछ भन्ने व्यवस्थाको पूर्ण पालना गरिने व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ।
छ) संस्थाको २०७९ असार मसान्तसम्म कायम रहेको चुक्ता पुँजी रु.१,०३,४२,६०,०००/- को १४.९९९ प्रतिशत रु. १४, ४१, ४१,९१०/- मात्र लाभांस (नगद र बोनस तथा कर प्रयोजनको लागि समेत) वितरण गर्ने गरी वित्तीय विवरणमा समायोजन गरिएको व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ।
ज) संस्थाले तयार गरेको नेपाल वित्तीय प्रतिवेदनमान (NFRS) बमोजिमको वित्तीय विवरण वाार्षक प्रतिवेदन पुस्तिकामा प्रकाशित गरिने व्यहोरा अनुरोध छ।
क) संस्थाको आन्तरिक लेखापरिक्षण र बाह्य लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा औंल्याइएका थप अन्य कैफियतहरु पुन: नदोहोरिने गरी सुधार गर्न प्रतिवद्ध छु।

बोधार्थः
9. नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक, बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था नियमन विभाग ।
२. नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक, लघुवित्त संस्था सुपरिवेक्षण विभाग, कार्यान्वयन ६

यस वित्तीय संस्थाको प्रबन्धक पत्र तथा नियमावलीमा आवश्यक संशोधनका लागि चौथो वार्षिक साधारण सभामा प्रस्तावित संशोधनहरु

## प्रबन्धपत्रमा संशोधन प्रस्तावको तिन महले विवरण, २०७९

| दफा | साविक व्यवस्था : | संशोधन/थप भए पश्चात कायम हुने ब्यवस्था: | संशोधन गर्नु पर्ने कारण |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ६(ख) | वित्तीय संस्थाको जारी पुँजी रु. १,०३,४२,६०,०००।- (अक्षरेपी एक अर्ब तीन करोड बयालिस लाख असी हजार मात्र) हुनेछ। सो पुँजीलाई प्रति शेयर रु. १००।दरका १,०३,४२,६०० (एक करोड तीन लाख बयालिस हजार आठ सय) थान साधारण शेयरमा विभाजन गरिएको छ। | वित्तीय संस्थाको जारी पुँजी रु. १,१५,२०,३४,२००।- (अक्षरेपी एक अर्ब अठार करोड बीस लाख चौंतीस हजार दुई सय मात्र) हुनेछ । सो पुँजीलाई प्रति शेयर रु. १००। दरका १,१५,२०,३४२ (एक करोड अठार लाख बीस हजार तीन सय बयालिस) थान साधारण शेयरमा विभाजन गरिएको छ। | वोनस शेयर जारी गरे पश्चात जारी पूँजी र चुक्ता पूँजी बृद्धि गर्न |
| §(ग) | वित्तीय संस्थाको चुक्ता पुँजी रु. १,०३,४२,६०,०००।- (अक्षरेपी एक अर्ब तीन करोड बयालिस लाख असी हजार मात्र) हुनेछ। | वित्तीय संस्थाको जारी पुँजी रु. १,१६,२०,३४,२००।- (अक्षरेपी एक अर्ब अठार करोड बीस लाख चौंतीस हजार दुई सय मात्र) हुनेछ। | आवश्यक भएकाले |

नियमावलीमा संशोधन प्रस्तावको तिन महले विवरण, २०७९

| दफा | साविक व्यवस्था : | संशोधन / थप भए पश्चात कायम हने ब्यवस्था: | संशोधन गर्नु पर्ने कारण |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| २९(२) | निजको कार्यकाल नियमावलीमा उल्लेख भए बमोजिम बढीमा ४ वर्षको हुनेछ र पुन: नियुक्त हुन सक्नेछ। | निजको कार्यकाल नियमावलीमा उल्लेख भए बमोजिम बढीमा $૪$ वर्षको हुनेछ। स्वतन्त्र सन्चालक एक कार्यकालका लागि मात्र नियुक्त हुन सक्नेछ। | बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था सम्बन्धी ऐन २०७३ मा भएको व्यवस्था अनुसार |
| ३२(9) | (ख) सञ्चालक समितिको वैठकमा उपस्थित भए बापत अध्यक्ष र अन्य सञ्चालकले पाउने प्रति बैठक भत्ता रु.२०००।- हुनेछ। <br> (ग) लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाको कामको सिलसिलामा <br> सञ्चालकलाई प्रदान गरिने दैनिक तथा भ्रमण भत्ता देहाय बमोजिम हुनेछ। <br> (अ) स्वदेशमा दैनिक भत्ता ने.रु. १,००० ।- हुनेछ। <br> (आ) भारतमा दैनिक भत्ता भा.रु. १,००० ।- हुनेछ। <br> (इ) भारत बाहेक अन्य विदेशी मुलुकमा दैनिक भत्ता अमेरिकी डलर ९०।- हुनेछ। (ई भ्रमण भत्ता विल बमोजिम हुनेछ। | (ख) सञ्चालक समितिको वैठकमा उपस्थित भए बापत अध्यक्ष र अन्य सञ्चालकले पाउने बैठक भत्ता प्रति बैठक कमश: रु.१०,०००।-र रु.६,०००। हुनेछ । सञ्चालक स्तरीय समिति/उप-समितिको बैठकमा उपस्थितभए बापत सञ्चालकलाई सञ्चालक सरह बैठक भत्ता प्रदान गरिने छ। <br> (ग) वित्तीय संस्थाको कामको सिलसिलामा सञ्चालकलाई प्रदान गरिने दैनिक भत्ता तथा अन्य सुविधा देहाय बमोजिम हुनेछ। <br> (अ) स्वदेशमा दैनिक भत्ता ने.रु. ४,००० ।हुनेछ। <br> (आ) भारतमा दैनिक भत्ता भा.रु. ४,०००।हुनेछ। <br> (इ) भारत बाहेक अन्य विदेशी मुलुकमा दैनिक भत्ता अमेरिकी डलर २प०।- हुनेछ। (ई होटलमा बसेको खर्च बापत बिल बमोजिम स्वदेशमा बढिमा दैनिक रु.४,०००।सम्म, भारतमा भा.रु.४,०००।- सम्म र अन्य विदेशी मुलकमा अमेरिकी डलर २००।- सम्म तथा वास्तविक लागेको यातायात खर्च । <br> (उ) पत्रपत्रिका : अध्यक्ष तथा सञ्चालकलाई मासिक रु.१,०००।-, (विल पेश गर्नु नपर्ने <br> (ऊ) संचार तथा ईन्टरनेट खर्च : अध्यक्ष तथा सञ्चालक लाई मासिक रु.३,०००।- (विल पेश गर्न नपर्ने) | समय अनुसार बृद्धि गर्न आवश्यक देखिएकोले |

## BRANCH OFFICE

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| 120 | Branch Office Patthargada | Saptari | Dina Bahardar Godhi | 9802760820 | patthargada@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 121 | Branch Office Aurahi | Siraha | Ramkumar Mandal | 9802761121 | aurahi@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 122 | Branch Office Sonbarsa | Siraha | Sanjit Kumar Mandal | 9802761122 | sonbarsa@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 123 | Branch Office Haripurwa | Sarlahi | Anil Kumar Shah | 9802761123 | haripurwa@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 124 | Branch Office Nadhitaal | Sarlahi | Santosh Kumar Mandal | 9802761124 | nadhitaal@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 125 | Branch Office Parwanipur | Sarlahi | Bhupendra Kumar Shah | 9802761125 | parwanipur@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 126 | Branch Office Gaushala | Mahottari | Subesh Kumar Das | 9802761126 | gaushala@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 127 | Branch Office Hanumanchowk | Mahottari | Pramod Kumar Das | 9802760827 | hanumanchowk@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 128 | Branch Office Timkiya | Mahottari | Sanjit Kumar Ray | 9802760828 | timkiya@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 129 | Branch Office Ganguli | Dhanusha | Shrawan Kumar Mandal | 9802760829 | ganguli@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 130 | Branch Office Khudunabari | Jhapa | Ganesh Bhujel | 9802761230 | Khudunabari@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 131 | Branch Office Chhireshwarnath | Dhanusha | Govinda Prasad Sah | 9802761231 | Chhireshwarnath@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 132 | Branch Office Hariwan | Sarlahi | Dhiraj Kumar Rajbanshi | 9802761132 | Hariwan@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 133 | Branch Office Jayanagar | Rautahat | Bhagwat Lal Mandal | 9802761133 | Jayanagar@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 134 | Branch Office Maulapur | Rautahat | Santosh Kumar Mandal | 9802761134 | Maulapur@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 135 | Branch Office Amarpatti | Bara | Bhawesh Kumar Jha | 9802761235 | Amarpatti@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 136 | Branch Office Mudali | Parsa | Bikash Kumar Singh | 9802761136 | Mudali@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 137 | Branch Office Kalaiya | Bara | Rajiv Kumar Majhi | 9802761137 | kalaiya@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 138 | Branch Office Tedha | Parsa | Rajesh Kumar Sutihar | 9802761138 | Tedha@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 139 | Branch Office Bheriya | Saptari | Surya Narayan Mandal | 9802751139 | bheriya@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 140 | Branch Office Nargho | Saptari | Dipak Bahardar | 9802751140 | nargho@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 141 | Branch Office Kharchuhiya | Saptari | Dipendra Kumar Shah | 9802751141 | kharchuhiya@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 142 | Branch Office Gadhiya | Siraha | Aamod Kumar Mandal | 9802751142 | gadhiya@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 143 | Branch Office Naraha | Siraha | Santosh Kumar Yadav | 9802751143 | naraha@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 144 | Branch Office Temal | Kavreplanchowk | Sanjaya Khadka | 9802751144 | temal@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 145 | Branch Office Bhimsensthan | Ramechhap | Jiban Kumar Rai | 9802751145 | bhimsensthan@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 146 | Branch Office Bhardaha | Saptari | Sakuntala Rajbanshi | 9802751146 | bhardaha@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 147 | Branch Office Manahari | Makwanpur | Pramod Kamat | 9820737147 | manahari@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 148 | Branch Office Bagmati | Makwanpur | Anirudha Thakur | 9820737148 | bagmati@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 149 | Branch Office Bakaiya | Makwanpur | Bijay Kumar Chaudhary | 9820737149 | bakaiya@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 150 | Branch Office Ichachhakamna | Chitwan | Shiva Bhujel | 9820737150 | ichchhakamana@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 151 | Branch Office Siddhalek | Dhading | Sanjay Kumar Das | 9820737151 | siddhalek@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 152 | Branch Office Roadsesh | Morang | Rabina Dhimal | 9820737016 | roadsesh@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 153 | Branch Office Shardanagar | Chitwan | Jay Krishna Chaudhary | 9820737153 | shardanagar@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 154 | Branch Office Rapti | Chitwan | Santosh Adhikari | 9820737154 | rapti@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 155 | Branch Office Juneli | Makwanpur | Manjit Kumar Singh | 9820737155 | juneli@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 156 | Branch Office Banepa | Kavreplanchowk | Raghu Nath Gangai | 9820737156 | banepa@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 157 | Branch Office Namobuddha | Kavreplanchowk | Prithvi Narayan Sutihar | 9820737021 | namobuddha@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 158 | Branch Office Ramechhap | Ramechhap | Binod Sah | 9820737158 | ramechhap@jeevanbikas.org.np |
| 159 | Branch Office Manthali | Ramechhap | Amar Yadav | 9820737159 | manthli@jeevanbikas.org.np |

Total Number of Office

| S.No. | Name | Number of Office |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Head Office | 1 |
| 2 | Liaison Office, Bhaktapur | 1 |
| 3 | Province Office | 2 |
| 4 | District Office | 18 |
| 5 | Branch Office | 159 |
|  | Total Number of Office | $\mathbf{1 8 1}$ |

## सफल उस्मी

## जीवन बिकासले उद्यमी बनायो

दैनिक रोजगारी गरी मात्र परिवार चलाउनु पर्ने बाध्यता थियो सुमित्रा शर्माको । श्रीमान दैनिक ज्याला मजदुरी गरी आएको रकमले २ छाक टार्नुपर्ने कहिले कांही काम नपाउँदा परिवारमा निकै समस्या हुने गरेको थियो । छोराछोरी गरी ६ जनाको परिवारमा १ जनाको कमाईले परिवार पाल्न गाहे भएपछि दुबै जना दम्पतिले केही थप काम गर्नुपर्छ नभए अब परिवार चलाउन गाहे हुने भनी सोच्न थाले । त्यही समय जीवन विकासले भापाको दमक शाखा भर्खर स्थापना गरी
 कारोवार गर्दे गरेको थियो। गाउँमा महिलाहरूले जीवन विकासको तालिम लिदै गरेको थाहा पाई सुमित्रा पनि समुहमा आवद्ध भईन । दुबै जना परिवारमा सल्लाह गरेर जीवन बिकासको दमक शाखाबाट २०६४।११।२७ गते पहिलो ऋण वापत रू १०,००० ऋण लिएर ग्रिल पसल खोले । त्यस दिन उनी व्यवसायको मालिक भएको अनुभव गरिन । यस पछि २०६५।9१।१४ गते निज सदस्यले बिगतमा लिएको ऋणलाई चुक्ता गरेर पुनः रू २०,००० लिईन र सो रकमले होटल खोलिन । अब श्रीमानको ग्रिल पसल र सदस्यको होटलको आम्दानीबाट जीबिकोपार्जन गर्न थप सहज भयो । ग्रिल पसल गरिरहकै अवस्थामा अन्य व्यवसाय बारे पनि जानकारी पाएर श्रीमानले मोटर ग्यारेज संचालन गर्ने बिचार गरी रू. ५०,००० ऋण र भएको ग्रिल पसल बेचेर मोटर ग्यारेज खोले । मोटर ग्यारेजबाट राम्रो आम्दानी हुन थाले। त्यसपछि नियमित रूपमा व्यवसायमा पटक पटक ऋण लिई लगाउँदै ग्यारेजमा पुजी बृद्धि गर्दे लगे । २०७५ सालमा निजले रू. २ लाख ऋण लिएर बांकी आम्दानी गरेको रकम थप गरि रू. ४५ लाखमा ९.५ धुर जाग्गा र १ तले घर खरिद गरे । २०७६ सालमा पुनः ३ लाख ऋण लिएर केर्खा बजारमा १.५ कट्ठा जग्गा रू. ७ लाखमा खरिद गरिन । २०७७ सालमा रू. ५ लाख ऋण लिएर फेरि मोटर ग्यारेजमा नै रकम थप गरे। हाल निज सदस्यको दमक र उर्लावारीमा गरि $२$ वटा ग्यारेज संचालनमा रहेको छ। उत्त ग्यारेजमा आफ्नो परिवारबाट ३ जना र बाहिरको मान्छे ११ जनालाई रोजगारी दिएका छन। छोराछोरीलाई १२ कक्षासम्म अध्ययन गराउन सफल भएका छन् । यसै बिच जेठो छोराको विवाह पनि गरिन।

आज भन्दा १४।१५ वर्ष अगाडी फर्के हेर्दा निज सुमित्रा शर्माको न आफ्नो ब्यवसाय नै थियो न त आफ्नो घर र जग्गा नै थियो, सम्पतिको नाममा परिवार मात्र थियो तर हाल परिवार संग संगे दमकमा ९.५ धुर जगा र अढाई तलाको घर केर्खा बजारमा १.५ कट्ठा जग्गा छ। २ वटा ब्यवसायमा ३७ लाखको पुंजी रहेको छ। यसको सम्पुर्ण श्रेय सदस्य र उसको श्रीमानले जीवन बिकासलाई दिई रहेका छन् । जीवन बिकासले मलाई त्यो समयमा सहयोग नगरेको र ब्यवसाय सुरू गर्ने पुजी नदिएको भए आज म यो अवस्थामा आउने थिइन जय जीवन बिकास ।

## सणल उस्मी

## मिहेनेत गर्ने मान्छे एक दिन अवश्य सफल हुन्छ

बेरोजगारीको समस्याले रोजगारको खोजीमा भारतको केरलासम्म कमाउने परिवार हाल जीवन विकासकіे सहयोग ग $\boldsymbol{T}$ अपべ स्वरोजगार भई आफ्नो परिवारको भविष्य उज्वल बनाउन तर्फ अग्रसर भएको छ । पहिला न्यून आम्दानी हुने तथा कहिले कांही काम समेत नपाउने परिवारले अहिले मासिक रू.३५०००। सम्म कमाउन सफल भएको छ। पूर्वी नेपालको पहाडी क्षेत्र ई लाम जिल्लाकरे माईजोगमाई गाउपालिका
 वडा नं. $\zeta$ मा जन्मिएकी अमृता घिमिरेको परिवार सामान्य कृषिमा निर्भर थियो । दुखसुख गरी विद्यालय तहसम्मको अध्ययन गाउँकै विद्यालयमा गरिन र १२ कक्षा पढ्ने क्रममा मोरङको रंगेली वडा नं.८ फर्साडांगीमा निजको विवाह भयो । सामान्य परिवारमा जन्मिएकी अमृताको बाल्यकाल त्यति सुखद थिएन र विवाह पछि भन दुखमय भयो। अमृताको ससुराली पनि सम्पन्न नभएको र मजदुरी गरी खाने परिवारको भएकोले श्रीमानको दैनिक मजदुरीले घर चलाउन बाध्य थिईन । परिवारमा चार भाईछोरा मध्ये कान्छी बुहारीको रूपमा भित्रिएकी अमृतालाई तब भन समस्या भयो जब श्रीमान मजदुरी गर्नकै लागि भारतको केरला सम्म पुगे । भर्खरै विवाह गरेकी अमृतालाई श्रीमान पनि घरमा नहुँदा समस्या भयो र उपाय पनि थिएन गाउँमा दैनिक काम नपाउने भएकोले बाहिर जानै पर्ने थियो । जसोतसो दिन बित्दै गई रहेको थियो यत्तिकैमा उसले साथीबाट जीवन विकासको बारेमा थाहा पाई र उसले गाउँकै साथीहरूसँग मिली नियमानुसारको तालिम लिईन ।

श्रीमान बाहिर भएकोले ऋण लिई केही गर्न डर लाग्थ्यो तर श्रीमानकै लागि पनि गर्ने पर्ने भएकोले शुरूमा रू.२०,०००। लिए र एउटा गाई खरिद गरे अमृताले भनिन । गाई पालेर दुध बेची जसोतसो ऋण चुक्ता गरे र दोश्रो पटक रू. 40,000 ॠण लिई घर बनाउनमा लगाईन् । गाउँमा नै श्रीमतीले पनि सहयोग गरिरहेको हेरी निजको श्रीमान समेत घर आए र दुबैजना मिलेर गाई पालन गर्ने योजना बनाए । त्यसपछि २०७६ साल तिर रू.१,५०,०००। ऋण लिएर थप गाई खरिद गरी गाई पालन शुरू गरे । यसरी दुध बेचेर किस्ता तिर्ने र बचत समेत हुन थालेपछि हाल रू. ५ लाख ऋण लिई ८ वटा गाई खरिद गरेकी छन । श्रीमानलाई समेत स्वरोजगार बनाउन सफल अमृता निकै खुशी छिन रोजगारीकै लागि श्रीमान् श्रीमती छुट्टिएर बस्नु पर्ने दुख हटेको छ। किस्ता तिरेर समेत मासिक रू.३५,०००। सम्म बचत हुन्छ अमृताले भनिन । यसरी परिवार सँगै बसी कमाउने बाटो देखाएको जीवन विकासको सहयोग प्रति आभार व्यक्त गर्नुहुन्छ रिजाल दम्पति ।

## सफल उस्मी

## पारिवारीक सहयोगले ब्यवसायमा सफलता प्राप्त हुन्छ

परिवारमा मेलमिलाप, लगनसिल र मिहनेतका साथ सहयोगका लागि हात बढाउने परिवार भए जस्तो सुकै परिस्थितीमा पनि ब्यवसाय उन्नती प्रगतिको बाटोमा लम्कन सहज वतावरण पाउने निश्चित नै हुन्छ । यस्तै कुराकानी गर्दे जांदा प्रदेश नं. १ मोरंग जिल्ला केराबारी गा.पा. वार्ड नं. १० निवासी किरण कुमारी साहसंग भेट भयो।
किरण कुमारी साह, सिरहा जिल्लाको साविक बेल्हा गा.बि.स मा एक मध्यम वर्गीय परिवारमा साइली छोरीको रूपमा जन्मिएकी थिईन । २ जना दाजुभाई र ४ जना दिदी बहिनी भएको मध्यम वगीय परिवार भएकाले खान
 बस्न पढ्न कठिन नभए पनि परिवार ठूलो भएको कारण आवश्यक्ता र रहर अनुसार सबै कुरा पुरा गर्न सहज थिएन । बि.स. २०६२ सालमा सप्तरी जिल्ला निवासी राजिब कुमार साहसंग निजको बिबाह भयो । निजको श्रीमान भेटनरी पढेकाले बेरोजगार नभए पनि राम्रो आम्दानी गर्न नसक्ने भएको हुँदा परिवारमा आर्थिक समस्या बढ़दै गएको थियो । सप्तरीमा नै बसेर तत्काल ब्यापार ब्यवसाय गर्न सक्ने अवस्था नरहेकोले निजको श्रीमान कामको सिलसिलामा केराबारी आएर भाडामा बस्न थाले । भेटनरीको काम पढेकाले गाउँघर गरी परिवार चलिरहेको थियो राम्रो पसल खोली व्यवसाय गर्ने चाहना भएपनि पुँजीको समस्याले पुरा हुन सकेका थिएन । आफ्नै पुँजी भए व्यवसाय गर्ने योजना अनुरूप बि.स. २०६८ सालमा जीवन विकासले व्यवसाय गर्न पैसा दिने सुनेर उनी पनि केन्द्रमा आवद्ध भईन र व्यवसाय नै गर्ने उद्देश्य लिई पहिलो पटक रू.१५००० ऋण लिई भेटनरी पसल शुरू गरिन ।
श्रीमानले पढेको र जानेको काम भएकोले पसल चलाउन सहज नै भयो । केरावारीमा त्यतिखेर धेरै भेटनरी पसल र ब्यवसायहरू नभएकाले पनि पसलले राम्रो बजार लिन सफल पनि भयो । निजको श्रीमानले राम्रो बजार तथा राम्रो नामका लागि पनि घर दैलो पशु सेवामा सक्रिय भए । यसरी घरघरमा गएर पशु सेवा उपचार गराउँदा नाम संगसंगे दाम पनि आउने हुँदा काममा जाँगर चल्ने अवस्था पनि सृजना भयो । दाश्रो पटक रू. ४०,०००, तेश्रो पटक रू. $१, ५ ०, ० ० ०$ यसरी पटक पटक लिएको ऋणको सही सदुपयोग गरी ब्यवसायलाई बढाई दैनिक आम्दानी रू. २००० हुने गरेको निजको श्रीमानले बताउँछन। ब्यवसायबाट नै केराबारीमा १ कठ्ठा घडेरी जग्गा जोड्न पनि सफल भएका छन र हाल केराबारीमा २ तले पक्की घर बनाउन सफल भएको छ। १ जना छोरी र १ जना छोरा भएको परिवारमा ब्यवसाय संचालन गर्न भरपुर सहयोग मिलेको अवस्था पनि रहेको छ। छोरी $\rho$ कक्षामा पढ़द्दै गर्दा छोरीलाई पनि त्यही पेशामा लगाउने र भविष्यमा यस ब्यवसायलाई अभ राम्रो गर्ने भनाई रहेको छ। हामीलाई यो अवस्थामा ल्याउन जीवन विकास लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्थाको महत्पूर्ण भुमिका रहेको कुरा निजको श्रीमानले बताउँछन । एउटा सफल ब्यवसाय सञ्चालन गर्न यतिकै सफल भएको हैन, परिवारमा सबै ब्यक्तिको सहयोग प्राप्त भएर हो श्रीमान पसलमा नहुँदा पनि स्कुल पढ्ने छोरी र श्रीमतीले सघाउने कारण ब्यवसायमा सफलता हासिल गर्न सफल भएको हो। मलाई यो अवस्थामा ल्याउने जीवन विकासले गरेको सहयोग प्रति आभार ब्यक्त गर्न चाहन्छु निज साह दम्पत्तीको भनाई रहेको छ।

## हाइो प्रतिबळता



8 DEGENT WORK AND
ECONOMIC GROWTH


THE GLOBAL GOALS
For Sustainable Development

17 PARTNERSHIPS
R PEAGE AND JUSTICE



REDUGED INEQUALITIES



3ZERO

- zero wealth concentration for ending poverty
- zero unemployment by unleashing entrepreneurship in all
- zero net carbon emission






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